

ANZ Consumer Lending Products

TERMS AND CONDITIONS | 10.13
KIRIBATI EDITION



Introduction

References to ANZ

In these Terms and Conditions, 'we', 'us', 'our' and 'ANZ' refers to ANZ Bank (Kiribati) Limited, Registration No 10.

Read your product terms and conditions

You should read all relevant terms and conditions material that is provided to you and ask ANZ about any issues that concern you.

This document does not contain all the precontractual information required to be given to you. The rest of the information is contained in your Letter of Offer.

Your Letter of Offer describes the annual percentage rate, repayments and credit fees and charges that apply to your loan or facility. When you accept the offer of credit from ANZ in your Letter of Offer, you agree to pay the annual percentage rate (interest) on the amount of credit provided by ANZ and to pay the credit fees and charges and to make the repayments described in the Letter of Offer (but subject to change as described in this booklet and in the Letter of Offer).

If you accept the offer of credit made to you, the contract will be made up of (collectively, the "Agreement"):

- the terms in your Letter of Offer;
- these ANZ Consumer Lending Terms and Conditions ("Terms and Conditions"); and
- any special conditions accompanying your Letter of Offer or otherwise agreed in writing by you and ANZ to be "Special Conditions";

as may be varied, amended and supplemented from time to time.

How to use this booklet

Below you will see the list of products and services that these Terms and Conditions cover and over the page are detailed contents, including page references.

This booklet outlines areas such as opening and using ANZ accounts, specific product terms and conditions and how to contact us (at the back of this booklet).

General enquiries

If you have any general enquiries about this booklet, or the terms and conditions contained within it, or simply need more information about any ANZ account, please ask at any ANZ branch or phone our main branch on (686) 21095 Monday to Friday from 8:00 am to 5:00 pm (excluding public holidays).

This booklet contains terms and conditions for the following consumer lending products:

- Home Loans
- Personal Loans
- Small Loans.

It is important that you read and understand the above mentioned documents. If you do not understand, or are unsure about any aspect of these documents, do not hesitate to ask us to clarify the matter for you.

When you are reading these ANZ Consumer Lending Products Terms and Conditions, keep in mind that some terms have a special meaning which is explained under Section 1 of this document.

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Section 1: General Conditions

1.1 Definitions

The following definitions apply unless otherwise stated:

- **'accrued interest'** means interest which ANZ is entitled to charge, but that has not yet been debited to your account.
- **'annual percentage rate'** means the interest rate/s applicable to your loan or facility, as set out in your covering Letter of Offer (but subject to change as described in the Letter and these Terms and Conditions).
- **'ANZ Group Member'** means ANZ and each of its branches, representative offices, regional offices, subsidiaries, affiliates, related entities, employees, officers and agents, in any country.
- **'business day'** means any day from Monday to Friday (excluding public holidays), on which ANZ is open for business in at least one of its branch locations in Kiribati.
- **'CRN'** means the Customer Registration Number issued by ANZ to you.
- **'date of advance'** means, for full sum advance loans, the date all or any of the loan is first advanced. For progressively drawn loans, it means the date on which any part of the loan is first advanced.
- **'date of disclosure'** means the date of disclosure specified in your Letter of Offer.
- **'disruption to service'** means that a service is temporarily unavailable, or that a system or equipment fails to function in a normal or satisfactory manner.
- **'event of default'** is defined in Section 1.11 of these Terms and Conditions.
- **'Guarantor'** means a person (other than you) who has given, gives or is to give a security for the purpose of securing any loan or facility provided to you and includes that person's executors, administrators, successors and transferees.
- **'loan'** and **'facility'** means an ANZ Housing Loan, Fully Drawn Advance, Personal Loan, or such other loan or facility provided by ANZ, the terms of which are described in your Letter of Offer.
- **'material adverse change'** is defined in Section 1.11 of these Terms and Conditions.

- **'PIN'** means personal identification number and includes an action number.
- **'reference rate'** means the ANZ reference rate/s applicable to your loan or facility, as detailed in your covering Letter of Offer and which include the following rates:
 - ANZ Home Loan Index Rate;
 - ANZ Personal Lending Index Rate; and
 - ANZ Small Loan Lending Index Rate.
- **'scheduled balance'** means the loan balance that your loan would have had, if you only ever paid the minimum repayments as they fell due on your loan.
- **'security'** means any:
 - (a) security for the payment of money or performance of obligations, including a mortgage, charge, security interest, lien, pledge, trust or title retention or flawed deposit arrangement; or
 - (b) right, interest or arrangement which has the effect of giving another person a preference, priority or advantage over creditors including any right of set-off; or
 - (c) right that a person (other than the owner) has to remove something from land (known as a profit à prendre), easement, public right of way, restrictive or positive covenant, lease, or licence to use or occupy; or
 - (d) third party right or interest, or any right arising as a consequence of the enforcement of a judgment, or any agreement to create any of them or allow them to exist.
- **'Terms and Conditions'** means the terms and conditions described in this booklet.
- **'you'** includes any of the persons accepting the offer in your Letter of Offer.

1.2 Actual amounts you need to pay may be different from those in your Letter of Offer

The actual amounts you need to pay under your loan or facility, including repayments and interest rates, may be different from the amounts set out in your Letter of Offer. This is because the financial details in your Letter of Offer are based on some assumptions that may change. The financial details in your Letter of Offer:

- use interest rates and fees applicable at the date of disclosure (set out in your Letter of Offer);

- assume the loan or facility will be fully drawn on the date of advance (where relevant) unless you nominated a progressive drawdown;
- include government duties and taxes payable on foreseeable withdrawals and receipts; and
- include periodic bank fees, where applicable, except when they are to be paid from another account.

1.3 Annual Percentage Rate (Interest Rate)

Interest rates can change

Variable reference rates (or Index rates) can be changed at any time including the period between the date of disclosure (set out in your Letter of Offer) and the date of drawdown.

Fixed reference rates can also be changed at any time before drawdown, but not once the loan has been drawn and the fixed interest rate period has started.

At the end of any fixed interest rate period, you may apply for another fixed interest rate period, and, if ANZ agrees to your request, you will be advised of any extra or varied terms which will apply. Please note that fees may apply as set out in your covering Letter of Offer.

If your Letter of Offer provides for an interest rate margin, that margin will, unless varied by ANZ, apply for the term of the loan or facility.

Notifying you of changes

If there is a change in the reference rate or interest rate margin that applies to your loan or facility, you will be notified no later than the date on which the change takes effect, by notice in writing or advertisement published in a national newspaper.

Details of the change will also appear on your next statement.

You can also check interest rates and reference rates on www.anz.com/kiribati by asking at any ANZ branch or calling us on (686) 21095 Monday to Friday from 8:00am to 5:00pm (excluding public holidays).

1.4 Processing of repayments, additional payments or other transactions

If you make a request in relation to your ANZ loan or facility on a day that is not a business day, your request will generally be submitted for consideration on the following business day.

Generally, any transaction made on your ANZ loan or facility will be processed on the same day as long as it is made before 3:00pm Kiribati local time (+12 GST) Monday to Friday (excluding national public holidays) for repayments, withdrawals or deposits at ANZ branches in Kiribati.

Any transaction made after these cut-off times may be processed on the following business day.

If a payment is made by mail it will be credited to your account by ANZ on the date of receipt. You should allow a suitable amount of time for the mail to reach ANZ.

If a cheque used for a repayment is dishonoured, the repayment will be treated as not having been made, and interest will continue to accrue on the unpaid daily balance until actual payment is received. If a repayment or other payment is due on the 29th, 30th or 31st of a month which does not contain such a date, it is due on the last day of that month.

If a repayment or other payment is due on a day which is not a business day, it must be paid on the next business day.

A repayment or other payment made to your account on the last day of a statement period may not appear on the statement issued for that period. If so, the repayment or other payment will instead appear on your next statement, together with its effective date.

1.5 How fees and charges are payable

Fees and charges are payable in the following manner:

- for continuing credit facilities, they will be added to the unpaid daily balance and accrue interest at the same rate, and in the same manner, as advances;
- for loans, during any Interest Only Period, they will be debited to your nominated ANZ account on the day they are due; and
- in all other situations, they will be debited to your nominated ANZ account on the day they are due. Where you have not nominated an account, they will be debited to your loan. Any fee debited to your loan which is not paid immediately will be added to the unpaid daily balance and accrue interest at the same rate as the principal.

When a fee is charged in arrears and your loan or facility is repaid or terminated before the fee is due to be charged, ANZ can charge this fee on a pro-rata basis to cover the period up to the date of repayment or termination.

Information on current bank fees is also available via www.anz.com/kiribati any ANZ branch or by calling us on (686) 21095 Monday to Friday from 8:00am to 5:00pm (excluding public holidays).

1.6 Changes to fees and charges

ANZ can do the following:

	Minimum number of days of notice	Method of notice
Introduce a new fee, change the frequency or payment dates of each fee	30 days	By press advertisement, posters in branches, with details provided on next statement.
Increase a fee, change the method of calculation or manner of payment of each fee	30 days	By press advertisement, posters in branches, with details provided on next statement.
Decrease a fee	Day of change	By press advertisement, posters in branches, with details provided on next statement.

If any other change reduces your obligations, ANZ can give less than 30 days notice but you will be notified with or on your next statement.

1.7 Government charges

Government duties, taxes and other charges incurred because of receipts and withdrawals (including cheques) made to or from your account, are payable by you.

1.8 Security

Your Letter of Offer will tell you about any security required by ANZ for your loan or facility. Please be aware that:

- if ANZ is holding any existing security/ies at the date of disclosure, and you accept your Letter of Offer, you agree to that security also being held by ANZ as security for the new loan or facility;
- security documents are prepared on ANZ's normal security forms. If special circumstances exist, or if ANZ considers it necessary, these forms will be changed or new securities will be drafted to ensure there is effective security;
- if changes to securities or new security items are prepared outside ANZ, you must pay to ANZ any reasonable external fees which are incurred. You can ask for a quote or an estimate and the fees will be payable on the date they are invoiced to ANZ;
- you can obtain copies of ANZ's normal security documents through any ANZ branch before you accept any loan or facility offer;
- ANZ must be satisfied with the title and the security documents before it will provide any credit.

You must pay any applicable stamp duty and registration fees by the date your loan is advanced or the date that the facility starts. You may also need to pay government fees and stamp duty when any security you are providing is discharged. Please refer to your Letter of Offer for details.

1.9 Insurance

All insurable property mortgaged to ANZ must be insured for all usual risks under a policy acceptable to ANZ, at the replacement value or an insured sum not less than the loan or facility amount as may be determined by ANZ at its sole discretion, with an insurance company approved by ANZ. ANZ or its nominees must be recorded on the insurance policy as the appropriately ranked mortgagee and co-insured. An original insurance policy is to be provided to ANZ before the loan or facility will be available for drawdown and as and when it is required by ANZ.

Annually, you must provide ANZ with either a cover note or certificate of currency, together with a receipt for the premium(s) paid, for the property mortgaged to ANZ.

It is your responsibility to ensure that the required minimum level of cover as set from time to time is maintained throughout the term of the loan or facility. The costs of all premiums will be for your account and ANZ may pay the premiums (but shall at all times not be under the liability to) on your behalf. You shall at all times be liable to pay the premiums notwithstanding that any earlier payments may have been made by ANZ on your behalf.

1.10 Trusts

If you enter into the loan or facility as a trustee, you agree that you are liable under the loan or facility both personally and as trustee of the trust. You are also assuring ANZ that:

- the loan or facility is for a proper purpose under the trust;
- you have the power and authority under the trust to enter into the contract; and
- you have the right to be indemnified fully out of the trust property, before the beneficiaries of the trust, for all liabilities you incur under the loan or facility.

1.11 ANZ's rights if there is a default under the Agreement

If any of the following events of default occur, ANZ can refuse to provide further credit and (subject to notice as described below) require you to make immediate repayment in full of all money you owe ANZ or will or may owe ANZ in the future under the loan or facility.

An event of default occurs:

- if you do not make a payment due under the Agreement by its due date;
- if there is any breach of any term or condition of this loan or facility, any other facility provided to you by ANZ, or any security provided to ANZ for this loan or facility or the other facility;
- if, in ANZ's opinion, any event or circumstance arises causing a material adverse change in your financial situation likely to affect your ability to meet your obligations under the loan or facility or any security for it.

A material adverse change includes, but is not limited to:

- your death; or
- termination of your employment; or
- your insolvency; or
- enforcement proceedings by any creditor against you or any property mortgaged as security for this loan or facility; or
- any reduction in the value of property mortgaged to ANZ as security for this loan or facility; or
- any insurance over the mortgaged property being cancelled or declined; or
- any information supplied by you to ANZ in connection with this loan or facility or any security for this loan or facility being found to be untrue, incorrect or incomplete; or
- a material adverse change to the effectiveness or priority of any security granted by you or a guarantor for this loan or facility.

Before ANZ requires immediate repayment in full, you will be given 30 days written notice to allow you an opportunity to remedy your default. If ANZ fails to give you notice regarding any event of default, ANZ has not waived its right to do so later.

However ANZ will not give you such notice if:

- ANZ believes, on reasonable grounds, that it was induced by fraud on your part to enter into the loan or facility; or
- ANZ has made reasonable attempts to locate you, but without success; or
- a court authorises ANZ to require immediate repayment without giving such a notice; or
- goods are mortgaged or otherwise given to ANZ as security for the loan or facility, and ANZ believes on reasonable grounds that they have been or will be removed or disposed of without ANZ's permission; or
- ANZ believes on reasonable grounds that urgent action is necessary to protect property that is mortgaged as security for the loan or facility.

1.12 Enforcement expenses

If you breach the loan or facility or any security required under it, you will be required to pay expenses reasonably incurred by ANZ in enforcing or preserving its rights under the loan or facility, or the security. These expenses include those incurred by ANZ in preserving or maintaining property secured, collection expenses and expenses resulting from dishonour of a cheque or payment. Enforcement expenses resulting may be debited in the same way as other fees and charges.

1.13 Joint and several liability

If there is more than one person who is party to the loan or facility, then each person is liable individually for the full amount of the loan or facility, in addition to each of you being jointly liable with each other.

1.14 Disclosure of financial information

ANZ can require you to provide information about your financial circumstances at any time during the loan or facility to show there has been no material adverse change in your financial situation which may be likely to affect your ability to meet your obligations under the loan or facility or any security for it.

ANZ can also require a new valuation of any property provided as security for the loan or facility.

If so, you may be charged:

- a fee equal to the cost of the valuation which ANZ must pay for employing an external valuer. This will be payable by you on the date it is invoiced to ANZ. It can be debited to your account on that date; or
- a valuation administration fee. This fee is payable for administration costs incurred when a valuation or price estimate is required by ANZ in connection with each security for a loan, change to security or guarantors as set out in your Letter of Offer. This will be payable by you on the date of advance or when the change is requested.

1.15 Privacy and confidentiality – ANZ’s collection, use and disclosure of personal information

When you deal with ANZ, we may collect and use some of your information, including details about your transactions, your financial conditions, your relationship with us and/or your loan/s or facility/ies (collectively referred to as “**information**”). We explain

below when and how we may collect, use and disclose your information.

(1) Collection of information

ANZ may use and disclose the information we collect about you for the following purposes:

- (a) to provide information about a product or service;
- (b) to consider your request for a product or service;
- (c) to provide you with a product or service;
- (d) to tell you about other products or services;
- (e) to perform internal administrative, operational and technology tasks (including technology infrastructure maintenance and support, application maintenance and support, risk management, systems development and testing, credit scoring, staff training and market, customer satisfaction research and business continuity management);
- (f) to prevent or investigate any fraud, unlawful activity or misconduct (or suspected fraud, unlawful activity or misconduct);
- (g) as may be required under laws and/or by agreements with government agencies or revenue authorities, whether inside or outside of the country where your facility/ies is provided and held with us, to make inquiries about your tax status; and
- (h) as required by relevant laws and external payment systems, whether inside or outside of the country where your facility/ies is provided and held with us.

Absence of relevant personal information

If you do not provide some or all of the information requested, ANZ may be unable to provide you with a product or service.

(2) Disclosure of information by ANZ

By applying for and/or continuing to use the facility/ies provided by us, you acknowledge and agree that any information that ANZ has collected or will collect from or about you from time to time may be disclosed to and/or collected, held, processed, stored in electronic or virtual data storage, or used, in whole or in part, in any country by the following persons:

- (a) any ANZ Group Member;

- (b) any outsourced provider, contractors, agents, auditors and advisers which ANZ or any ANZ Group Member engages to carry out or assist with its banking functions and activities (for example mailing houses, credit reporting or debt collection agencies);
- (c) regulatory bodies, government agencies, revenue authorities, law enforcement bodies and courts, whether inside or outside of the country where your facility/ies is provided and held with us, for the purposes of complying with any law and/or disclosure obligations we may have under an agreement with such bodies, whether the disclosure is made directly or through any ANZ Group Member;
- (d) other parties ANZ Group Members are authorised or required by law to disclose information to;
- (e) participants in the payments system (including payment organisations and merchants) and other financial institutions (for example banks);
- (f) insurers and reinsurers;
- (g) your representative (for example your legal adviser, mortgage broker, attorney or executor);
- (h) any person, which in ANZ's view, the disclosure is necessary or desirable for the purpose of allowing us to perform our duties and to exercise our powers and rights under this agreement; or
- (i) any person with your prior written consent.

1.16 Statements

ANZ will provide a statement for loans, at least once every six months, or more often if required by either you or ANZ. If you do not have a valid postal address then you will be required to pick up the statement from any ANZ branch in Kiribati. Statements can be emailed to you provided you have signed the relevant Indemnity Form and comply with all its conditions.

You must carefully review your statements so you are aware of the status of your account. If you believe there are errors or unauthorised transactions shown on your statement, you must contact ANZ as soon as possible.

1.17 Notices

How ANZ gives you notice

ANZ can send a written notice, statement or demand for payment to you by sending it by post, facsimile or similar facility to your residential or business address or by leaving it at that address. ANZ can use the last address it has recorded for you. If you change your name or address, you must let ANZ know as soon as possible. If there is more than one person who is party to this loan or facility, any notice, statement or demand will be given to each one of you at your residential or business address.

A notice, statement or demand from ANZ will be considered to have been received by you:

- if left at your address, on the date delivered or the date it bears, whichever is the later;
- if sent by post, on the date it would have been delivered in the ordinary course of post or the date it bears, whichever is the later; and
- if sent by facsimile or other electronic means, on the date it bears or the date the transmitting machine reports it was sent, whichever is the later.

A demand for payment can be signed by any officer of ANZ, or any agent authorised by an officer of ANZ. Any other form of notice or statement need not be signed, unless the law requires it.

A certificate signed by any officers of ANZ as to any amount of monies and liabilities from the time being due from you to ANZ under any loan or facility shall, in the absence of manifest error, be conclusive evidence as against you that such liabilities have been properly incurred with respect to the amount or amounts certified.

How you give ANZ instructions and notice

A notice that you give to ANZ must be signed by you or by your authorised representative unless otherwise agreed in writing with ANZ. You may give ANZ a notice by handing it in at any of our branches or by posting it to ANZ's address, as detailed at the back of this document. Your notice will be deemed to be received by ANZ when ANZ receives it.

If you give ANZ notice that is expressed to be, or must be read as, irrevocable, you are not able to revoke it and it binds you from the time you give it.

Subject to the prior written approval of ANZ, you may give ANZ instructions or notices via facsimile, email or telephone. However, ANZ shall be entitled to refuse to accept such instructions or notices, without explaining ANZ's reasons for doing so. If ANZ does accept instructions or notices by facsimile, email or telephone, then ANZ may conclusively rely upon them if the member of staff receiving such a notice believes at the time that they were given by you or on your behalf and are duly authorised, accurate and complete, notwithstanding that it may subsequently transpire that they are not so given or not duly authorised, accurate and complete, and notwithstanding that the confirmation subsequently received from you or any subsequent confirmation differs in any respect from such instructions or notices, and you shall keep ANZ fully indemnified from and against all actions, proceedings, claims, demands or losses which ANZ may incur or sustain by reason either directly or indirectly of acting on such instructions or notices.

Acknowledgement of your notice may be given by ANZ in writing, in person, facsimile transmission, email or telephone.

You authorise ANZ to record electronically any conversations between you and ANZ and such recording or transcripts of recordings may be produced as evidence in any proceedings.

1.18 Transfer of ANZ's rights

ANZ may, without telling you or obtaining your consent:

- assign any of its rights under this contract; and
- give information about this contract and your obligations under it to any assignee of ANZ's rights under this contract, or anyone who is considering becoming an assignee.

1.19 Waiver

The rights that ANZ has under the Terms and Conditions cannot be waived except by ANZ giving you written notice waiving the particular right.

In particular:

- a. ANZ does not waive any right that ANZ has in connection with this Agreement merely because ANZ does not exercise it, or does not exercise it as soon as it can;

- b. if ANZ exercises a right once or partly, it does not mean that ANZ cannot exercise that right again or other rights; and
- c. the rights and remedies herein are cumulative and not exclusive of any rights and remedies provided by law.

1.20 Changes to terms and conditions

To the maximum extent permitted by law, ANZ can vary any of the following:

- the dates on and frequency with which interest will be charged or debited, and the method of calculating interest. However, no such change will be made during any fixed interest rate period;
- the manner in which interest is to be paid or charged;
- the name of any reference rate;
- the amount, method of calculation, frequency, manner of payment and number of the repayments, together with the dates on which they are to be paid;
- the excess interest rate which applies to the loan or facility if the credit limit is exceeded; and
- the minimum amount that can be withdrawn from a continuing credit facility.

ANZ will give not less than 30 days written notice of any such variation.

1.21 Availability of funds

Before any funds are made available you must:

- accept your Letter of Offer. If there is more than one person who is party to the loan or facility, each party must individually accept your Letter of Offer;
- make sure that any new security documents that are required by your Letter of Offer are signed;
- arrange any new insurance required by your Letter of Offer and give a copy of the policy to ANZ;
- complete a disbursement order, if this is required by your Letter of Offer;
- meet any other requirements as set out in your Letter of Offer; and
- meet any other condition precedent as detailed in your Letter of Offer.

ANZ must also be satisfied that:

- the documentation complies with legal requirements;
- you have received all statements and information required by law;
- no event of default has occurred;
- any required guarantee or security has been provided and that any guarantor has obtained independent legal and financial advice to ANZ's satisfaction;
- if you or a guarantor is a trustee of a trust, that all trust requirements have been properly met.

1.22 Accepting your Letter of Offer

To accept the offer you must do either of the following within 14 days of the date of disclosure or by the Acceptance Period, (if one is specified) whichever is earlier, appearing on the Letter of Offer:

- sign the copy of your Letter of Offer marked 'Original to Sign' and return the signed copy to ANZ; or
- fulfil the requirements described in your Letter of Offer as indicating acceptance.

If you do not accept a loan or facility offer within 30 days or by the Acceptance Period, whichever is sooner, but decide later you would like to accept it, you can contact your ANZ branch to request an extension of the Acceptance Period.

A second copy of your Letter of Offer marked 'Copy to Keep' is yours to keep along with this booklet.

1.23 Disruption to service

A disruption is where a service is temporarily unavailable or where a system or equipment fails to function in a normal or satisfactory manner.

To the maximum extent permitted by law, ANZ will not be liable for any loss or damage, including consequential loss or damage, suffered because of a disruption to service. This disclaimer of liability does not apply to electronic banking transactions (see the section at the end of this booklet about the conditions which apply to those transactions). This disclaimer is in addition to, and does not restrict, any other provisions contained in these Terms and Conditions which limit ANZ's liability.

1.24 Withholding

ANZ may be required to withhold on payments to certain account holders, and pass such amounts to a local or foreign government agency or revenue authority, by law or under an agreement with such authorities.

If at any time any local or foreign government agency or revenue authority requires ANZ to make a deduction or withholding on any payment due to you, you agree to immediately reimburse ANZ for the amount of any such deduction or withholding, including authorising ANZ to deduct such amounts from your account. You will indemnify ANZ against any loss ANZ suffers or cost ANZ incurs as a result of such deduction or withholding.

1.25 Changes in Government Requirements

This section applies if:

- (a) after the date of your Letter of Offer, there is:
 - (i) a change in government requirement or a new government requirement (whether or not having the force of law);
 - (ii) a change in a tax or a new tax (for the purposes of this section 'tax' includes duties but does not include a tax on ANZ's net income in the normal course of ANZ's business); or
 - (iii) a change in the interpretation of a government requirement or a tax that affects loans or facilities of the kind contemplated in your Letter of Offer; and
- (b) its effect is, in ANZ's opinion, directly or indirectly;
 - (i) to increase the cost to ANZ of providing or maintaining the loan or facility or of providing funds under it;
 - (ii) to reduce the effective rate of return to ANZ (whether on capital, assets, deposits or otherwise) on the loan or facility. For the purposes of this section 'tax' includes duties but does not include a tax on ANZ's net

income in the normal course of ANZ's business; or

- (iii) to require ANZ to make a payment or to forgo or suffer a reduction in a return on or calculated by reference to any amount payable to it under this Agreement; and
- (c) in that event, you agree to pay to ANZ, on demand, the amount calculated by ANZ as necessary to compensate ANZ for the increase in cost or reduction in rate, attributable directly or indirectly to the changes set out in sub-section a above. The amount payable will be calculated by ANZ from the day when it first incurred the costs or suffered the reduction.

1.26 Changes in the law

If ANZ gives you notice that, in ANZ's opinion, it has become illegal in a jurisdiction or otherwise impracticable for ANZ to continue to make the loan or facility available, ANZ's obligations in relation to the loan or facility will terminate and you shall on written demand by ANZ repay within the time period permitted all advances outstanding under the loan or facility, together with accrued interest thereon (calculated at the applicable rate or rates) and all other sums payable under this Agreement.

Such a situation could arise because of:

- (a) a change in a government requirement or a new government requirement;
- (b) change in the law, written or unwritten, or a new law; or
- (c) a change in the interpretation of a government requirement or law.

1.27 Market disturbance

If in respect of any proposed or existing advance of a particular currency ANZ is of the view that:

- (a) the relevant funds are not readily available to ANZ; or
- (b) adequate and fair means do not exist for ascertaining the interest rate for the loan or facility;

the advance of a particular currency will not be made and if any advance in the aforesaid currency has been made, you shall on demand repay the advance

together with the accrued interest and all other sums payable under the facility to ANZ.

1.28 Law and jurisdiction

- (a) The Agreement is governed by the law in force in the jurisdiction where ANZ's office is shown in your Letter of Offer.
- (b) In relation to any proceedings about or in connection with your loan or facility or any security, ANZ, you and the Guarantor (where applicable) agree to submit to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the courts that have jurisdiction under that law.
- (c) When an action is commenced in the jurisdiction where ANZ's office is shown in your Letter of Offer, it is agreed that no party shall object to such procedures and rules employed by the courts of that jurisdiction for hearing any action raised and that no references shall be made to laws and procedures emanating from a foreign court. For this purpose, all notices, services of writs, summons or court documents relating to proceedings shall be deemed served if served on the address of the party indicated in this Agreement or at the last known address indicated. This section shall not prejudice the right of parties to effect service by other means permitted by law.

1.29 Force Majeure

- (a) ANZ shall not be liable for any delay in performance and/or non-performance of any of its obligations under any loan or facility or in any transaction between you and ANZ or for any losses caused by the occurrence of any contingency beyond the reasonable control of ANZ including, but not limited to:
 - (i) breakdown or failure of transmission of communication facilities; and
 - (ii) sabotage, insurrection, riot or other civil disobedience, coup, act of a public enemy, failure or delay in transportation, act of any government or agency or subdivision thereof, judicial action, labour dispute, accident, fire, explosion, flood, storm or other natural cause, a shortage of labour, fuel, raw material or machinery or technical failure.

(b) ANZ may, in its sole discretion and without liability to you, cancel any loan or facility if its performance is delayed or rendered impossible due to the occurrence of any such contingency.

1.30 Financial services dispute resolution schemes

Making a complaint

If ANZ makes a mistake, or ANZ's service doesn't meet your expectations, ANZ wants to know. For the fastest possible resolution to your complaint call ANZ on (686) 21095, or talk to staff at your local ANZ branch.

Alternatively you may also send a letter to the ANZ Branch via:

Mail: PO Box 66, Bairiki, Tarawa, Kiribati

Email: KICustomerAdvocate@anz.com

Fax: (686) 21200

Most often than not, ANZ will be able to solve the problem on the spot.

If it cannot be resolved in 48 hours, ANZ's Customer Advocate, at our Customer Service Centre, will take responsibility and work with you to fix the matter quickly. ANZ's aim is to resolve all customer complaints within ten working days.

If this is not possible, ANZ will keep you informed on the progress of your matter and how long ANZ expects it will take to resolve your complaint.

ANZ Customer Advocate

If your complaint isn't resolved to your satisfaction, you can ask to have it reviewed by ANZ's Customer Advocate who will provide a free review of more difficult complaints to help achieve a prompt solution.

Contact details:

ANZ Customer Advocate

Tel: (686) 21095

Fax: (686) 21200

Email: KICustomerAdvocate@anz.com

1.31 If you are in financial difficulty

You should inform ANZ as soon as possible if you are in financial difficulty. If you have an ANZ credit card or other ANZ loan account, ANZ will, with your agreement, try and help you overcome your difficulties with your facility, including for example, developing a repayment plan.

1.32 Anti-Money Laundering and sanctions

- (1) You agree that ANZ may delay, block or refuse to process any transaction without incurring any liability if we suspect or have reasonable grounds to suspect that:
 - (a) The transaction may breach any law;
 - (b) The transaction involves or may involve any person (natural, corporate, governmental, trust, partnership or any other person) that is itself sanctioned or is connected, directly or indirectly, to any person that is sanctioned under economic and trade sanctions imposed by any supra-national organization, official body, the United States, the United Nations, the European Union or any country; or
 - (c) The transaction may directly or indirectly involve the proceeds of, or be applied for the purposes of, conduct which is unlawful in any country.
- (2) You must provide all information to ANZ which we reasonably require in order to manage our money-laundering, terrorism-financing or economic and trade sanctions risk and to comply with any laws in relation to these.
- (3) Unless you have disclosed that you are acting in a trustee capacity or on behalf of another party, you warrant that you are acting on your own behalf in entering into this agreement. If you are acting on behalf of another party (such as a trustee), you agree to provide the details of the beneficial owner of the funds to ANZ, as may be required by ANZ from time to time.
- (4) You declare and undertake to ANZ that the processing of any transaction by ANZ in accordance with your instructions will not breach any laws.

1.33 APS222 disclosure

ANZ is a subsidiary of ANZBGL, which is incorporated in Australia. ANZ is incorporated and licensed in Kiribati with limited liability. ANZ is not an authorised deposit taking institution within the meaning of the laws of Australia. Deposits or liabilities with ANZ are not deposits or other liabilities of ANZBGL and ANZBGL is not required to meet the obligations of ANZ.

1.34 Date of advance (full sum advance loans)

For full sum advance loans, you must draw down the full amount of the loan within six months of the date of any Letter of Offer for home loans, and within three months of the date of any Letter of Offer for personal loans, unless otherwise agreed by ANZ in writing. If the date of advance does not occur within this time period (or within any agreed extension of it), the contract will end and ANZ will not be obliged to advance the loan.

1.35 Loan purpose

You must not use the loan funds for any purpose other than that set out in your Letter of Offer without ANZ's prior written consent.

1.36 Loan disbursement

The proceeds will be paid to you or as you direct. If you want ANZ to pay money elsewhere, you must advise ANZ to whom and in what amounts the proceeds are to be paid.

If you instruct ANZ to pay out an existing ANZ account, the amount you specify may be different to the final balance owed and the actual amount payable may only be determined at the time the account is paid out. You will be required to pay any shortfall to pay out the account.

If the amount you advise ANZ to pay is more than the final balance owed on the account, no interest will be paid on the surplus.

1.37 Drawdown confirmation

The annual percentage rate which initially applies to your loan will be determined at drawdown and confirmed in writing afterwards.

1.38 Specific obligations

When you accept your Letter of Offer, you will be agreeing to repay to ANZ by the end of the loan term, all principal, interest and any other amounts which are or become due under the loan.

In addition, if any of the following three events occur, you must notify ANZ immediately:

Occupancy of your home

If your loan purpose is to purchase a home as your personal residence and you no longer personally occupy the property.

Construction and occupancy of your home

If construction of a home as your personal residence is not started within three years from the initial date of advance, or you no longer intend to personally occupy the property.

Construction and use of investment property

If construction of a home as an investment property is not started within one year from the initial date of advance, or you no longer intend to use the property for residential investment purposes.

ANZ may treat the occurrence of one of these events as a material adverse change.

1.39 How interest is calculated and debited

Interest is calculated on the unpaid daily balance of your loan. The rate applied each day is equal to your annual percentage rate applicable at the time, divided by 365. Your Letter of Offer advises how frequently interest will be debited, but you also need to be aware that:

- if any day on which interest is due to be debited (a 'due date') is not a business day, that interest will be debited on the next business day;
- if a due date falls on the 29th, 30th or 31st of a month which does not contain such a date, the due date will be the last day of that month;
- each time interest is debited, the period covered by the interest charge will include all days (for which interest has not been previously debited) up to and including the day before the due date;
- when interest is debited after the due date, subsequent interest charges will be calculated as if the interest had been debited to your loan on the due date; and
- when interest is debited, it will be added to the unpaid balance of your loan and accrue interest at the same rate and in the same way as the principal.

If, after the loan term commences, you and ANZ agree to change the loan terms in any way, ANZ may debit any accrued interest on the day on which the change takes effect. If this occurs, your interest charging cycle will be restarted from that date.

1.40 Loan repayments

Repayments of principal and interest

Generally, you have the following options for repayment of principal and interest:

- by periodical payment from your nominated ANZ account;
- by salary deduction (Irrevocable Authority sent to your Employer).

If, at any time, you want to change your selected repayment method, and as long as the loan is not in a fixed interest rate period, you can notify ANZ in writing.

Repayments during interest only periods

During any interest only period, ANZ will debit your repayments to your nominated ANZ account.

Repayments will be automatically adjusted if there is a change in your annual percentage rate.

1.41 Changes to repayments of principal and interest

Changes to repayment amounts before drawdown

Repayment amounts are recalculated at the date of advance to take into account your annual percentage rate at that time. Please remember that if your annual percentage rate is determined by a reference rate – this reference rate may have changed after your Letter of Offer was prepared.

Variable Interest Rate Loans

Variable interest rates can change at any time during the life of your loan and if this occurs, the amount of your repayments may need to change if you are to repay your loan within its agreed term.

After any increase in your interest rate, ANZ can increase your repayments so they are sufficient to pay out the scheduled balance of your loan within the agreed term. ANZ will not automatically do this every time an interest rate change occurs.

1.42 Repaying your loan early during a variable interest rate period

If you decide to repay your loan early, you may contact ANZ to request the amount required to repay your loan on that day. The amount required to repay your loan is accurate for the day that it is provided by

ANZ, and may vary depending on when you repay your loan.

1.43 ANZ's right to combine accounts

ANZ can combine the balances of two or more of your accounts, even if the accounts are at different branches or in joint names. This may happen when one of your accounts is overdrawn or is in debit and another is in credit. This means that the credit balance in one account can be used to repay to ANZ the debit balance in another account. ANZ will promptly inform you if it has combined any of your accounts. You should not treat your accounts as combined unless ANZ has agreed to such an arrangement.

1.44 Late Payment Fee

The Late Payment Fee is payable on:

- Home Loans;
- Personal Loans; and
- Small loans.

If the whole or any part of any payment due has been unpaid for:

- 30 days or more for Home Loans;
- 30 days or more for Personal Loans.

the Late Payment Fee is also charged every subsequent 30 days that the loan is in arrears.

Loans for construction purposes:

1.45 Date of first advance (progressively drawn loans)

For progressively drawn loans, you must make the first drawdown within six months of the date of your Letter of Offer, unless otherwise agreed by ANZ in writing. If this date of first advance does not occur within this time (or within any agreed extension of it), the contract will end and ANZ will not be obliged to advance the loan.

1.46 Progress payments

Progress payments will only be advanced if:

- the funds you are contributing towards the purchase and construction of the property have already been used to meet these costs; and

- the progress payment is due and payable under your building contract; and
- your request is accompanied by a completed progress payment instruction form.

To obtain the final progress payment, you must provide with your request:

- a builder's invoice; and
- a completed Progress Payment Instruction Form, showing disbursement details.

Please note that you are responsible for making sure that specifications of the builder's contract are completed by the builder.

1.47 Restriction on advances for construction loans

If the purpose(s) of your loan includes the construction of a residence, then, in addition to the other restrictions on advances set out in Section 1.21 'Availability of funds', no part of the loan will be advanced to finance the construction of any residential building until you have given ANZ a copy of the following documents:

- a signed and enforceable fixed price contract for the construction of a residence entered into by you and a reputable licensed builder; or
- Council approved plans for the construction of that residence.

1.48 Valuations and surveys

ANZ may require a valuation or survey of the property before any progress payment is made. If a survey is required, you must make this available to ANZ and pay any related costs.

If a valuation is required you may be charged:

- a time based valuation fee if the valuation is completed by an ANZ employee, or the actual valuation cost if it is carried out by an external valuer. All external valuation fees are payable on the date they are invoiced to ANZ and may be debited to your account; or
- a valuation administration fee. This fee is payable for administration costs incurred when a valuation or price estimate is required by ANZ in connection with each security for a loan, change to security or guarantors as set out in your Letter of Offer. This fee is payable on the date of advance or when the change is requested.

Loans during a fixed interest rate period

1.49 How interest is calculated during the fixed interest rate period for Interest-in-Advance loans

For each interest charge to be paid by you in advance in respect of a fixed interest rate period, ANZ determines the number of days to be covered by that interest charge (the “interest cycle”), the expected outstanding loan balance at the end of each day of the interest cycle, and the daily interest rate that is derived from dividing the applicable fixed annual percentage rate by 365. ANZ then uses this information to calculate the amount of the Interest-in-Advance charge to be paid by you in advance in respect of that interest cycle.

When making this calculation, ANZ assumes that:

- (a) the outstanding loan balance at the commencement of the interest cycle will be the same as the outstanding loan balance at the time that it calculates the amount of the interest in advance charge (the “assumed loan balance”);
- (b) the assumed loan balance will remain outstanding throughout the interest cycle; and
- (c) the applicable fixed annual percentage rate will not change throughout the interest cycle.

The calculated interest in advance charge for a forthcoming interest cycle is the total of the estimated daily interest charges for each day in that interest cycle (the “Interest-in-Advance charge”).

The Interest-in-Advance charge for an interest cycle is debited to your loan account with effect from the commencement of that interest cycle. You are required to pay that Interest-in-Advance charge to ANZ on (or with effect from) that date.

During each interest cycle, ANZ will calculate the interest charge applicable to your loan account on a daily basis, based on the outstanding loan balance at the end of each day in the interest cycle and the daily interest rate that is determined by dividing the applicable fixed annual percentage rate by 365. If the aggregate of these daily interest charges for the interest cycle is less than the amount of the Interest-in-Advance charge that was debited to your loan

account at the commencement of the interest cycle, ANZ will refund the difference to you. If the aggregate of these daily interest charges for the interest cycle is greater than the amount of the Interest-in-Advance charge that was debited to your loan account at the commencement of the interest cycle, the amount of the difference will be debited to your loan account on (or with effect from) the first day following the end of the relevant interest cycle. You are required to pay that additional interest charge to ANZ on (or with effect from) that date.

To the extent that there is any inconsistency between this section 49 and section 39 of these Specific Conditions, this section will prevail during a fixed rate period. In that context, you need to be aware that when interest is debited to your loan account, it will be added to the unpaid balance of your loan and, where it remains unpaid, will accrue interest in arrears at the same rate and in the same way as other parts of the principal.

1.50 Repaying your loan early or changing your rate during a fixed interest rate period

If ANZ's obligations in respect of a fixed rate loan are terminated:

- before the termination date for any reason; or
- because ANZ gives you notice under section 1.11, you agree to pay ANZ (if demanded) the Early Repayment Fee set out in the Fees Booklet.

Section 2: Electronic Banking Conditions of Use

2.1 Conditions of Use

This section applies to all electronic transactions except those where your signature may also be required.

Unless the account services are provided or referred to you by us, we do not authorise, promote or endorse the use of account services offered by third parties to access your ANZ accounts (including account aggregation services, such as may be provided by other financial institutions).

2.2 Transaction limits

ANZ may limit the amount of funds that are made available through electronic terminals, over any specific period of time for transactions that require the use of an ANZ Card and PIN. ANZ may also change such limits or impose new limits by giving you notice. Merchants and other financial institutions may also impose additional restrictions on transaction limits.

Unless you have made arrangements with ANZ for an increased or decreased limit, the daily ATM limit is AUD\$1,000 per ANZ Card. This means that you can use your ANZ Access Card to withdraw a total of AUD\$1,000 per day from the account(s) to which it is linked, provided your ANZ account(s) contain sufficient funds.

There is no limit on the funds that you can withdraw on your ANZ Card via EFTPOS facilities provided your account(s) contain sufficient funds.

2.3 Processing instructions – general

The account holder authorises ANZ to act on the instructions you enter into electronic equipment. Any electronic transaction made by you cannot be cancelled, altered or changed by you unless allowed by the applicable terms and conditions.

We may delay acting on or may ask you for further information before acting on an instruction. Where ANZ has instructions for more than one payment from your account(s), ANZ will determine the order of priority in which payments are made.

If you make a cash withdrawal from an account by making an electronic transaction and there is a difference between the amount of cash received and the amount shown on the receipt, you must report this to ANZ and to the merchant (if applicable) as soon as possible. You can make your report to us by calling ANZ on +686 21095 during working hours.

If you make a deposit of funds to an account by making an electronic transaction and there is a difference between the amount recorded as having been deposited and the amount ANZ receives, the account holder will be notified of the difference as soon as possible and will be advised of the actual amount which has been credited to the account.

ANZ is not liable for the refusal of any merchant to accept an electronic transaction and, to the extent permitted by law, is not responsible for the goods and services supplied by a merchant.

ANZ may notify you of electronic transactions we are unable to process.

You accept that:

- not all electronic equipment from which cash can be withdrawn will always contain cash;
- any cash dispensed at electronic equipment is at your risk once it becomes visible or available for you to collect; and
- not all electronic equipment will allow you to make deposits.

An immediate transfer, local transfer or BillPay cannot be revoked or stopped once we receive your instruction. Future dated transfer, local transfer or BillPay instructions can only be revoked or changed if instructions to delete the transaction are given to us through ANZ Internet Banking before midnight Kiribati time on the ANZ Business day before the transaction is scheduled to occur. After this time, the instruction cannot be revoked.

2.4 Processing date

Generally, any transactions made at ANZ ATMs and ATMs at other selected banks and financial institutions or EFTPOS transactions will be processed to your account on the same day provided they are made before 3:00pm Monday to Friday (excluding public holidays).

Transactions made after these cut-off times may be processed on the following ANZ working day.

2.5 Card validity

Your card remains ANZ's property at all times.

A card must be signed immediately by the person in whose name it has been issued and must only be used within the 'valid from' and 'until end' dates shown on the card. For security reasons you must, as soon as the card expires, destroy it by cutting it (including an embedded microchip on the card) diagonally in half.

2.6 Lost or stolen cards or PIN

If you report that a card has been lost or stolen the card will be cancelled as soon as the report is made. You must not use the card once the report is made. If you recover the lost or stolen card, you must destroy the card by cutting it (including an embedded microchip on the card) diagonally in half and return it to an ANZ branch as soon as possible.

You must make a report to us (and the relevant third party, if a third party issued the PIN or card to you) immediately you become aware or suspect that your PIN is disclosed or used without your authority, or lost. You must not then continue to use your PIN. ANZ will cancel it and arrange for you to select a new PIN.

The best way to report a lost or stolen card or PIN is by dropping into any of our branches. Alternatively you can also call us on the numbers listed at the back of this booklet.

2.7 Lost and stolen card and PIN – while overseas

If your card or PIN is lost or stolen, or if someone else has found out your PIN, you must tell us as soon as possible by calling us on +686 21095.

2.8 Cancellation of cards or electronic access

ANZ may cancel any card or electronic access:

- without prior notice if:
 - ANZ believes that use of the card or electronic access may cause loss to the account holder or to ANZ;
 - the account is an inactive account;
 - all the accounts which the card may access have been closed;
 - the account has been overdrawn or you have exceeded your agreed credit limit.

- on giving you not less than three months written notice.

The account holder may cancel An ANZ card at any time by sending ANZ a written request or by calling ANZ on the relevant number listed at the back of this booklet.

2.9 Withdrawal of electronic access

ANZ may withdraw your electronic access to accounts without prior notice if:

- electronic equipment malfunctions or is otherwise unavailable for use;
 - a merchant refuses to accept your card;
 - any one of the accounts is overdrawn or will become overdrawn (other than (if your account is an Equity Manager account) by use of the Informal Overdraft facility), or is otherwise considered out of order by ANZ;
 - ANZ believes your access to accounts through electronic equipment may cause loss to the account holder or to ANZ;
 - ANZ believes that the quality or security of your electronic access process or ANZ's systems may have been compromised; or
 - ANZ suspects you of being fraudulent or engaging in inappropriate behaviour;
- unless this is prohibited by law.

ANZ may at any time change the types of accounts that may be operated, or the types of electronic transactions that may be made through particular electronic terminals.

2.10 Your responsibility regarding your ANZ Card

You must keep your ANZ Card and PIN secure. Failure to do so may increase your liability for any loss.

PIN security

You must not:

- disclose your password or PIN to any other person;
- allow any other person to see you entering, or overhear you providing, your password or PIN;
- record your password or PIN on your card or on any article carried with or placed near your card that is liable to loss, theft or abuse at the same time as your card (unless your password or PIN is reasonably disguised);

- choose a PIN which has an easily retrieved combination, for example repeated numbers or letters; and
- choose a PIN that is easily identified with you for example your birth date, car registration, telephone number or your name.

Card security

You should:

- sign the back of your ANZ Card immediately upon receipt;
- on the expiry date destroy your ANZ Card by cutting it diagonally in half;
- not let anyone else use your ANZ Card;
- take reasonable steps to protect your ANZ Card from loss or theft.

2.11 Unauthorised transactions

(a) When the account holder is liable

The account holder is responsible for any unauthorised use of their ANZ Card and PIN, including its use by anyone else in any way. The extent of the account holder's liability will depend on whether you have been responsible in any way for the unauthorised use of your ANZ Card and PIN.

If you have contributed to the loss arising from the unauthorised transaction:

- through your fraud;
- by voluntarily disclosing your PIN to anyone, including a family member or friend;
- by keeping a record of your PIN on your ANZ Card (even in a disguised form) on your card, any article carried with the ANZ Card or which may be lost or stolen at the same time as the ANZ Card;
- by using your birth date or an alphabetic code which is recognisable part of your name as a PIN; or
- by otherwise acting with extreme carelessness in failing to protect the security of your PIN;

then the account holder will be liable for the actual losses which occur before ANZ is notified that your ANZ Card has been misused, lost or stolen, or that your PIN has become known to someone else.

If, after you become aware of the loss, theft, breach or misuse of your PIN or ANZ card, you unreasonably delay notifying ANZ, the account holder will be liable for losses between:

- the time you first became aware of the aforementioned events, or in the case of the loss or theft of a card, should reasonably have become aware of the loss or theft; and
- the time ANZ is actually notified of the relevant event.

If it is not clear whether you have contributed to the loss caused by an unauthorised transaction and where an ANZ Card or PIN was required to perform the unauthorised transaction, the account holder is liable for the actual loss at the time ANZ is notified of the loss, theft or unauthorised use of the ANZ Card or that the security of the PIN has been breached.

(b) When ANZ is liable

ANZ will be liable for losses incurred by the account holder that:

- are caused by the fraudulent or negligent conduct of ANZ's employees or agents or companies involved in networking arrangements or of merchants or their agents or employees;
- relate to any forged, faulty, expired or cancelled part of the electronic access process;
- arise from transactions that require the use of any ANZ Card or PIN that occur before you have received or selected the ANZ Card or PIN;
- result from the same electronic transaction being incorrectly debited a second or more subsequent time to the same account;
- result from an unauthorised transaction that occurs after you have notified ANZ that any ANZ Card has been misused, lost or stolen or that the security of your PIN has been breached; or
- result from an unauthorised transaction if it is clear that you have not contributed to the losses.

2.12 Equipment malfunction

We are responsible to the account holder for any loss caused by the failure of equipment to complete a transaction that was accepted in accordance with your instructions.

However, if you were aware or should have been aware that the equipment was unavailable for use or malfunctioning, our responsibility will be limited to correcting errors in the account and refunding any charges or fees imposed as a result.

2.13 Changes to the Electronic Banking Conditions of Use

We can change the electronic Banking Conditions of Use at any time. We will give you 20 days prior written notice of any changes which:

- impose or increase charges relating solely to the use of electronic equipment;
- increase your liability for losses relating to electronic transactions; or
- change your daily transaction limit or other periodical transaction limit applying to the use of electronic equipment.

2.14 Printed transaction records

When you complete a transaction at an electronic terminal you will receive a printed transaction record. You must check your record carefully. You should retain these records for verification purposes and to aid in reconciling account statements.

2.15 Third party services

ANZ does not authorise, promote or endorse and shall not be responsible or liable in any way for the use of account services offered by third parties to access your ANZ accounts (including account aggregation services, such as may be provided by other financial institutions).

2.16 EFTPOS

EFTPOS stands for Electronic Funds Transfer at Point of sale.

This facility allows you to pay for goods and services with a card linked to your account. Depending on the retailer, you may also be able to use the card to withdraw cash using the EFTPOS terminal.

2.17 Maestro and Cirrus

Maestro® and Cirrus® are international EFTPOS and ATM networks that allow you to access available funds in ANZ accounts by using your ANZ Access card while in Kiribati or overseas.

If you have both a savings account and a cheque account linked to your card, when you accept the transaction to be processed you may be offered the option of selecting the account from which to make the withdrawal. Some ATMs do not give you the option of choosing an account. In this case, the ATM will automatically take the withdrawal from your linked primary account.

You cannot use your ANZ access card at Cirrus ATMs overseas to pay money into your account or transfer funds between linked accounts.

Fees and charges – Maestro and Cirrus

Transaction fees, overseas transaction fees and ATM operator fees apply for the use of Cirrus ATMs and Maestro EFTPOS overseas. If the amount of the transaction is more than your available balance (including any approved overdraft limit) and we do not agree to provide the amount under the informal overdraft facility.

Surcharges – Maestro and Cirrus

You may have to pay a surcharge for making a withdrawal from some ATMs overseas. Surcharges will not appear as a separate item on your account statement. They will be included in the total amount of the withdrawal.

Exchange rates and conversion – Maestro and Cirrus

All charges and purchases will be processed through MasterCard international incorporated using the conversion rate set in accordance with its rules as at the date those transactions are processed by MasterCard international incorporated.

This means that:

- Transactions in United States dollars will be converted into Australian dollars.
- Transactions in other currencies will first be converted into United States dollars and then converted to Australian dollars. In most cases, the conversion rate applied to a refund of a transaction will be different to the conversion rate used for the original transaction.

Section 3: Information statement

Things you should know about your proposed credit contract

This statement tells you about some of the rights and obligations of yourself and your credit provider, ANZ Bank (Kiribati) Limited, Registration No 10.

It does not state the terms and conditions of your contract.

If you have any concerns about your contract, contact ANZ and if you still have concerns, contact ANZ's external dispute resolution scheme, or get legal advice.

The Contract

3.1 How can I get details of my proposed credit contract?

ANZ must give you a pre-contractual statement containing certain information about your contract. The pre-contractual statement, and this document, must be given to you before:

- your contract is entered into; or
- you make an offer to enter into the contract, whichever happens first.

3.2 How can I get a copy of the final contract?

If the contract document is to be signed by you and returned to ANZ, you must be given a copy to keep.

Also, ANZ must give you a copy of the final contract within 14 days after it is made. This rule does not, however, apply, if ANZ has previously given you a copy of the contract document to keep.

If you want another copy of your contract, write to ANZ and ask for one. ANZ may charge you a fee. ANZ has to give you a copy:

- within 14 days of your written request if the original contract came into existence 1 year or less before your request; or
- otherwise within 30 days of your written request.

3.3 Can I terminate the contract?

Yes. You can terminate the contract by writing to ANZ so long as:

- you have not obtained any credit under the contract; or

- a card or other means of obtaining credit given to you by ANZ has not been used to acquire goods or services for which credit is to be provided under the contract.

However, you will still have to pay any fees or charges incurred before you terminated the contract.

3.4 Can I pay my credit contract out early?

Yes. Pay ANZ the amount required to pay out your credit contract on the day you wish to end your contract.

3.5 How can I find out the pay out figure?

You can write to ANZ at any time and ask for a statement of the pay out figure as at any date you specify. You can also ask for details of how the amount is made up.

ANZ must give you the statement within 7 days after you give your request to ANZ. You may be charged a fee for the statement.

3.6 Will I pay less interest if I pay out my contract early?

Yes. The interest you can be charged depends on the actual time money is owing.

However, you may have to pay an early termination charge (if your contract permits ANZ to charge one) and other fees.

3.7 Can my contract be changed by ANZ?

Yes, but only if your contract says so.

3.8 Will I be told in advance if ANZ is going to make a change in the contract?

That depends on the type of change. For example:

- you get at least same day notice for a change to an annual percentage rate. That notice may be a written notice to you or a notice published in a newspaper.
- you get 20 days advance written notice for:
 1. a change in the way in which interest is calculated; or
 2. a change in credit fees and charges; or
 3. any other changes by ANZ; except where the change reduces what you have to pay or the change happens automatically under the contract.

3.9 Is there anything I can do if I think that my contract is unjust?

Yes. You should first talk to ANZ. Discuss the matter and see if you can come to some arrangement.

Alternatively, you can go to court. You may wish to get legal advice, for example from your community legal centre.

Insurance

3.10 Do I have to take out insurance?

ANZ can require you to take out or pay the costs of types of insurance specifically allowed by law, for example compulsory third party personal injury insurance, mortgage indemnity insurance or insurance over property covered by any mortgage or security. Otherwise, you can decide if you want to take out insurance or not. If you take out insurance, ANZ can insist that you use any particular insurance company.

Mortgages

3.11 If my contract says I have to give a mortgage, what does this mean?

A mortgage means that you give ANZ certain rights over any property you mortgage. If you default under your contract, you can lose that property and you might still owe money to ANZ.

3.12 Should I get a copy of my mortgage?

Yes. It can be part of your credit contract, or if it is a separate document, you will be given a copy of the mortgage within 14 days after your mortgage is entered into.

However, you need not be given a copy if ANZ has previously given you a copy of the mortgage document to keep.

3.13 Is there anything that I am not allowed to do with the property I have mortgaged?

You cannot assign or dispose of the property unless you have ANZ's, or the court's, permission. You must also look after the property. Read the mortgage document as well. It will usually have other terms and conditions about what you can or cannot do with the property.

3.14 What can I do if I find that I cannot afford my repayments and there is a mortgage over property?

See the answers in Sections 18 and 19 below.

Otherwise you may:

- if the mortgaged property is goods – give the property back to ANZ, together with a letter saying you want ANZ to sell the property for you;
- sell the property, but only if ANZ gives you permission first; or
- give the property to someone who may take over the repayments, but only if ANZ gives permission first.

If ANZ will not give permission, you can contact ANZ's Customer Advocate for help. If you have a Guarantor, talk to the Guarantor who may be able to help you. You should understand that you may owe money to ANZ even after mortgaged property is sold.

3.15 Can ANZ take or sell the mortgaged property?

Yes, if you have not carried out all of your obligations under your contract.

3.16 If ANZ writes asking me where the mortgaged goods are, do I have to say where they are?

Yes. You have 7 days after receiving ANZ's request to tell ANZ. If you do not have the goods you must give ANZ all the information you have so they can be traced.

3.17 When can ANZ or its agent come into a residence to take possession of mortgaged goods?

ANZ can only do so if it has the court's approval or the written consent of the occupier which is given after the occupier is informed in writing.

General

3.18 What do I do if I cannot make a repayment?

Get in touch with ANZ immediately. Discuss the matter and see if you can come to some arrangement. You can ask ANZ to change your contract in a number of ways, for example:

- to extend the term of your contract and reduce payments;
- to extend the term of your contract and delay payments for a set time; or
- to delay payments for a set time.

3.19 What if ANZ and I cannot agree on a suitable arrangement?

If ANZ refuses your request to change the repayments, you can ask ANZ to review this decision if you think it is wrong.

3.20 Can ANZ take action against me?

Yes, if you are in default under your contract. But the law says that you cannot be unduly harassed or threatened for repayments. If you think you are being unduly harassed or threatened, contact ANZ's Customer Advocate, or get legal advice.

3.21 Do I have any other rights and obligations?

Yes. The law will give you other rights and obligations. You should also read your contract carefully.

Your contract means your Letter of Offer, and any terms and conditions or special conditions attached to your facility or otherwise incorporated into your contract pursuant to the terms and conditions or agreed in writing between you and ANZ.

Please keep this information statement. You may want some information from it at a later date.

Contact us

Postal Addresses

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Kiribati

Customer Enquiries

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