

2016 FULL YEAR INVESTOR DISCUSSION PACK

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND
BANKING GROUP LIMITED
November 2016



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BANKING GROUP LIMITED
November 2016

FY16 RESULTS PRESENTATION

SHAYNE ELLIOTT
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER



HEADLINE FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

\$m	2016 FULL YEAR		2016 SECO	ND HALF
	FY16	vs FY15	2H16	vs 1H16
Statutory Profit	5,709	-24%	2,971	9%
Cash Profit	5,889	-18%	3,107	12%
Operating Income	20,577	0%	10,261	-1%
Operating Expenses	-10,422	11%	-4,943	-10%
Profit Before Provisions	10,155	-9%	5,318	10%
Provisions	-1,956	62%	-1,038	13%
Cash EPS (cents)	202.6	-22%	106.7	11%
Cash ROE (%)	10.3%	-370bps	10.9%	120bps
Dividend per share (cents)	160	-12%	80	0%
CET1 (%)	9.6%	2bps	9.6%	-20bps
CET1 Internationally Comparable Basel 3 ¹	14.5%	130bps	14.5%	50bps

^{1.} Internationally Comparable methodology aligns with APRA's information paper entitled International Capital Comparison Study (13 July 2015). Basel III Internationally Comparable ratios do not include an estimate of the Basel I capital floor.



HEADLINE COMPONENTS

OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

Strong operating performance in retail & commercial in Aus & NZ

Impact from reshaping Institutional

Productivity

Change in credit cycle

SPECIFIED ITEMS¹

Asia minority investments -\$231m

Restructuring charge -\$201m

Capitalised software -\$522m

CVA methodology -\$168m Esanda dealer finance sale \$45m

Retail & Wealth Asia sale

^{1.} Post tax basis. 'Specified items' include the impact of software capitalisation policy changes, Asia Partnership impairment charge (AMMB) and gain of cessation of equity accounting (Bank of Tianjin), restructuring expenses, sale of Esanda Dealer Finance business, and derivative credit valuation adjustment. Further detail provided in the ANZ Full Year 2016 consolidated Financial Report page 16.



ADJUSTED PRO-FORMA

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

\$m	2016 FULL YEAR		2016 SECON	ID HALF
Adjusted Pro-forma	FY16	vs FY15	2H16	vs 1H16
Operating Income	20,936	3.5%	10,498	0.6%
Operating Expenses	-9,384	0.9%	-4,683	-0.4%
Profit Before Provisions	11,552	5.7%	5,815	1.4%
Provisions	-1,933	79.8%	-1,028	13.6%
Profit	6,966	-2.5%	3,467	-0.9%
ROE	12.2%	-160bps	12.2%	0bps



FOUR PRIORITIES

BUILDING A BETTER BANK

1. Create a simpler, better capitalised, better balanced and more agile bank

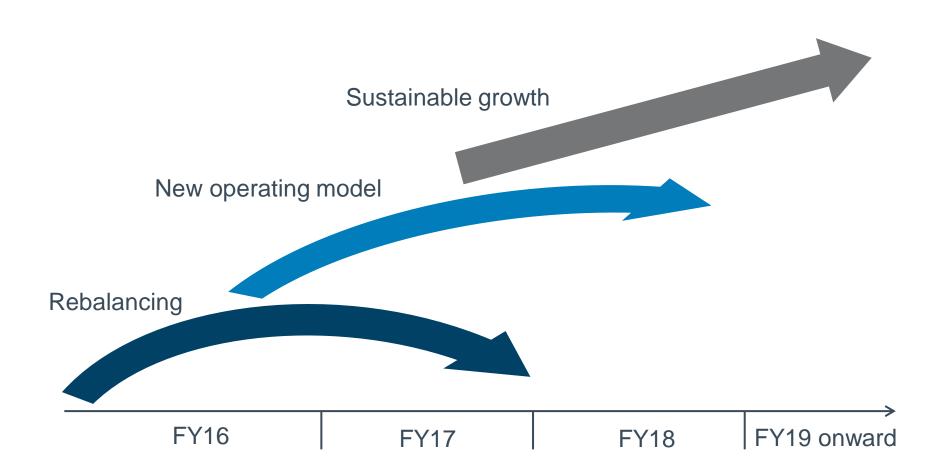
2. Focus our efforts on attractive areas where we can carve out a winning position

3. Drive a purpose and values led transformation of the Bank

4. Build a superior everyday experience for our people and customers in order to compete in the digital age



GETTING FIT FOR PERFORMANCE





WORK TO DATE

- 1. Reset strategy
- 2. Rebuilt executive team
- 3. Rebalanced portfolio organically
- 4. Progressed on disposals
- 5. Reshaped workforce
- 6. Changed cost trajectory
- 7. Adjusted operating model
- 8. Responding to changing expectations



RETAIL & COMMERCIAL PERFORMANCE

AUSTRALIA & NEW ZEALAND

HIGHLIGHTS AND DRIVERS ¹	AUSTRALIA		NEW ZEALAND	
Movement vs prior half	1H16	2H16	1H16	2H16
Customer acquisition	+43k	+110k	+36k	+26k
Small Business Lending (NLA's)	+5%	+3%	+7%	+4%
Net interest margins (NIM)	+3bps	-2bps	-6bps	-5bps
Revenue growth	+6%	+2%	+1%	+2%
Productivity: CTI	34.7% -160bps	34.5% -20bps	38.2% -150bps	37.7% -50bps
Provisions	+13% +52m	0% -1m	+18% +7m	+80% +37m
Profit growth	+7%	+3%	+4%	-2%



INSTITUTIONAL PERFORMANCE

TRANSFORMATION PROGRESS

HIGHLIGHTS AND DRIVERS ¹	INSTITUTIONAL		
Movement vs prior half	1H16	2H16	
Customers Focus on reducing off-strategy low return	>10% reduction	>13% reduction	
RWA reductions	\$16b -8%	\$14b -7%	
Net interest margin (NIM) ²	+10bps	+4bps	
Revenue	-3%	-0%	
Expenses	+3%	-6%	
Profit Before Provisions	-8%	+6%	
FTE	-4%	-10%	
Product highlights			
 Markets Sales (Revenue) 	-5%	+5%	
 Cash management (Revenue) 	+4%	+3%	
 Digital transaction volumes 	+9%	+12%	

[.] Financials on an Adjusted Pro-forma basis

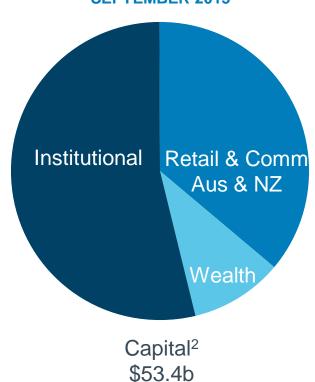
^{2.} Institutional NIM excluding markets



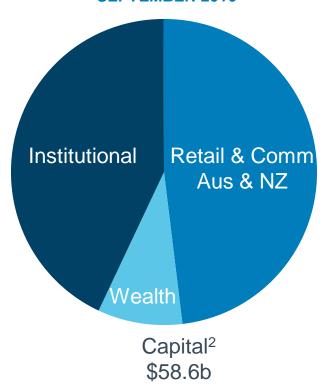
A GOOD START

A BETTER BALANCED, HIGHER RETURN BUSINESS

COMPOSITION OF TOTAL ANZ CAPITAL SEPTEMBER 2015¹



COMPOSITION OF TOTAL ANZ CAPITAL SEPTEMBER 2016¹



Charts are Illustrative only as at September 15 & September 16. September 16 is post sale of Asia Retail and Wealth business and includes the impact of higher residential mortgage risk weights from regulatory change.

[.] Institutional shown under the 2015 IIB structure, including Global Institutional, Asia minority interests and Asia Retail & Pacific

End of period capital balance



OPERATING ENVIRONMENT

Low and negative interest rates

Dynamic competitive landscape

Stubborn cost pressures

Turning credit cycle

Increased regulation

Higher capital and liquidity thresholds

Cyclical

Structural



CAPITAL EFFICIENCY

EXECUTIVE FOCUS

COMMON EQUITY TIER 1 GENERATION					
CET1 bps	FY12-FY15 FY avg	FY16	Change FY16 vs FY12-FY15 avg		
Cash Profit	204	173¹	-31		
RWA growth	-42	25	+67		
Capital Deductions ²	-32	-21	+11		
Net capital generation	130	177	+47		
Gross dividend	-135	-127			
Dividend Reinvestment Plan	29	13			
Core change in CET1	24	63			
Other items	9	-61			
Net change in CET1	33	2			

^{1.} Cash profit is on an Adjusted Pro-forma basis adjusted for 'Specified items'

^{2.} Represents movement in retained earnings in deconsolidated entities, capitalised software and other intangibles.



BUSINESS OUTLOOK

GETTING MORE STUFF DONE

- 1. Continued strength and cautious growth in Australia and NZ
- 2. Ongoing re-positioning of Institutional
- 3. Continued focus on re-balancing our business portfolio
- 4. Execution on four business priorities
 - Create a simpler better bank
 - Focus where we can win
 - Drive a purpose and values led transformation
 - Build a superior customer experience for the digital age



FOCUS FOR 2017

- 1. Delivering the benefits of decisions taken in 2016
- 2. Further re-shaping of our portfolio including decisions on our Wealth business as a result of our strategic review
- 3. Continued reductions in Institutional RWA
- 4. Further strengthening of our core franchises in Australia and New Zealand
- 5. Delivering benefits from our focus on digital



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November 2016

FY16 RESULTS PRESENTATION

MICHELLE JABLKO
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER



OVERVIEW

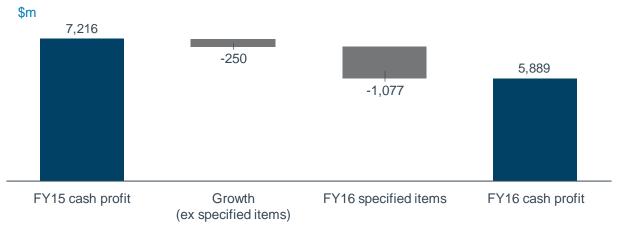
- Specified items
- Portfolio movement
- Operating performance
- Capital management



FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

CASH PROFIT

FULL YEAR 2016



Cash Profit growth	-18.4%
EPS (basic) growth	-22.2%
ROE	10.3%

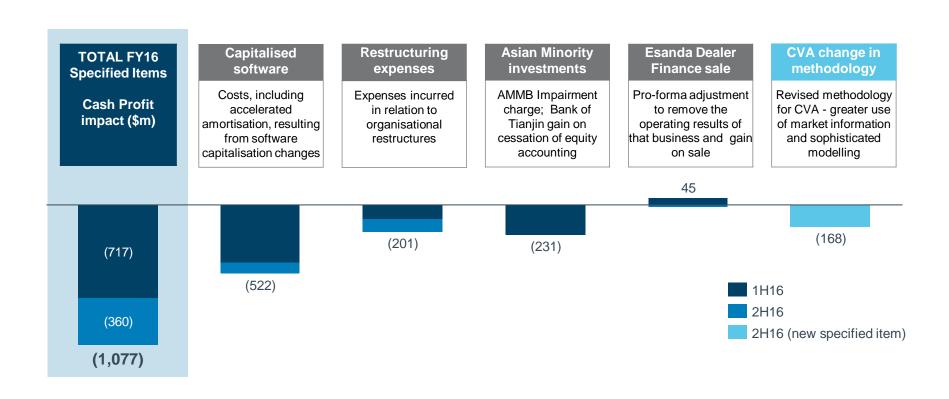
SECOND HALF 2016

\$m			
2,782	685	-360	3,107
1H16 cash profit	Growth (ex specified items)	2H16 specified items	2H16 cash profit

Cash Profit growth	11.7%
EPS (basic) growth	11.3%
ROE	10.9%



ALL TAKEN THROUGH CASH PROFIT



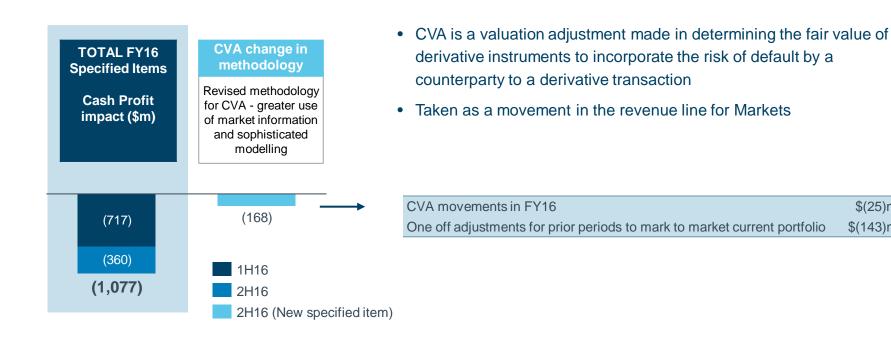


\$(25)m

\$(143)m

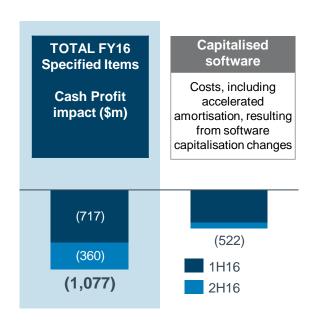
SPECIFIED ITEMS

CVA METHODOLOGY ADJUSTMENTS





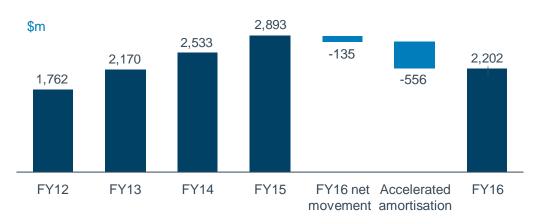
CAPITALISED SOFTWARE



CAPITALISED SOFTWARE SPECIFIED ITEM COMPONENTS

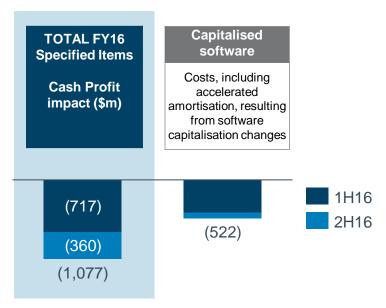
\$m	1H16	2H16	FY16
Accelerated Amortisation	556	-	556
Amortisation benefit	(88)	(95)	(183)
Higher expenses from amended policy	161	209	370
TOTAL PRE TAX	629	114	743
TOTAL POST TAX	441	81	522

CAPITALISED SOFTWARE BALANCE





CAPITALISED SOFTWARE



CAPITALISED SOFTWARE BALANCE IMPACT (\$m)



CAPITALISED SOFTWARE POLICY CHANGES

- Increased the threshold for capitalisation of software development costs
- Directly expensing more project related costs

RATIONALE

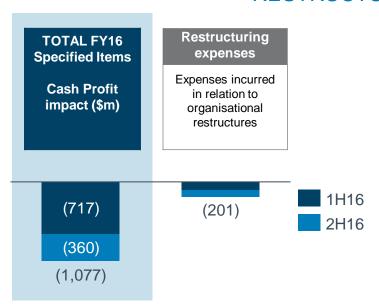
- Reflects the rapidly changing technology landscape & increased pace of innovation in financial services, resulting in increasingly shorter useful lives for smaller items of software in the "digital world"
- Driving more disciplined commercial decisions

IMPACT

- Accelerated amortisation of previously capitalised software balances with an original costs below the revised threshold
- Increased operating expenses for software projects in the current period that would otherwise have been capitalised and amortised in future periods
- Higher software expenses in the near term but lower amortisation charges in future years
- o Reduced capitalised software balance



RESTRUCTURING EXPENSES



RESTRUCTURE EXPENSES

- Reshaping the workforce to reduce complexity and duplication
- Aligning to the new organisation structure, including our changing emphasis on Institutional
- This includes simplification of the Institutional and Wealth businesses, restructure of Asia Retail & Pacific, and simplification and digitisation in Australia and TSO and Group Centre

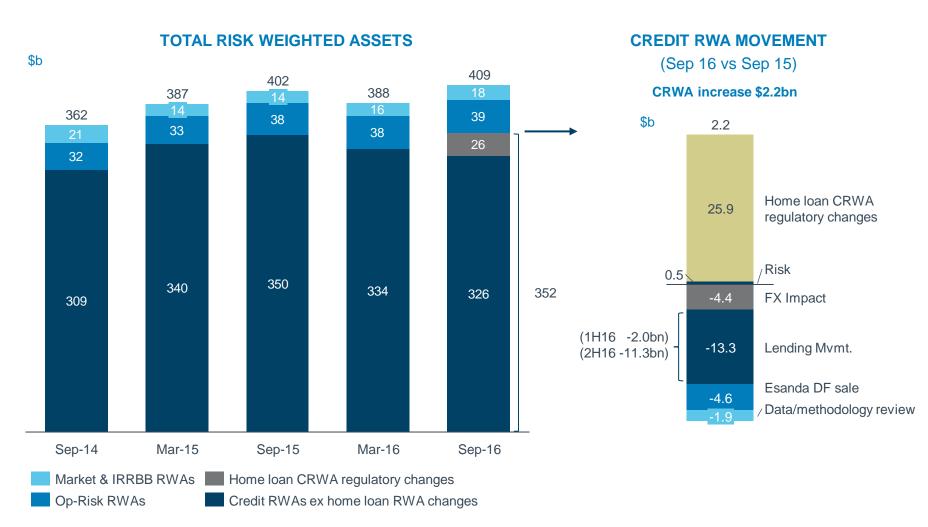
BENEFITS

- Streamlined divisions with improved connectivity and productivity
- Simpler organisational structure with fewer senior management required to run the business
- Right sized support and enablement functions to meet business requirements



PORTFOLIO MOVEMENT

RISK WEIGHTED ASSETS

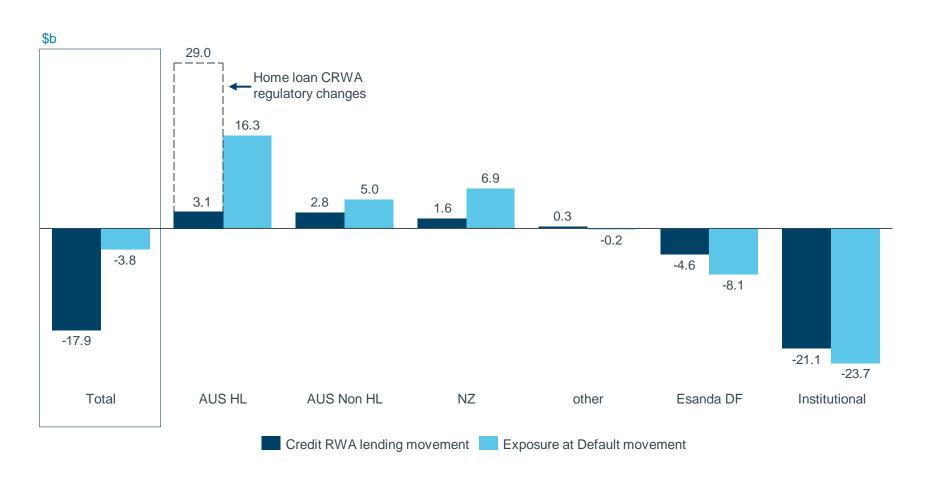




PORTFOLIO MOVEMENT

EAD & LENDING CRWA MOVEMENT¹

(Sep 16 vs Sep 15)





PORTFOLIO MOVEMENT

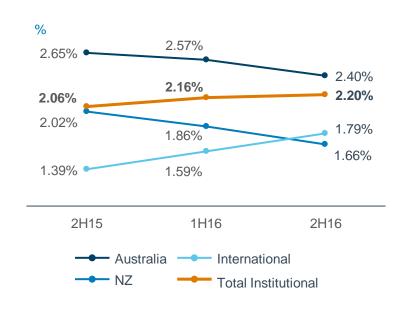
INSTITUTIONAL CRWA & MARGINS

INSTITUTIONAL CREDIT RWA MOVEMENT¹

\$b

		l16 /s Sep 15)	2H16 (Sep 16 vs Mar 16)		FY16 change
	Aus & NZ	International	Aus & NZ	International	Total
Trade	-1.0	-5.6	-0.1	-2.6	-9.2
Loans	0.9	-5.5	-3.1	-5.1	-12.9
Other ²	-3.2	-2.9	0.2	0	-5.8

INSTITUTIONAL NIM^{1,3}



^{1.} PNG included in Australia geography.

^{2.} Other is primarily Markets

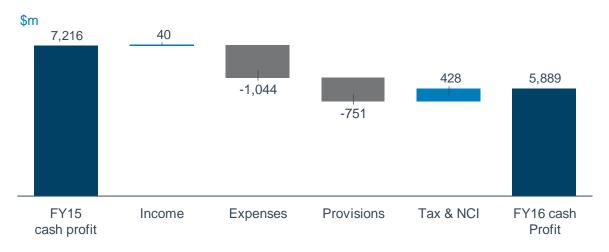
^{3.} Net interest margin excluding Markets



OPERATING PERFORMANCE

CASH PROFIT

FULL YEAR 2016



	Cash Profit	Adj. Pro- forma
	change	change
Income	0.2%	3.5%
Expenses	11.1%	0.9%
PBP	-9.0%	5.7%
Provisions	62.3%	79.8%
Net Profit	-18.4%	-2.5%
EPS (basic)	-22.2%	-7.0%



	Cash Profit change	Adj. Pro- forma change
Income	-0.5%	0.6%
Expenses	-9.8%	-0.4%
PBP	9.9%	1.4%
Provisions	13.1%	13.6%
Net Profit	11.7%	-0.9%
EPS (basic)	11.3%	-1.2%



PORTFOLIO CONTRIBUTION

ADJUSTED PRO-FORMA





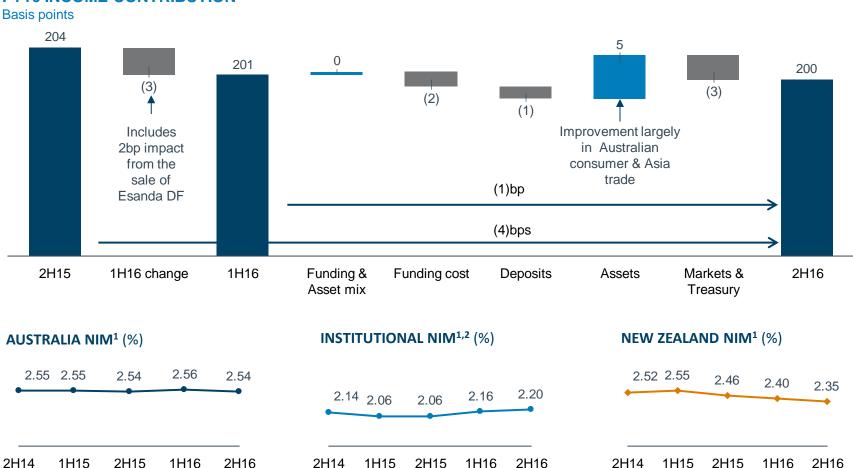
Adjusted Pro-forma	FY16 vs FY15	2H16 vs 1H16
AUSTRALIA DIVISION		
Income	8.8%	1.7%
Expenses	3.0%	1.1%
Profit Before Provisions	12.2%	2.0%
Cash Profit	10.3%	2.7%
NEW ZEALAND DIVISION (NZD)		
Income	3.1%	1.6%
Expenses	-2.3%	0.5%
Profit Before Provisions	6.6%	2.3%
Cash Profit	3.4%	-1.6%
INSTITUTIONAL		
Income	-6.1%	-0.5%
Expenses	0.8%	-6.0%
Profit Before Provisions	-12.6%	5.8%
Cash Profit	-33.8%	-5.6%



INCOME DRIVERS

GROUP NET INTEREST MARGIN

FY16 INCOME CONTRIBUTION

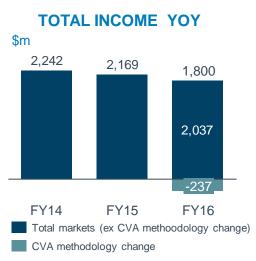


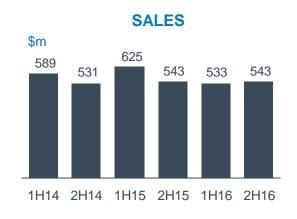
- 1. Prior halves restated for divisional resegmentation
- 2. Institutional NIM excluding markets



INCOME DRIVERS

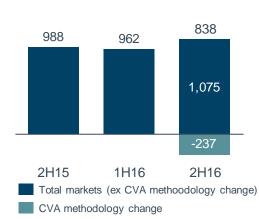
MARKETS INCOME





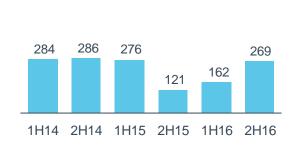


TOTAL INCOME HOH





\$m



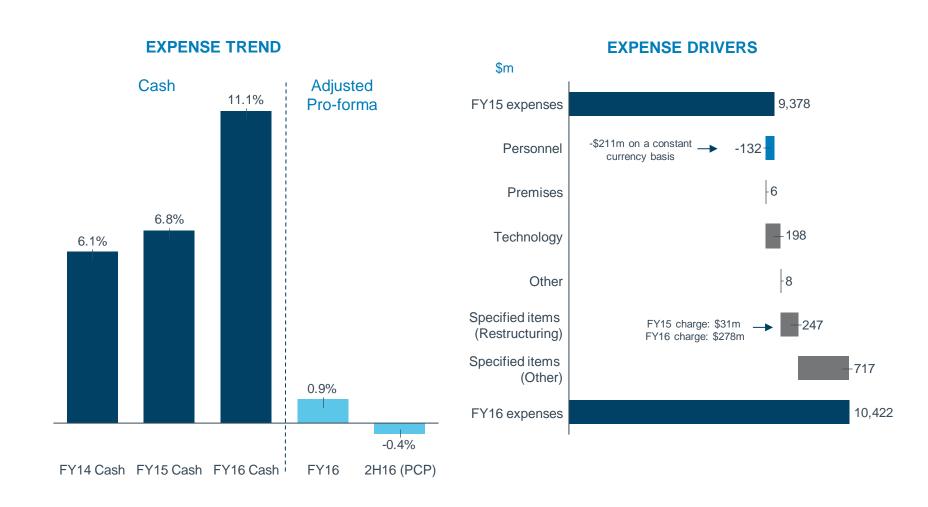
VALUATION ADJUSTMENTS \$m (CVA & FVA¹)



CVA methodology change (specified item)



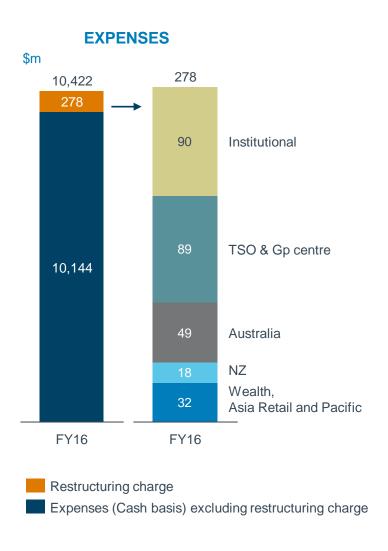
COST MANAGEMENT





COST MANAGEMENT

RESTRUCTURING COSTS DRIVING SIMPLIFICATION, REDUCING FTE

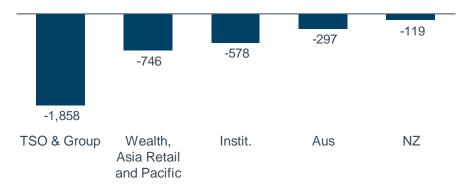


ACTIONS

- FTE reductions ~ 3,600 (7%) in 2016
 - ~50% from role eliminations, utilising restructuring spend
- FY16 actions (from restructuring charge spent: \$166m of \$278m)
 - Delivered savings of ~\$100 m in FY16
 - Expected to deliver ~\$200m savings annually from FY17
- FY17 actions (from remaining restructuring charge: \$112m of \$278m)
 - Expected FY17 benefit of ~\$100m
 - Expected to deliver ~\$200m savings annually from FY18

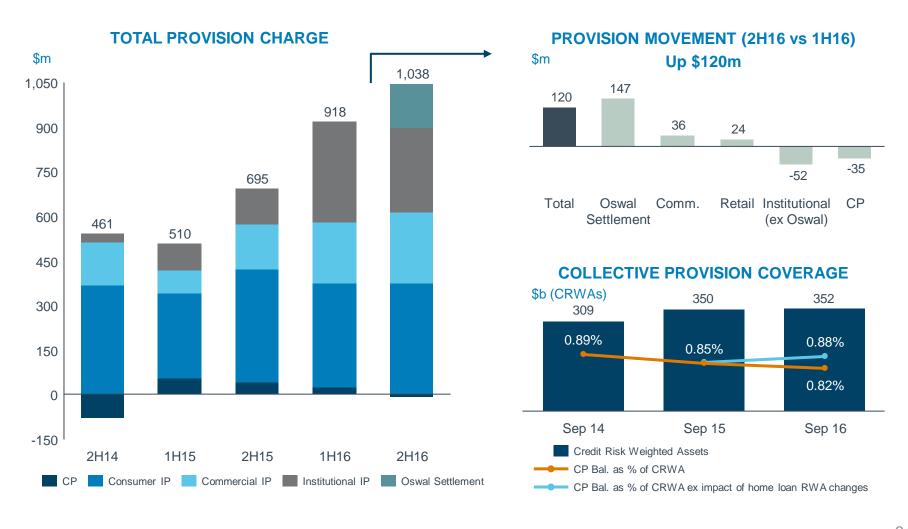
FULL TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE) FY16 MOVEMENT







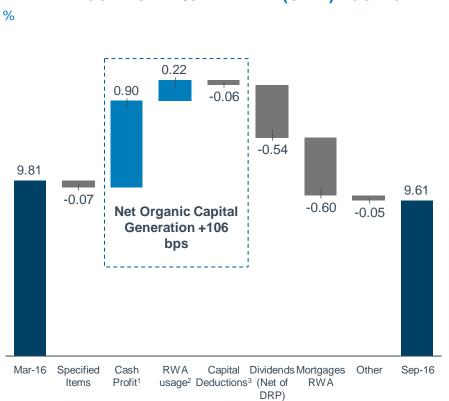
PROVISIONS



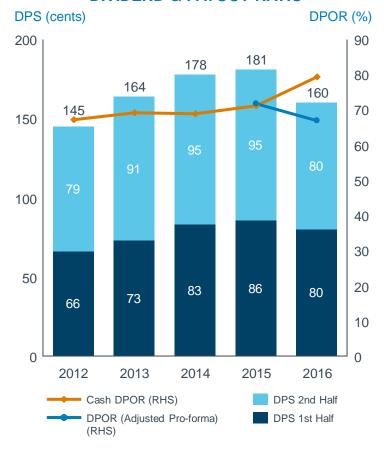


CAPITAL MANAGEMENT & DIVIDEND

APRA COMMON EQUITY TIER 1 (CET1) POSITION



DIVIDEND & PAYOUT RATIO



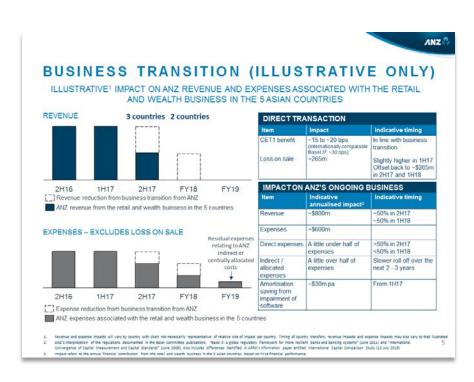
^{1.} Cash profit is on an Adjusted Pro-forma basis adjusted for 'Specified items'

^{2.} Includes EL vs. EP shortfall

^{3.} Represents the movement in retained earnings in deconsolidated entities, capitalised software and other intangibles



TRANSITION OF ASIA RETAIL AND WEALTH PORTFOLIO



Sale of retail and wealth business in Singapore, China, Hong Kong, Taiwan and Indonesia announced 31 October 2016

- No impact in FY16
- Estimated premium of \$110m to NTA
- Estimated CET1 release of 15-20bps
- Net transaction P&L impact of \$265m, expected to be slightly higher in the first half of financial year 2017, but offset back to ~\$265m in subsequent periods
- Revenue, direct expenses and provisions to go as country sales complete over next 18 months
- Indirect expenses to roll off more slowly (largely over the next 2-3 years)



ANZ RETAIL & WEALTH TRANSACTION OVERVIEW

Overview

- ANZ to sell its retail and wealth business in Singapore, China, Hong Kong, Taiwan and Indonesia to DBS Bank Limited
- Sale reflects the bank's strategic priority to create a simpler, better capitalised and better balanced bank, and follows a
 review of the retail and wealth business in Asia, taking into consideration:
 - changes in the retail regulatory environment
 - ongoing investment required to build a distinctive Asia retail customer proposition
 - strategic focus of the bank to grow in attractive areas where we can carve out winning positions and improve capital efficiency and shareholder returns
- Transaction enables resources in Asia to be focused on running a world class institutional business in the region, serving key institutional clients connected to the region via trade and capital flows

Transaction summary (ANZ financials as at 30 September 2016)

- Business being sold includes ~\$11 billion in gross loans and advances, ~\$7 billion in credit risk weighted assets and ~\$17 billion in deposits
- In FY16, the business generated revenue of ~\$825 million, provisions of ~\$160 million; and net profit of ~\$50 million
- Sale price represents an estimated premium to net tangible assets at completion of approximately \$110 million
- As part of the transaction, ANZ will take a net loss of ~\$265 million including write-downs of software, goodwill and fixed assets; and separation and transaction costs. The impact is expected to be slightly higher in the first half of financial year 2017, but offset back to ~\$265 million in subsequent periods

Capital impact

 Sale is expected to improve ANZ's CET1 ratio by ~15 to ~20 bps (~30 bps internationally comparable Basel 3¹), and excluding the write-downs in 1HFY17, there will be a small impact on ROE and EPS

Timing

Sales of the business will occur progressively over the next 18 months, with 3 of the 5 countries expected to occur during
the second half of the 2017 financial year, and the remaining 2 in the first half of financial year 2018. Sale is conditional
upon regulatory approval in each market

^{1.} ANZ's interpretation of the regulations documented in the Basel Committee publications; "Basel 3: A global regulatory framework for more resilient banks and banking systems" (June 2011) and "International Convergence of Capital Measurement and Capital Standards" (June 2006). Also includes differences identified in APRA's information paper entitled International Capital Comparison Study (13 July 2015)



ANZ ASIA PORTFOLIO

ONGOING BUSINESS¹

ANZ Institutional Asia

Gross loans and advances \$43b

Deposits \$41b

FTE 1,490

Coverage (Asian Markets) 15

Products

- Relationship banking corporate and institutional banking
- Markets, loans and specialised finance customer solutions, corporate and institutional sales, commodities solutions, trading, debt capital markets, syndications, project & structured finance, structured asset finance, structured export finance
- Transaction banking trade and supply chain, payments and cash management and clearing services

ANZ operational hubs

FTE >9.100

Locations: Bengaluru, India; Manila, Philippines; Chengdu, China

NON CORE BUSINESS

Retail and Wealth Asia – this transaction²

Gross loans and advances ~\$11b Deposits ~\$17b Countries 5

Minority investments in Asia³

of material minority investments 4 Carrying value ~4.1bn

^{1.} as at 30 September 2016

^{2.} excludes ANZ retail and wealth businesses in Vietnam, Cambodia, Philippines & Japan

^{3.} carrying value as at 31 March 2016 refers to ANZ's equity accounted investments in AMMB Holdings Berhad, PT Bank Pan Indonesia and Shanghai Rural Commercial Bank. The fourth minority investment refers to ANZ's investment in Bank of Tianjin, accounted for as an available-for-sale asset



2016 FULL YEAR INVESTOR DISCUSSION PACK

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND
BANKING GROUP LIMITED
November 2016

CORPORATE PROFILE



OVERVIEW



- Founded in 1835 and headquartered in Melbourne, Australia, ANZ is one of the four largest Australian banks and ranked in the top 25 banks globally by market capitalisation
- ANZ serves over 10 million retail, commercial and institutional customers¹, with consumer and corporate offerings in our core markets and supporting regional trade and investment flows across the region
- ANZ is listed on the Australian Stock Exchange (ASX) with a secondary listing on the New Zealand Stock Exchange (NZX)
- Credit Ratings: S&P AA- / Negative outlook, Moody's Aa2 / Negative outlook, Fitch AA- / Stable outlook

	Cash NPAT	Customer Lending ³	Customer Deposits	RoRWA ²	Staff (FTE)
ANZ Group FY16	\$5,889m	\$575.9b	\$449.6b	1.44%	46,554
Australia Division	\$3,573m	\$327.1b	\$187.6b	2.27%	8,864
New Zealand Division	\$1,267m	\$107.9b	\$72.8b	1.78%	5,240
Institutional Division	\$1,057m	\$125.9b	\$171.1b	0.75%	3,640
Australia	\$599m	\$65.9b	\$65.4b		
New Zealand	\$190m	\$7.0b	\$14.3b		
International	\$268m	\$53.0b	\$91.4b		

Customer numbers as at 30 September 2015

^{2.} RoRWA: Return on Average Risk Weighted Assets



STRATEGIC FOCUS

1. Create a simpler, better capitalised, better balanced and more agile bank

- 1. Reduce operating costs and risks by removing product and management complexity
- 2. Exit low return and non-core businesses
- 3. Reduce reliance on low-return aspects of Institutional banking in particular
- 4. Further strengthen the balance sheet by rebalancing our portfolio

2. Focus our efforts on attractive areas where we can carve out a winning position

- 1. Make buying and owning a home or starting, running and growing a small business in Australia and New Zealand easy
- 2. Be the best bank in the world for customers driven by the movement of goods and capital in our region

3. Drive a purpose and values led transformation of the Bank

- 1. Create a stronger sense of core purpose, ethics and fairness,
- 2. Invest in leaders who can help sense and navigate the rapidly changing environment

4. Build a superior everyday experience for our people and customers in order to compete in the digital age

1. Build more convenient, engaging banking solutions to simplify the lives of customers and our own people

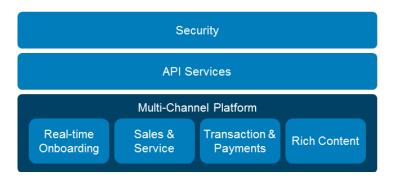


DIGITAL, TECHNOLOGY & OPERATIONS

OUR PORTFOLIO OF DIGITAL SOLUTIONS



SUPPORTED BY OUR MULTI-CHANNEL PLATFORM (MCP)

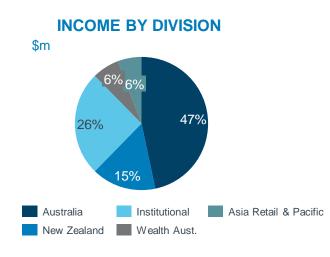


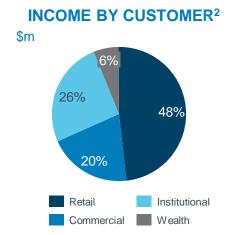
DELIVERING BETTER CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE

- First major Australian bank to launch Apple PayTM and Android PayTM. the only bank in New Zealand to offer Apple PayTM
- Over 1 million customers using goMoney[™] apps on our new Digital Banking Multi-Channel Platform.
- Leading levels of customer satisfaction with Mobile Banking channels (98% in NZ, 92% in Australia).
- Digital Identity Verification launched with 65% of customers applying for a savings account online having their identity verified successfully.
- \$72b transactions processed p.a. over goMoney[™] mobile.
- New ANZ website with redesigned Home Loans pages optimised for any device
- Multiple awards for customer service/excellence and security (Best Customer Experience Credit Cards, Best Consumer Digital Bank in Pacific, ANZ Indonesia - Customer Experience Banking, Australian Information Security "Information Security Project of the Year").
- Banker Desktop implemented for Personal Loans to enable seamless interaction with customers from discovery to fulfilment.
- Enhanced GROW with new Wealth products and Apple Touch Id and Watch support.



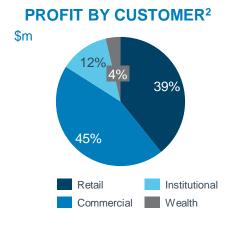
EARNINGS













Information is on a Cash basis unless otherwise specified and exclude TSO & Group Centre

Wealth refers to Wealth Australia customers.

^{2.} Pro-forma basis



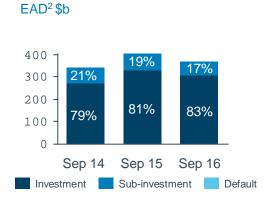
BALANCE SHEET



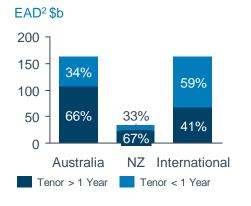


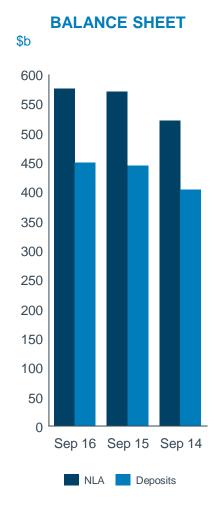


INSTITUTIONAL GRADE



INSTITUTIONAL BY TENOR





NOTE: Information is on a Cash basis unless otherwise specified

Net Loans and Advances. Excludes TSO & Group Centre. Australia includes PNG.

^{2.} Exposure-at-default as defined by APRA standards

^{3.} Excludes TSO & Group Centre. Australia includes PNG



RISK WEIGHTED ASSETS BY DIVISION

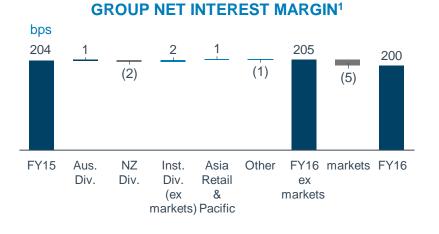
\$b (AUD)	Australia Division	Institutional Division	New Zealand Divisional	Other ¹	TOTAL
Sep 2015					
Credit Risk Weighted Assets	114	169	49	18	350
Market & Operational Risk Weighted Assets	16	29	6	1	52
Total Risk Weighted Assets	130	198	55	19	402
Institutional total RWAs by region Australia & New Zealand		102			
Asia, Pacific, Europe & America		96			
Sep 2016					
Credit Risk Weighted Assets	140	141	53	18	352
Market & Operational Risk Weighted Assets	17	27	6	7	57
Total Risk Weighted Assets	157	168	59	25	409
Institutional total RWAs by region Australia & New Zealand		93			
Asia, Pacific, Europe & America		75			
Movement					
Credit RWA movement	+26	-28	+4	0	+2
Total RWA movement	+27	-30	+4	+6	+7
Institutional total RWAs by region Australia & New Zealand		-9			
Asia, Pacific, Europe & America		-21			
Credit RWA movement: Major drivers (ex. BAU growth)					
Mortgage RWA regulatory changes	+26				+26
Esanda Dealer Finance Sale	-5				-5
Active RWA management		-22			-22
FX		-6			-6

^{1.} Other: includes Asia Retail & Pacific, Wealth Australia, Technology, Services & Operations, and Group Centre

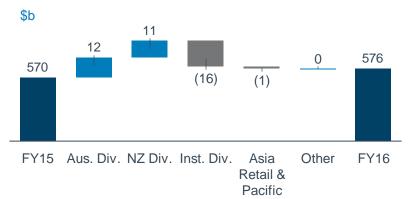


VOLUMES & MARGINS





NET LOANS AND ADVANCES



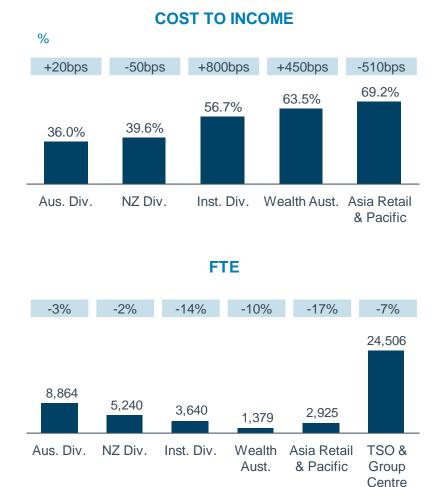
Information is on a Cash basis unless otherwise specified

^{1.} Australia Division: September 2016 full year included \$31 million (September 2016 half: nil, March 2016 half: \$31million; September 2015 full year: \$255 million) related to the Esanda Dealer Finance assets divested to Macquarie in the March 2016 half.



PRODUCTIVITY

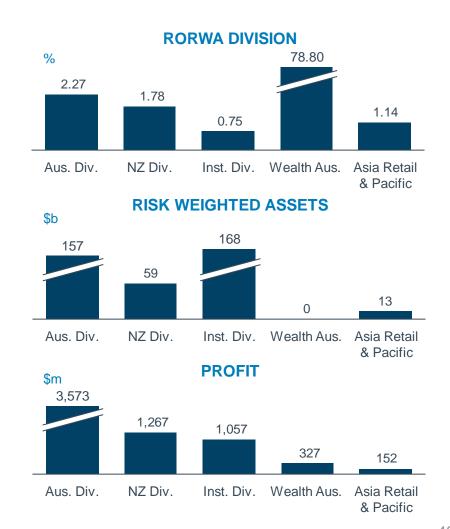






PROFITABILITY







2016 FULL YEAR INVESTOR DISCUSSION PACK

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND
BANKING GROUP LIMITED
November 2016

TREASURY



REGULATORY CAPITAL

CAPITAL UPDATE

Capital Position

- APRA CET1 ratio of 9.6% on an APRA basis or 14.5% on an Internationally Comparable¹ basis – comfortably above Basel top quartile² CET1 of 13.1%
- APRA Leverage ratio of 5.3% or 6.0% on an Internationally Comparable basis

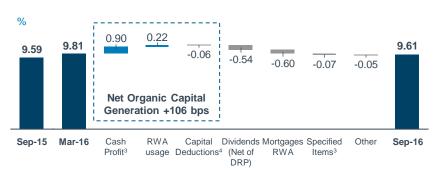
Organic Capital Generation

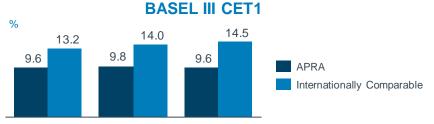
- 2H16 organic capital generation of 106 bps in 2H16 is 33 bps higher than recent 2H averages⁵, driven mainly by the reduction in Institutional Credit RWA from lending movement (\$12b over 2H16 and \$21b over FY16, FX adjusted)
- Net regulatory and other RWA impost of \$26b for 2H16 driven mainly by higher RWA requirements for Australian Mortgages
- Final dividend of 80 cents per share reflects revised dividend strategy as announced in 1H16

Capital Outlook

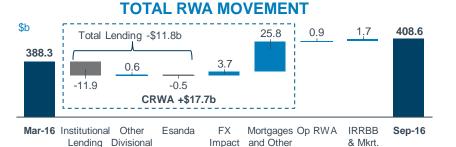
 Changes to capital requirements arising from Basel RWA reforms ("Basel IV") yet to be finalised, however, other minor RWA imposts likely

APRA COMMON EQUITY TIER 1 (CET1)





Sep-16



CRWA

impacts

RWA

Sep-15

Mar-16

Lending

^{1.} Internationally Comparable methodology aligns with APRA's information paper entitled International Capital Comparison Study (13 July 2015). Basel III Internationally Comparable ratios do not include an estimate of the Basel I capital floor. 2. Based on Group 1 banks as identified by the BIS (internationally active banks with Tier 1 capital of more than €3 billion). The top quartile of this group was 13.1% as at December 2015. 3. Cash profit is on pro forma basis adjusted for 'Specified items'. 4. Represents the movement in retained earnings in deconsolidated entities, capitalised software, EL v EP shortfall and other intangibles. 5. 2012-2015 2H averages



REGULATORY CAPITAL GENERATION

COMMON EQUITY TIER 1 GENERATION (bps)	Second half average 2H12 – 2H15	2H16	Full year average FY12 – FY15	FY16
Cash Profit	102	90 ¹	204	173 ¹
RWA movement	(16)	22	(42)	25
Capital Deductions ²	(13)	(6)	(32)	(21)
Net capital generation	73	106	130	177
Gross dividend	(64)	(60)	(135)	(127)
Dividend Reinvestment Plan	16	6	29	13
Core change in CET1 capital ratio	25	52	24	63
Other non-core and non-recurring items	2	(72)	9	(61)
Net change in CET1 Capital ratio	27	(20)	33	2

Organic Capital Generation

- Net capital generation for FY16 and 2H16 are 177 bps and 106 bps respectively, which is higher than prior period averages (+47 bps and +33 bps respectively). This reflects the benefit of strong balance sheet discipline and the Group's strategic intent to run-off low return assets in Institutional, offsetting lower Cash NPAT
- Non-core and non-recurring items in 2H16 and FY16 largely reflects the impact of Australian IRB mortgage RWA at 25% (-60bps)

^{1.} Cash profit is on an Adjusted Pro-forma basis, adjusted for 'Specified items'

^{2.} Represents the movement in retained earnings in deconsolidated entities, capitalised software, EL v EP shortfall and other intangibles



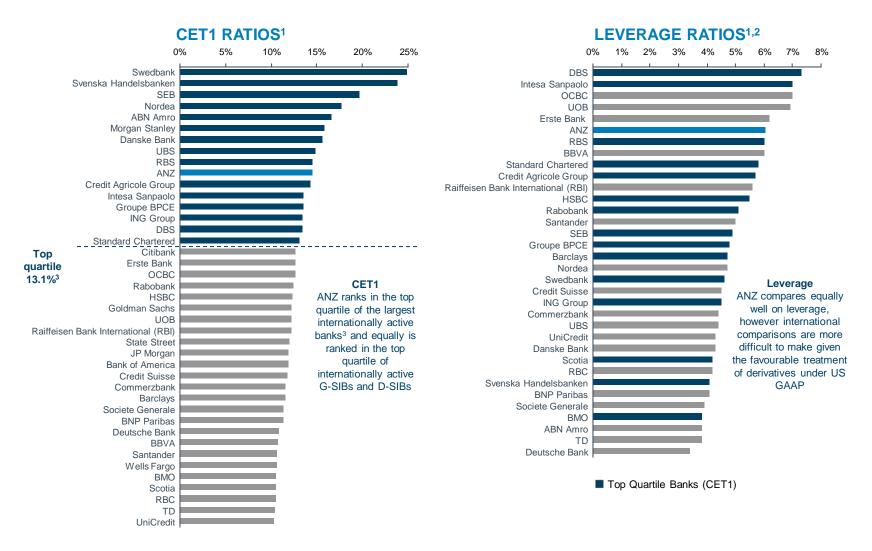
INTERNATIONALLY COMPARABLE REGULATORY CAPITAL POSITION

APRA Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) – 30 September 2016				
Corporate undrawn EAD and unsecured LGD adjustments	Australian ADI unsecured corporate lending LGDs and undrawn CCFs exceed those applied in many jurisdictions	1.5%		
Equity Investments & DTA	APRA requires 100% deduction from CET1 vs. Basel framework which allows concessional threshold prior to deduction	1.0%		
Mortgages	APRA requires use of 20% mortgage LGD floor vs. 10% under Basel framework. Additionally, APRA also requires a higher correlation factor vs 15% under Basel framework to target an average risk weighting of at least 25% for Australian residential mortgages	1.1%		
Specialised Lending	APRA requires supervisory slotting approach which results in more conservative risk weights than under Basel framework	0.6%		
IRRBB RWA	APRA includes in Pillar 1 RWA. This is not required under the Basel framework	0.3%		
Other Includes impact of deductions from CET1 for capitalised expenses and deferred fee income required by APRA, currency conversion threshold and other retail standardised exposures		0.4%		
Basel III Internationally Comparable CET1				
Basel III Internationally Comparable Tier 1 Ratio				
Basel III Internationally Comparable Total Capital Ratio				

^{1.} Internationally Comparable methodology aligns with APRA's information paper entitled International Capital Comparison Study (13 July 2015). Basel III Internationally Comparable ratios do not include an estimate of the Basel I capital floor



CET1 AND LEVERAGE IN A GLOBAL CONTEXT

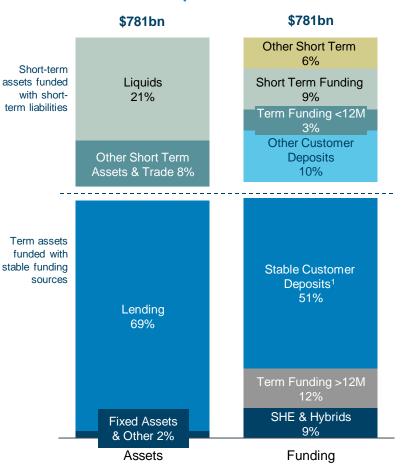


^{1.} CET1 and leverage ratios are based on ANZ estimated adjustment for accrued expected future dividends where applicable. ANZ ratios are on an Internationally Comparable basis. All data sourced from company reports and ANZ estimates based on last reported half/full year results assuming Basel III capital reforms fully implemented. 2. Includes adjustments for transitional AT1 where applicable. Exclude US banks as leverage ratio exposures are based on US GAAP accounting and therefore incomparable with other jurisdictions which are based on IFRS. 3. Based on Group 1 banks as identified by the BIS (internationally active banks with Tier 1 capital of more than €3 billion). The top quartile of this group was 13.1% as at December 2015



BALANCE SHEET STRUCTURE

FUNDED BALANCE SHEET September 2016



NET STABLE FUNDING RATIO (NSFR) September 2016

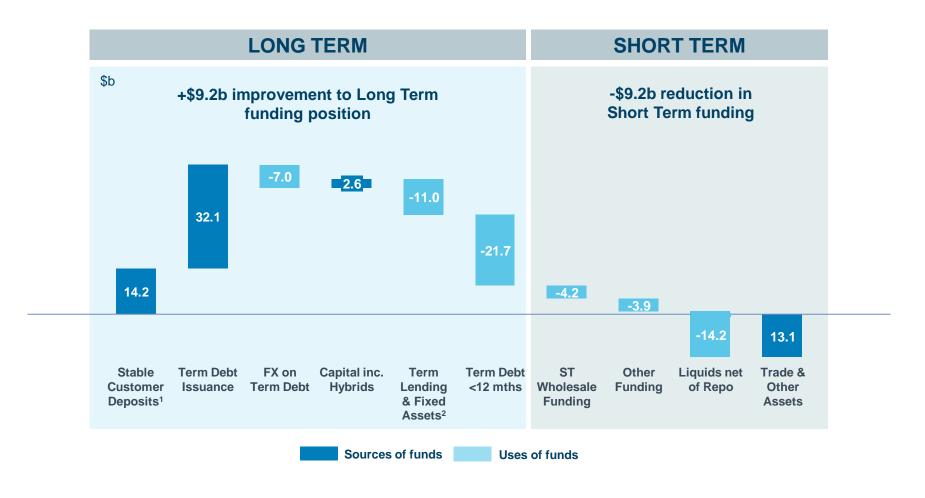


^{1.} Stable customer deposits represent operational type deposits or those sourced from retail / business / corporate customers and the stable component of Other funding liabilities. 2. Sovereign, PSE and FI Deposits. 3. Off Balance Sheet, Derivatives, Fixed Assets and Other Assets. 4. All lending other than Residential Mortgages <35% Risk Weight. 5. Includes NSFR impact of self-securitised assets backing the CLF



BALANCE SHEET COMPOSITION

The structural composition of the balance sheet improved in FY16



^{1.} Stable customer deposits represent operational type deposits or those sourced from retail / business / corporate customers and the stable component of Other funding liabilities

^{2.} Excludes trade lending, repo, interbank and bills of acceptances



LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO

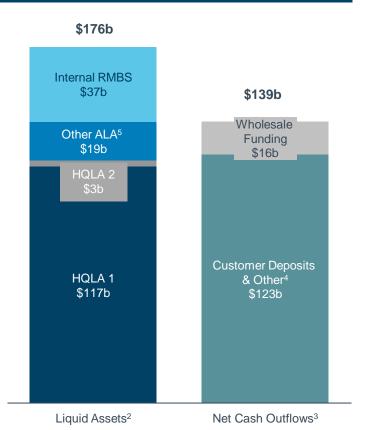
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) March 2016

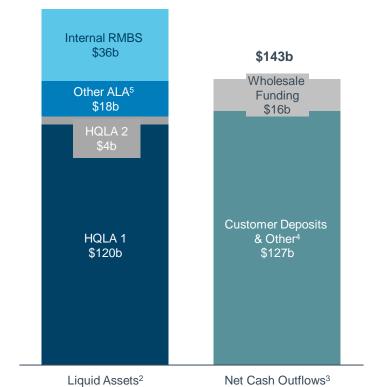
Average¹ LCR 126% (\$37b Surplus)

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) September 2016

Average¹ LCR 125% (\$35b Surplus)

\$178b

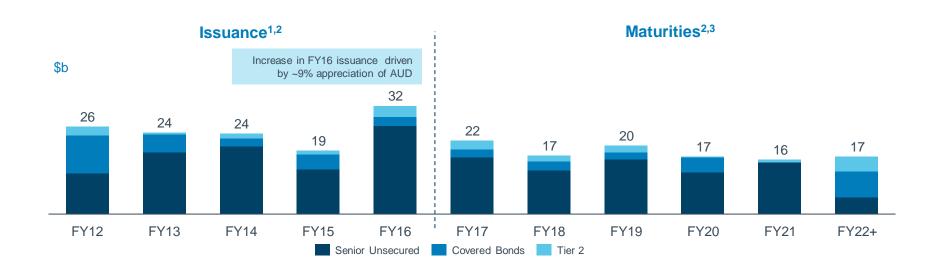


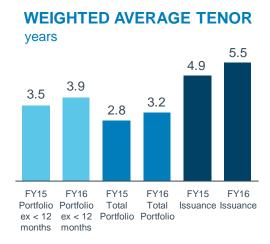


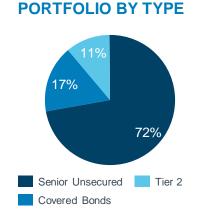
^{1.} Half year average calculated as prescribed per APRA Prudential Regulatory Standard (APS 210 Liquidity) and consistent with APS 330 requirements. 2. Post Haircut market value as prescribed per APS 210, includes Committed Liquidity Facility: \$54bn as at 30 September 2015, \$50bn as at 31 March 2016. 3. Basel III LCR 30 day stress scenario cash outflows. 4. Other includes off-balance sheet and cash inflows 5. Comprised of assets qualifying as collateral for the CLF, excluding internal RMBS, up to approved facility limit; and any liquid assets contained in the RBNZ's Liquidity Policy - Annex: Liquidity Assets - Prudential Supervision Department Document BS13A12

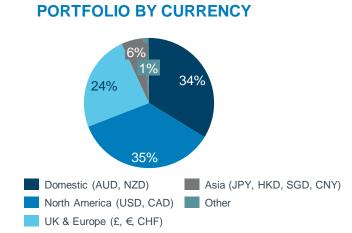


TERM WHOLESALE FUNDING PORTFOLIO







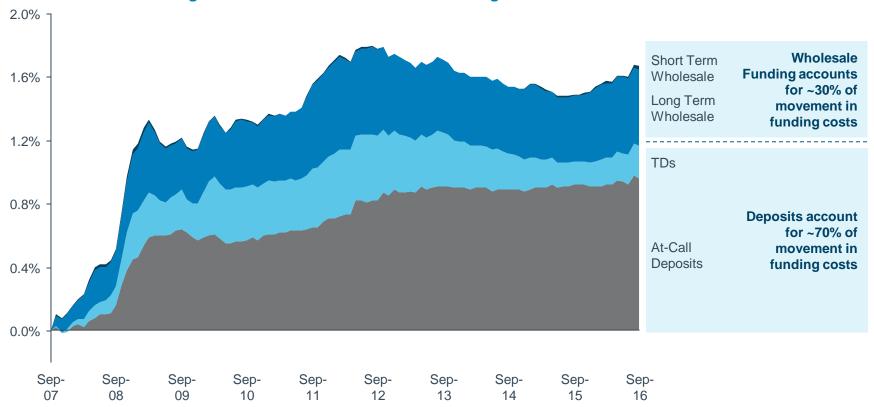




AUS HOME LOANS FUNDING COSTS

INCREASE IN FUNDING COSTS RELATIVE TO OFFICIAL RBA CASH RATE DRIVEN MAINLY BY INCREASED COMPETITION FOR DEPOSITS

Weighted difference in Home Loans Funding Costs to Official Cash Rate





2016 FULL YEAR INVESTOR DISCUSSION PACK

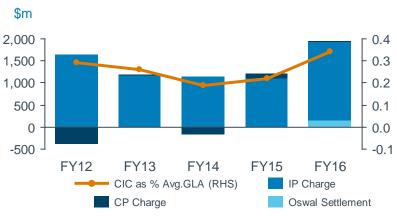
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND
BANKING GROUP LIMITED
November 2016

RISK MANAGEMENT



TOTAL & COLLECTIVE PROVISION (CP) CHARGE

TOTAL PROVISION CHARGE



CP BALANCE BY DIVISION \$m 2,956 2,876 3,000 **FY16 vs FY15** \$m 2,000 Divisional mvt 17 FX impact (19)1,000 (78)Esanda DF sale 0 Sep 15 Sep 16 Insto. NZ Asia Retail & Pacific TSO Group Centre

TOTAL PROVISION CHARGE COMPOSITION

\$m

	1H14	2H14	1H15	2H15	1H16	2H16
CIC	528	461	510	695	918	1,038*
CP Composition						
Lending Growth	85	61	54	50	56	-59
Risk/Portfolio Mix	-200	-52	8	62	-30	50
Eco Cycle	41	-90	-7	-72	0	0

^{*} Includes Oswal Settlement (\$147m)

* Includes Cowel Settlement (\$147m)

CIC: Total Credit Impairment charge

CRWA & CP AS A % OF CRWA

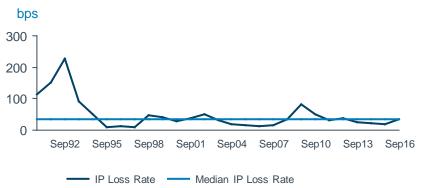
\$b FY16 CRWA includes new regulatory RWA impost of \$26b for Australian Mortgages, resulting in decline in CP / CRWA% coverage ratio. Adjusting for this change ratio is 0.88%



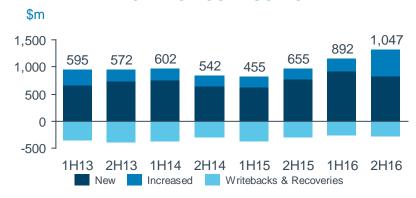


INDIVIDUAL PROVISION (IP) CHARGE

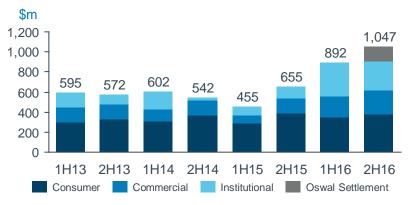
ANZ HISTORICAL OBSERVED LOSS RATES



IP CHARGE COMPOSITION



IP CHARGE BY SEGMENT



IP CHARGE BY REGION





IMPAIRED ASSETS

CONTROL LIST



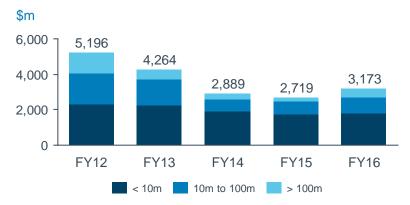
NEW IMPAIRED ASSETS BY DIVISION



GROSS IMPAIRED ASSETS¹ BY DIVISION



GROSS IMPAIRED ASSETS¹ BY EXPOSURE SIZE

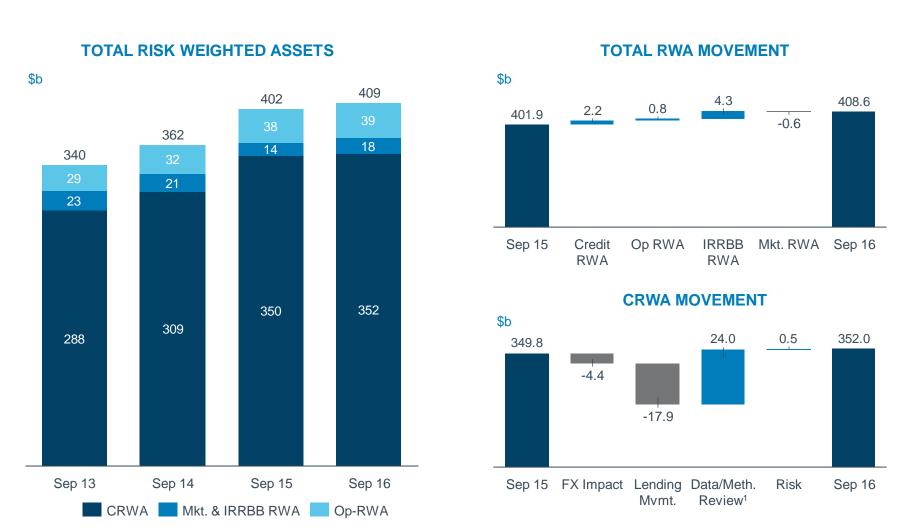


Impaired Assets inclusive of Oswal settlement

Other includes Retail Asia & Pacific and Australia Wealth



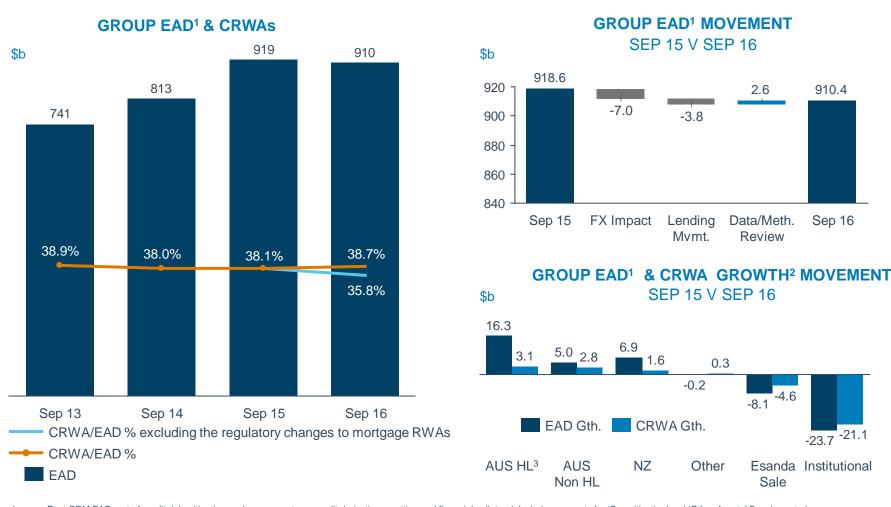
RISK WEIGHTED ASSETS



^{1.} Primarily driven by change to Residential Mortgage risk weights in July 2016 (resulting in a ~\$26b CRWA uplift)



RISK WEIGHTED ASSETS



^{1.} Post CRM EAD, net of credit risk mitigation such as guarantees, credit derivatives, netting and financial collateral. Includes amounts for 'Securitisation' and 'Other Assets' Basel asset classes

^{2.} Refers to lending movement, excluding FX Impact, Data/Meth Review and Risk

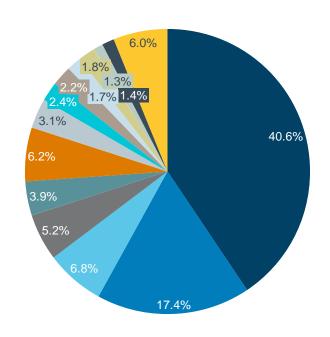
^{3.} Excludes impact of mortgage risk weight regulatory change



PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION

EXPOSURE AT DEFAULT (EAD) AS A % OF GROUP TOTAL

TOTAL GROUP EAD (Sep 16) = \$895b¹



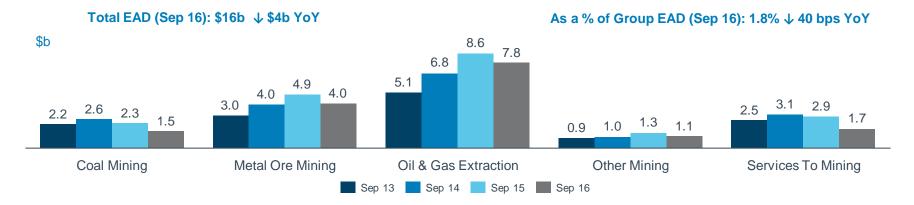
Category	% of Gr	% of Group EAD		olio in Non rming	Portfolio Balance in Non Performing	
	Sep 15	Sep 16	Sep 15	Sep 16	Sep 16	
Consumer Lending	38.6%	40.6%	0.2%	0.1%	\$427m	
Finance, Investment & Insurance	18.8%	17.4%	0.1%	0.1%	\$82m	
Property Services	6.6%	6.8%	0.7%	0.4%	\$225m	
Manufacturing	6.3%	5.2%	0.6%	1.6%	\$742m	
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing	3.7%	3.9%	1.8%	1.5%	\$520m	
Government & Official Institutions	4.6%	6.2%	0.0%	0.0%	\$0m	
Wholesale trade	3.9%	3.1%	0.4%	0.5%	\$141m	
Retail Trade	2.6%	2.4%	0.7%	1.2%	\$262m	
Transport & Storage	2.3%	2.2%	1.1%	0.4%	\$87m	
Business Services	1.9%	1.7%	0.9%	0.9%	\$136m	
Resources (Mining)	2.2%	1.8%	2.3%	2.9%	\$461m	
Electricity, Gas & Water Supply	1.4%	1.3%	0.1%	0.0%	\$5m	
Construction	1.6%	1.4%	1.7%	2.0%	\$253m	
Other	5.5%	6.0%	0.4%	0.4%	\$209m	
Total	100.0%	100.0%			\$3,550m	
Total Group EAD¹ \$b	\$898b	\$895b				

^{1.} EAD excludes amounts for 'Securitisation' and 'Other Assets' Basel classes and manual adjustments. Data provided is as at Sep 16 on a Post CRM basis, net of credit risk mitigation such as guarantees, credit derivatives, netting and financial collateral. Note that APS330 disclosure is reported on a Post CRM basis from 30June 2016

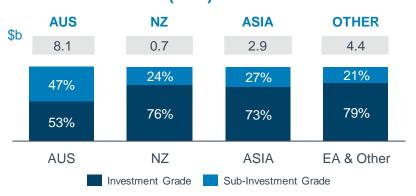


GROUP RESOURCES PORTFOLIO

RESOURCES EXPOSURE BY SECTOR



RESOURCES EXPOSURE CREDIT QUALITY (EAD)



RESOURCES PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

- Portfolio is skewed towards well capitalised and lower cost resource producers. 22% of the book is less than one year duration
- Investment grade exposures represent 65% of portfolio vs.
 68% at Sep 15 and Trade business unit accounts for 14% of the total Resources EAD
- Mining services customers are subject to heightened oversight given the cautious outlook for the services sector

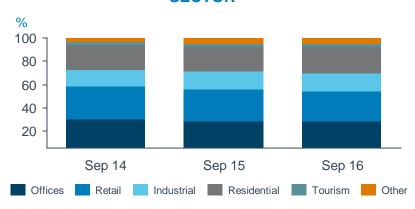


COMMERCIAL PROPERTY PORTFOLIO

COMMERCIAL PROPERTY OUTSTANDINGS BY REGION¹



COMMERCIAL PROPERTY OUTSTANDINGS BY SECTOR¹



PROPERTY PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

- After strong 1H16 growth, Australian volumes reduced during 2H16. Residential fell from 1H16 due to loan repayments from completed projects and appetite tightening implemented in 2Q16
- New outstandings grew nearly 8% HoH due to underlying volume growth across all major commercial property sectors as well as exchange rate translation movements
- APEA² reduced in 4Q16 reflecting loan repayments, sell downs and run-off of lower return lending

As per ARF230 disclosure

^{2.} APEA = Asia Pacific, Europe & America

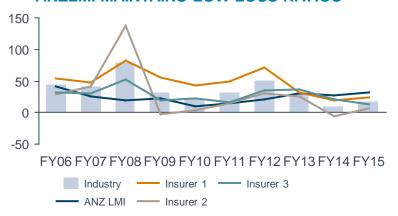


ANZLMI HAS MAINTAINED STABLE LOSS RATIOS

FINANCIAL YEAR 2016 RESULTS

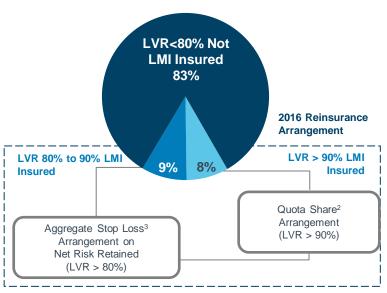
Gross Written Premium (\$m)	\$196m
Net Claims Paid (\$m)	\$26m
Loss Rate (of Exposure)	5.1 bps

ANZLMI MAINTAINS LOW LOSS RATIOS¹



LMI & REINSURANCE STRUCTURE

Australian Home Loan portfolio LMI and Reinsurance Structure at 30 Sep 2016 (% FUM)



ANZLMI uses a **diversified panel of reinsurers** (10+) comprising a mix of APRA authorised reinsurers and reinsurers with highly rated security

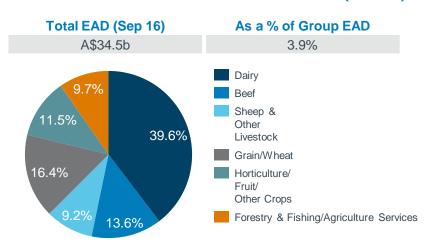
Reinsurance is comprised of a **Quota Share arrangement²** with reinsurers for mortgages 90% LVR and above and in addition an **Aggregate Stop Loss arrangement³** for policies over 80% LVR

^{1.} Negative Loss ratios are the result of reductions in outstanding claims provisions. Source: APRA general insurance statistics (loss ratio net of reinsurance); 2. Quota Share arrangement - reinsurer assumes an agreed reinsured % whereby reinsurer shares all premiums and losses accordingly with ANZLMI; 3. Aggregate Stop Loss arrangement -reinsurer indemnifies ANZLMI for an aggregate (or cumulative) amount of losses in excess of a specified aggregate amount. When the sum of the losses exceeds the pre-agreed amount, the reinsurer will be liable to pay the excess up to a pre-agreed upper limit.

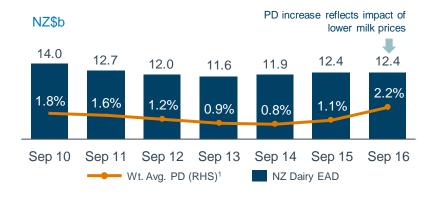


GROUP AGRICULTURE PORTFOLIO

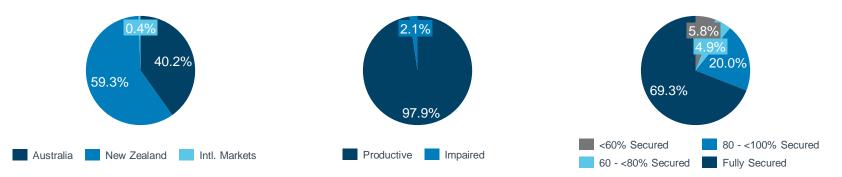
AGRICULTURE EXPOSURE BY SECTOR (% EAD)



NEW ZEALAND DAIRY CREDIT QUALITY



GROUP AGRICULTURE EAD SPLITS²



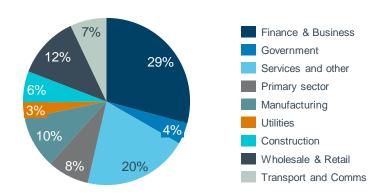
Wholesale PD model changes account for 55 bps in FY16

^{2.} Security indicator is based on ANZ extended security valuations

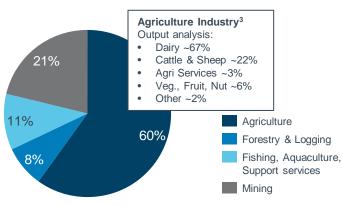


NEW ZEALAND MARKET CHARACTERISTICS

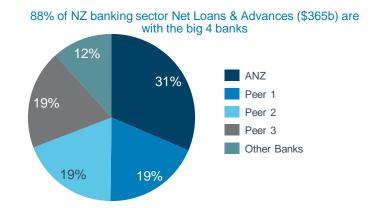
GDP CONTRIBUTION BY INDUSTRY¹



PRIMARY SECTOR GDP CONTRIBUTION³

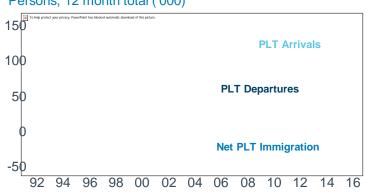


BANKING MARKET²



POSITIVE MIGRATION IMPACT ON POPULATION⁴





^{1.} Statistics NZ. 2 Source: 2015 KPMG Financial Institutions Performance Survey. 3. Statistics NZ, ANZ analysis, as at June 2016. 4. Statistics NZ, as at September 2016. PLT refers to Permanent Long Term. Data as at September 2016.

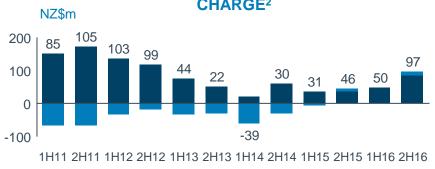


NEW ZEALAND

NEW ZEALAND GEOGRAPHY GROSS IMPAIRED ASSETS

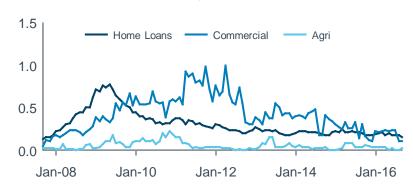


NEW ZEALAND GEOGRAPHY TOTAL PROVISION CHARGE²

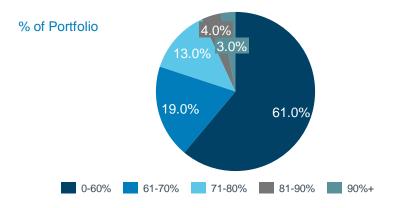


IP Charge CP Charge

NEW ZEALAND DIVISION 90+DAYS DELINQUENCIES



MORTGAGE DYNAMIC LOAN TO VALUE RATIO¹



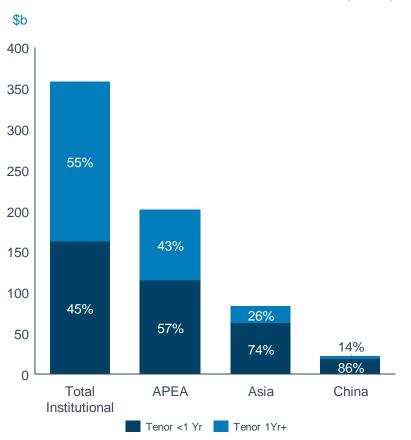
^{1.} Average dynamic LVR as at Aug 2016 (not weighed by balance)

^{2.} Credit valuation adjustments (CVA) for customers with CCR10 are reported differently for cash profit and headline views of earnings. In the headline (statutory) view of provision reported above, changes in CVA are reported in Other Operating Income, but in the cash profit view of earnings the change in CVA is reclassified to IP



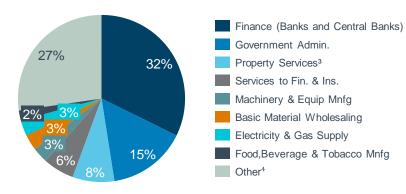
ANZ INSTITUTIONAL PORTFOLIO (COUNTRY OF INCORPORATION1)

INSTITUTIONAL PORTFOLIO SIZE & TENOR (EAD²)



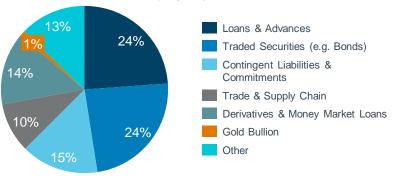
ANZ INSTITUTIONAL INDUSTRY COMPOSITION





ANZ INSTITUTIONAL PRODUCT COMPOSITION

EAD (Sep 16): A\$358b²



^{1.} Country is defined by the counterparty's Country of Incorporation. 2. Data provided is as at Sept16 on a Post CRM basis, net of credit risk mitigation such as guarantees, credit derivatives, netting and financial collateral. Position excludes Basel Asset Class "Retail" and manual adjustments. 3. ~85% of the ANZ Institutional "Property Services" portfolio is to entities incorporated in either Australia or New Zealand. 4. Other is comprised of 48 different industries with none comprising more than 2.2% of the Institutional portfolio

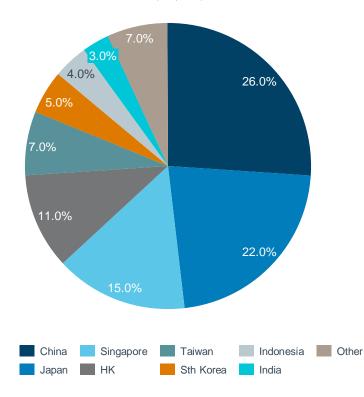


RISK MANAGEMENT

ANZ ASIAN INSTITUTIONAL PORTFOLIO (COUNTRY OF INCORPORATION1)

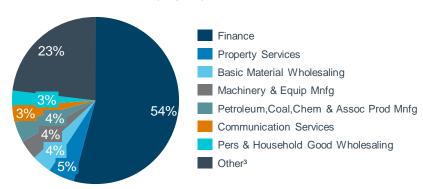
COUNTRY OF INCORPORATION¹

EAD (Sep 16): A\$83b²



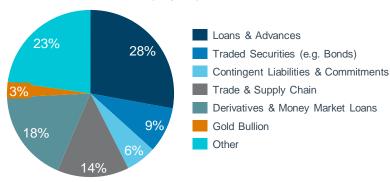
ANZ ASIA INDUSTRY COMPOSITION

EAD (Sep 16): A\$83b²



ANZ ASIA PRODUCT COMPOSITION

EAD (Sep 16): A\$83b2



^{1.} Country is defined by the counterparty's Country of Incorporation. 2. Data is provided is as at Sept16 on a Post CRM basis, net of credit risk mitigation such as guarantees, credit derivatives, netting and financial collateral. Position excludes Basel Asset Class "Retail" and manual adjustments. 3. "Other" within industry is comprised of 44 different industries with none comprising more than 2.5% of the Asian Institutional portfolio; Other product category is predominantly exposure due from other financial institutions.



RISK MANAGEMENT

ANZ CHINA PORTFOLIO (COUNTRY OF INCORPORATION1)

COUNTRY OF INCORPORATION¹

EAD (Sep 16): A\$22b²

China EAD

 Total China EAD of A\$22b, with 52% or A\$11.3b booked onshore in China

Tenor

• ~86% of EAD has a tenor less than 1 year

Risk rating

 Compared to Asia, Australia and NZ, China exposure has a stronger average credit rating

Industry

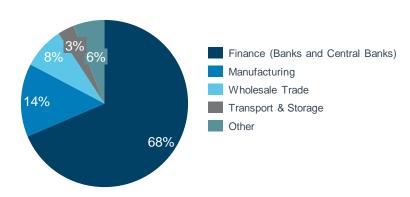
 68% of China exposures to Financial institutions, with ~61% of this to China's central bank and its Top 5 largest banks

Products

- Reduction in 'Trade & Supply chain' (A\$1.4b in Finance Industry, A\$1.4b in Manufacturing), whilst largest growth in 'Other' (+A\$2.9b) due to increase in Nostro accounts
- Within Loans and Advances ~74% have a tenor of less than
 1 year, up from 62% as at Sep 15

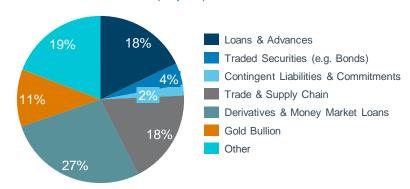
ANZ CHINA INDUSTRY COMPOSITION

EAD (Sep 16): A\$22b²



ANZ CHINA PRODUCT COMPOSITION

EAD (Sep 16): A\$22b2



^{1.} Country is defined by the counterparty's Country of Incorporation

^{2.} Data is provided is as at Sept16 on a Post CRM basis, net of credit risk mitigation such as guarantees, credit derivatives, netting and financial collateral. Position excludes Basel Asset Class "Retail" and manual adjustments.



RISK MANAGEMENT

ANZ INDONESIA PORTFOLIO (COUNTRY OF INCORPORATION1)

COUNTRY OF INCORPORATION¹

EAD (Sep 16): A\$3.7b²

Indonesia EAD

 Total Indonesia EAD of A\$3.7b, with 72% or A\$2.7b booked onshore in Indonesia and A\$1.0b booked in Singapore

Tenor

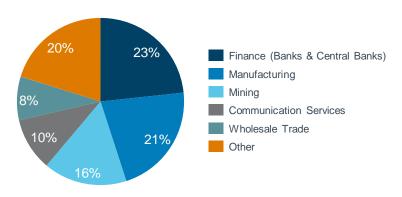
~47% of EAD has a tenor less than 1 year

Industry

- 35% of Indonesia's portfolio exposure is to governmentrelated entities
- Reduced exposure to Mining, led by coal mining and related services. Sector now comprises 16% of total portfolio compared to 19% as at Sep 15

ANZ INDONESIA INDUSTRY COMPOSITION

EAD (Sep 16): A\$3.7b²



ANZ INDONESIA PRODUCT COMPOSITION

EAD (Sep 16): A\$3.7b²



Country is defined by the counterparty's Country of Incorporation

^{2.} Data is provided is as at Sept16 on a Post CRM basis, net of credit risk mitigation such as guarantees, credit derivatives, netting and financial collateral. Position excludes Basel Asset Class "Retail" and manual adjustments.



2016 FULL YEAR INVESTOR DISCUSSION PACK

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND
BANKING GROUP LIMITED
November 2016

HOUSING PORTFOLIO TRENDS



AUSTRALIA HOME LOANS

PORTFOLIO OVERVIEW

	Portfolio ²		Flow	
	FY15	FY16	FY16	
Number of Home Loan accounts	954k	975k	177k ¹³	
Total FUM ²	\$231bn	\$246bn	\$65bn	
Average Loan Size	\$242k	\$252k	\$407k ^{4,5}	
% Owner Occupied	58%	62%	68%	
% Investor	37%	34%	29%	
% Equity Line of Credit	5%	4%	3%	
% Paying Variable Rate Loan	88%	87%	84%	
% Paying Fixed Rate Loan	12%	13%	16%	
% Broker originated	48%	49%	52%	

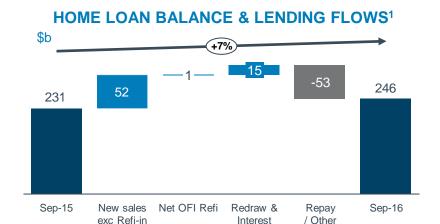
	Portfolio	
	FY15	FY16
Average LVR at Origination ^{4,5,6}	71%	71%
Average Dynamic LVR ^{5,6,7}	50%	52%
Market Share ¹	15.6%	15.5%
% Ahead of Repayments ⁸	42%	39%
Offset Balances 9	\$22b	\$24b
% Paying Interest Only ³	37%	37%
% Paying Principle & Interest ³	63%	63%
% First Home Buyer	7%	7%
% Low Doc ¹²	7%	5%
Home Loan IP Loss Rate	0.01%	0.02%
Group IP Loss Rate	0.20%	0.34%
% of Australia Geography Lending ¹⁰	60%	62%
% of Group Lending ^{10,11}	40%	43%

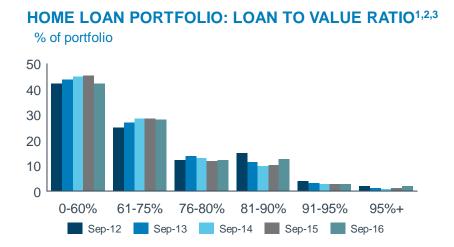
^{1.} Source for Australia: APRA 2. Home Loans (exclusive of Non Performing Loans, exclusive of offset balances) 3. Excludes Equity Manager 4. Originated FY15 for FY15, originated FY16 for FY16 5. Unweighted 6. Including capitalised premiums 7. Valuations updated Sep'16 where available 8. % of Owner Occupied and Investment Loans that are one month or more ahead of repayments. Excludes Equity Loans 9. Balances of Offset accounts connected to existing Instalment Loans 10. Based on Gross Loans and Advances 11. Group Cash Profit basis. 12. Low Doc is comprised of less than or equal to 60% LVR mortgages primarily for self-employed without scheduled PAYG income. However, it also has ~A\$500m of less than or equal to 80% LVR mortgages, primarily booked pre-2008. 13. New accounts includes increases to existing accounts and split loans (fixed and variable components of the same loan)



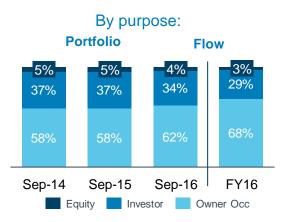
AUSTRALIA HOME LOANS

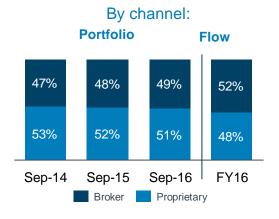
PORTFOLIO TRENDS

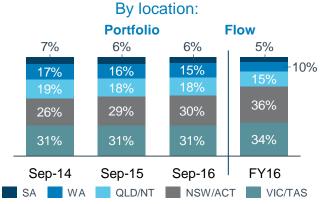




PORTFOLIO¹ & FLOW COMPOSITION







- Exclusive of Non Performing Loans.
- 2. Including capitalised premiums
- Valuations updated Sep-16 where available



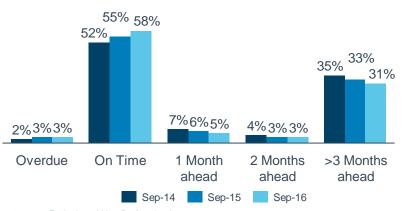
AUSTRALIA DIVISION

PORTFOLIO PERFORMANCE

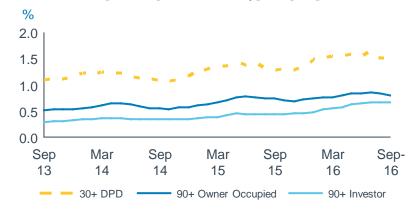
AUS DIV 90+ DAY DELINQUENCIES¹



HOME LOANS REPAYMENT PROFILE⁴



HOME LOAN DELINQUENCIES¹



HOME LOANS 90+ DPD BY STATE^{1,2}

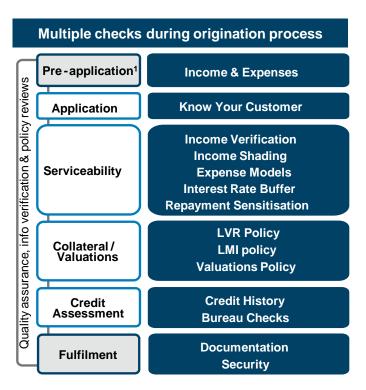


- Exclusive of Non Performing Loans.
- 2. VIC, NSW & ACT, QLD and WA represent 91% of total portfolio, with remaining 9% distributed between TAS, NT and SA.
- 3. Includes Small Business, Commercial Cards and Asset Finance
 - Repayment profile on % of Owner Occupied and Investment loans. Excludes equity loans, non performing loans and offset balances. Overdue refers to past due by 1 day+



AUSTRALIA HOME LOANS

UNDERWRITING PRACTICES AND MATERIAL POLICY CHANGES



- End-to-end home lending responsibility managed within ANZ
- Effective hardship & collections processes
- Full recourse lending
- ANZ assessment process across all channels

2015/2016 changes to lending standards and underwriting: Serviceability

- Interest rate floor applied to new and existing mortgage lending introduced at 7.25%
- Introduction of an income adjusted living expense floor (HEM)
- Introduction of a 20% haircut for overtime and commission income
- Increased income discount factor for residential rental income from 20% to 25%

Material Policy changes

- LVR cap reduced to 90% for investment loans
- LVR cap reduced to 70% in high risk mining towns
- Decreased maximum interest only term of owner occupied interest only loans to 5 years
- Withdrawal of lending to non-residents
- Limited acceptance of foreign income to demonstrate serviceability and tightened controls on verification
- Tightening of acceptances for guarantees

Customers have the ability to assess their capacity to borrow on ANZ tools



NEW ZEALAND MORTGAGES

PORTFOLIO OVERVIEW 1

	Portfolio		Growth	
	FY15	FY16	FY16	
Number of Home Loan accounts	502k	511k	1.8%	
Total FUM	NZ\$68b	NZ\$73b	7.4%	
Average Loan Size at Origination	NZ\$306k	NZ\$300k	(2.0%)	
Average Loan Size	NZ\$135k	NZ\$143k	5.9%	
% of NZ Geography Lending	57%	58%	156bps	
% of Group Lending	10%	12%	131bps	
% Owner Occupied	74%	73%	(124bps)	
% Investor	26%	27%	124bps	
% Paying Variable Rate Loan	25%	24%	(112bps)	
% Paying Fixed Rate Loan	75%	76%	112bps	
% Broker originated	31%	34%	251bps	

	Portfolio	
	FY15	FY16
Average LVR at Origination ²	64%	60%
Average Dynamic LVR ³	47%	44%
Market Share ⁴	31.6%	31.5%
% Paying Interest Only ⁵	23%	24%
% Paying Principal & Interest	77%	76%
% First Home Buyer	N/A	N/A
% Low Doc	0.6%	0.5%
Mortgage Loss Rates	0.01%	(0.01%)
Group Loss Rates	0.20%	0.34%

^{1.} New Zealand Geography

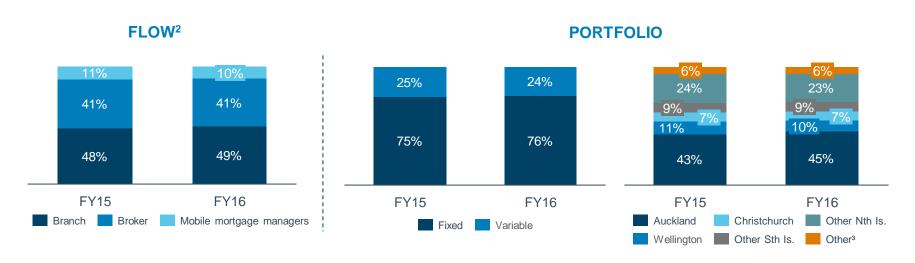
^{2.} Average LVR at Origination (not weighted by balance)

^{3.} Average dynamic LVR as at September 2016 (not weighted by balance)

^{4.} Source for New Zealand: RBNZ 5. Excludes revolving credit facilities



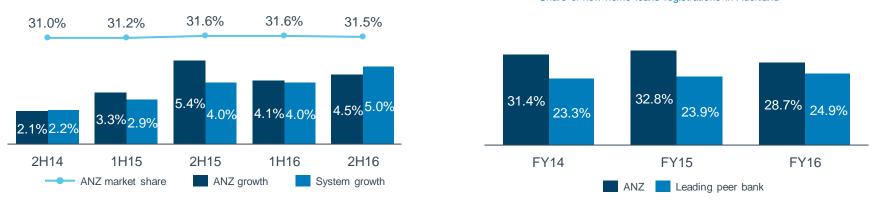
HOME LENDING¹



MARKET SHARE⁴

AUCKLAND MARKET SHARE⁵

Share of new home loans registrations in Auckland



- New Zealand Geography
- Retail and Small Business Banking mortgage flow. Branch includes Small Business Banking Managers
- 3. Other includes loans booked centrally (Business Direct, Contact Centre, Lending Services, Property Finance)
- 4. Source: RBNZ September 2016, share of all banks
- Source: CoreLogic September 2016



2016 FULL YEAR INVESTOR DISCUSSION PACK

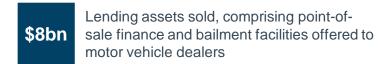
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND
BANKING GROUP LIMITED
November 2016

DIVISIONAL INFORMATION

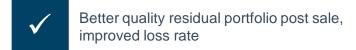


SIMPLER, BETTER CAPITALISED & MORE AGILE BANK

SALE OF ESANDA DEALER FINANCE







OPTIMISING BRANCH NETWORK

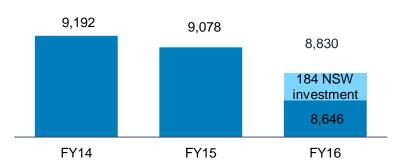


MORE EFFICIENT OPERATIONS



SIMPLIFYING HEAD OFFICE

5% gross reduction in FTEs, enabling reinvestment for NSW

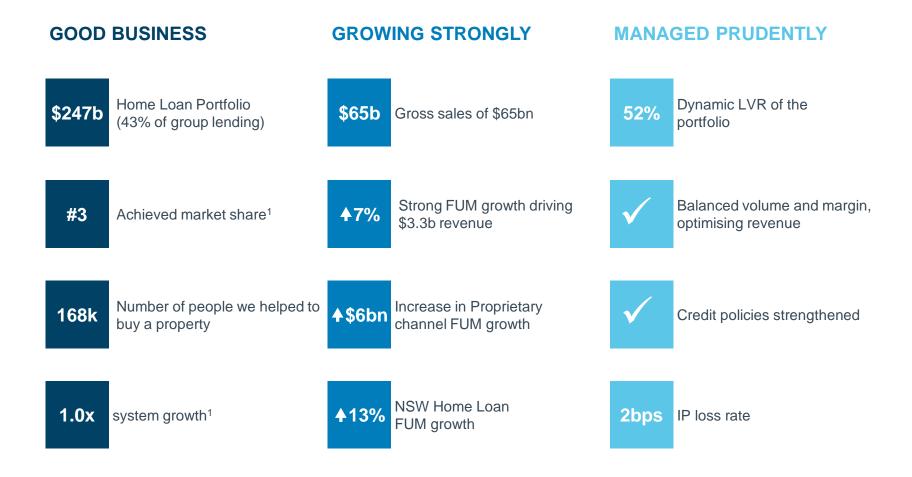


NOTE: Information is on an Adjusted Pro-forma basis unless otherwise specified

comparable traditional branch



HOME LOANS





SMALL BUSINESS BANKING

GOOD BUSINESS

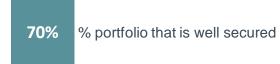
\$49b

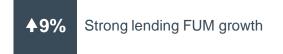
Small Business Lending & Deposit Portfolio

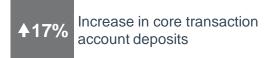
GROWING STRONGLY

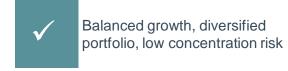
New business lending to startups, supporting innovation

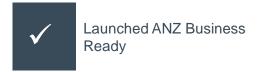
MANAGED PRUDENTLY

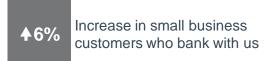


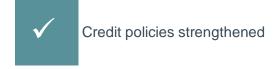














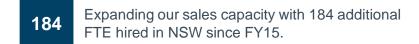






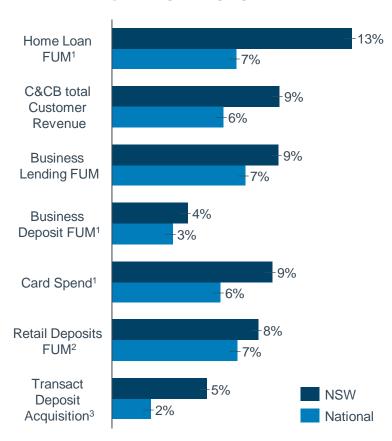
INVESTING IN CAPABILITY AND CAPACITY IN NSW

FOCUSED INVESTMENT IN NSW



- Investing in our branch network with 25 new and refurbished branches across the state in FY16
- 27% Increasing the investment in our marketing spend in NSW in FY16
- #2 Rank in Top of Mind Awareness in Sydney⁴
- Rank in both Home Loans and Overall Purchase Intention⁴
- Australia's first dedicated Home Loans centre opened in Parramatta

DRIVING STRONGER GROWTH IN NSW vs NATIONAL GROWTH



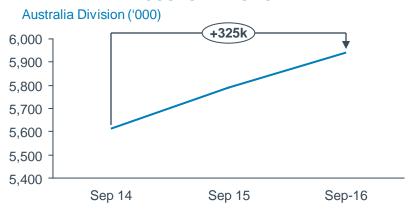
87

NOTE: Information is on an Adjusted Pro-forma basis unless otherwise specified



PERFORMANCE DRIVERS

NET CUSTOMER GROWTH



GROW PRODUCTS PER CUSTOMER

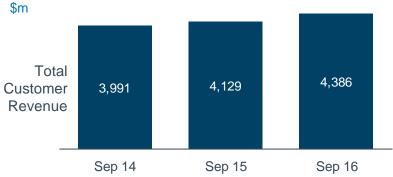
Retail Products per Customer

%



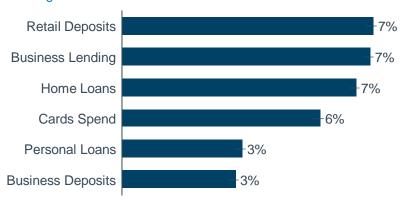
DEEPENING CUSTOMER RELATIONSHIPS

C&CB contribution of total customer revenue \$m



STRONG FUM GROWTH (PCP1)

FUM growth



NOTE: Information is on an Adjusted Pro-forma basis unless otherwise specified



KEY PRODUCTS MARKET SHARE



Mortgages

- Maintained our #1 market share position while taking a lead role in promoting a responsible approach to lending in a low interest rate environment
- Continuing to improve the quality of our book by reducing appetite in segments such as foreign income earners and long term interest only loans

Household deposits

- We have been focussed on supporting New Zealanders to save, by increasing both customer and staff awareness with relevant deposit offers
- We have experienced strong household deposit growth in an increasingly competitive marketplace

Credit cards

- · Decline in share of outstanding balances reflects our decision to move away from 0% balance transfers
- Share of spend continues to grow strongly and the launch of Apple Pay™ is expected to drive additional credit card sales

Life Insurance

- Maintained share in an increasingly competitive insurance landscape
- We continue to improve the quality of proprietary distribution, with bank channel lapse rates improving 25bps from last year

KiwiSaver

- We now have more than 710,000 KiwiSaver members, FUM growth of NZ\$1.8b in FY16 with market share up 30bps³
- Annualised defection rate of 4.9% well below market average of 7.5%

[.] Source: RBNZ, share of all banks as at September 16

^{2.} Source: FSC (Financial Services Council), share of all providers as at September 16

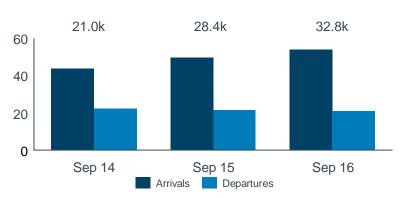
^{3.} RBNZ, share of FUM of all providers as at June 16



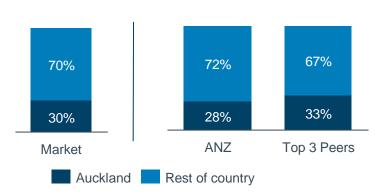
AUCKLAND

NET MIGRATION FOR AUCKLAND¹

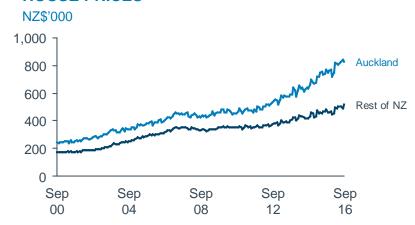
Net Migration 000's



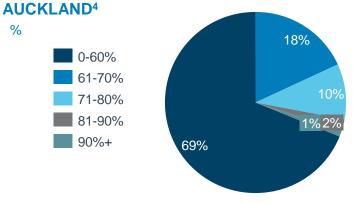
EXPOSURE TO AUCKLAND HOME LOANS³



HOUSE PRICES²



ANZ MORTGAGE LVR PROFILE FOR



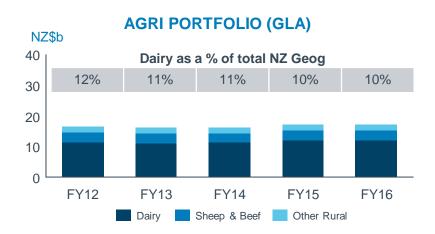
Dynamic basis, as of September 2016

Statistics NZ

Core Logic, stock (number) of mortgage registrations. Top 3 peer banks are ASB, WBC and BNZ, as of September 2016 4.



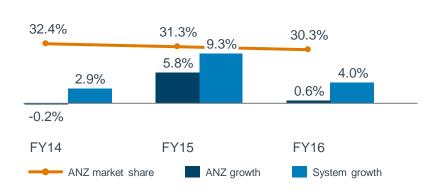
AGRICULTURE PORTFOLIO¹



AGRI CREDIT QUALITY - GIA AS % OF GLAS



MARKET SHARE² AGRICULTURE



1. New Zealand Geography (Gross Loans and Advances)

2. Source: RBNZ, share of all banks as at September 16

APPROACH TO THE AGRICULTURE SECTOR

Portfolio: (NZ\$18b)	Agri portfolio comprises 67% Dairy, 23% Sheep & Beef, 10% Other
Profile	Well established customer base and a highly secured portfolio. Stresses seen in Dairy are reflected in GIA as a % of GLA which has increased in FY16. ANZ Agri lending remained broadly flat in the year
Customer approach	Long-standing relationships with a focus on supporting existing dairy customers. Stringent credit assessment process



NEW ZEALAND GEOGRAPHY

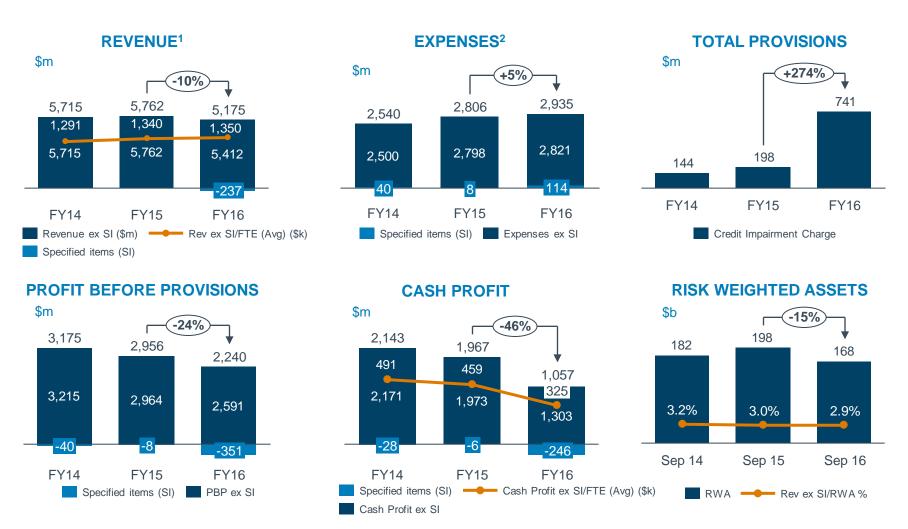
2016 FULL YEAR GROWTH RATES (% CHANGE)			
	Cash	Adjusted Pro- forma ¹	
FY16 vs FY15	NZ(NZD)	NZ(NZD)	
Income	(2%)	0%	
Net interest	5%	5%	
Other income	(21%)	(17%)	
Expenses	7%	(2%)	
PBP	(7%)	0%	
Provisions Charge	96%	96%	
Cash Profit	(9%)	(2%)	
AIEA	8%	8%	
Customer Deposits	8%	8%	
Gross Loans & Adv.	5%	5%	
RWA	3%	3%	

SECOND HALF 2016 GROWTH RATES (% CHANGE)			
	Cash	Adjusted Pro-forma ¹	
2H16 vs 1H16	NZ(NZD)	NZ(NZD)	
Income	2%	4%	
Net interest	3%	3%	
Other income	(2%)	8%	
Expenses	(6%)	0%	
PBP	8%	7%	
Provisions Charge	98%	98%	
Cash Profit	4%	3%	
AIEA	3%	3%	
Customer Deposits	1%	1%	
Gross Loans & Adv.	3%	3%	
RWA	2%	2%	

^{1.} Specified items relevant to New Zealand Geography are software capitalisation changes, derivative credit valuation adjustment changes and restructuring



2016 FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE IMPACTED BY TRANSFORMATION

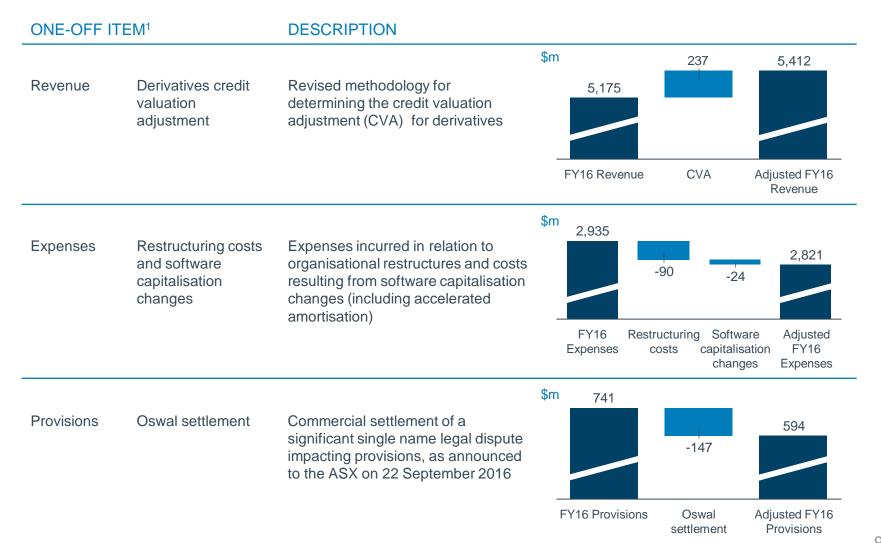


^{1.} Specified items within revenue reflects the change in methodology for derivative credit valuation adjustment calculation

^{2.} Specified items within expenses reflects the impact of software capitalisation policy changes (FY16 only) and restructuring costs (FY14 to FY16)



SIGNIFICANT ONE-OFF-ITEMS IN 2016





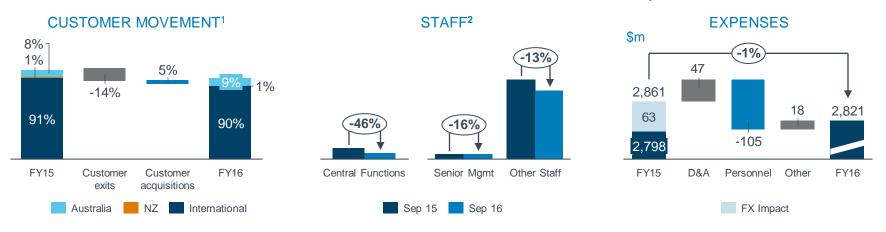
PROGRESS ON INSTITUTIONAL TRANSFORMATION AGENDA

	PRIORITIES	ACTIONS	PROGRESS	1H16	2H16
	Improve capital	Actively sell down or run off low-returning RWAs across Loans & Specialised Finance, Markets and Transaction Banking	RWA	1	1
	efficiency	Improve return on RWA through disciplined pricing and active customer management	Margin	Stabilised	Improved
		Lower FTE by reducing organisational complexity and rightsizing support and enablement functions			
ATE	Reduce costs	Simplify and streamline the division to improve productivity	FTE	•	
E COSIS	000.0	Build an appropriately scaled coverage model to win on the basis of customer and industry insight	Cost	→	1
Connect customers across the region		Focus on and serve key institutional customers connected to the region via trade and capital flows	Cross-border		
		increase deodraphic locus to move decision-making closer to	flow	•	•
Continue targeted investment Grow profitable businesses		Target the build out of regional Trade, Cash Management and Markets platforms	STP rates	•	•
	Ŭ	Improve customer experience and straight-through- processing rates, and reduce operational risk	STETALES	•	•
	Grow profitable businesses	. Grow our Markets Sales and Cash Management businesses	Cash	1	1
			Markets Sales	*	→

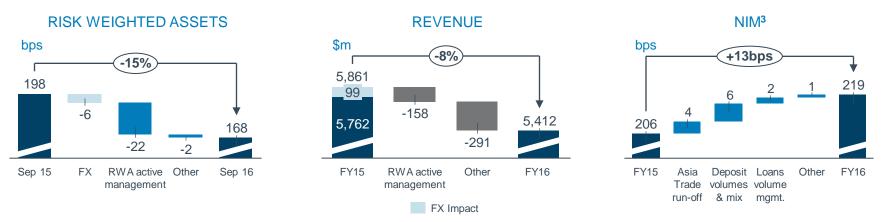


INSTITUTIONAL TRANSFORMATION PROGRESS

BUSINESS SIMPLIFICATION AND SHARPENED FOCUS REDUCING FTE, COST AND RWA



OUTCOMES FROM REDUCTION IN LOW RETURNING ASSETS

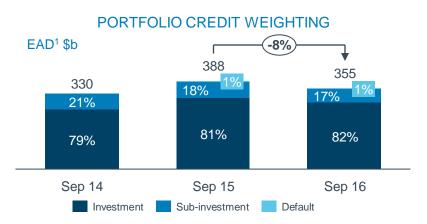


- 1. Customer exits account for a 14% reduction in the customer base. The net change in customers (including new customers) was a 9% reduction. Customer numbers exclude PNG
- 2. Senior management and other staff include central functions. Central functions comprises enablement and support functions within Institutional
- 3. NIM ex-Markets



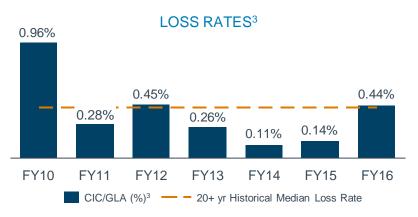
MANAGING THE PORTFOLIO FOR THE CHANGING CREDIT ENVIRONMENT

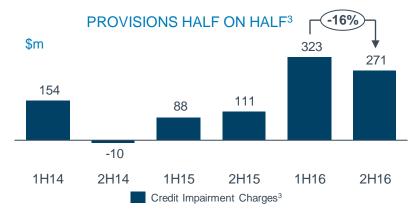
DISCIPLINED PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT





PORTFOLIO TRENDS REFLECTIVE OF CHANGING ENVIRONMENT





^{1.} Exposure-at-default as defined by APRA Prudential Standards. 2. CRWA refers to counterparty credit risk weighted assets. 3. CIC refers to total credit impairment charges excluding the Oswal settlement on 22 September 2016. Median IP Loss Rate denominator is Net Loans & Advances. 10% of the individual provision charges in FY16 (1% in FY15) are to customers classified as Emerging Corporates NOTE: All financial information on a cash profit Adjusted Pro-forma basis



PRIORITY PRODUCTS PERFORMING WELL GIVEN MARKET CONDITIONS

MARKETS

REVENUE COMPOSITION¹

Sales Trading Balance Sheet 1,121 1,168 1,060 547 603 599 574 398 378 FY14 FY15 FY16 FY14 FY15 FY16 FY14 FY15 FY16

MARKETS SALES REVENUE¹ HALF ON HALF

\$m



CASH MANAGEMENT



MIGRATION OF CUSTOMERS TO A SINGLE INTERFACE²



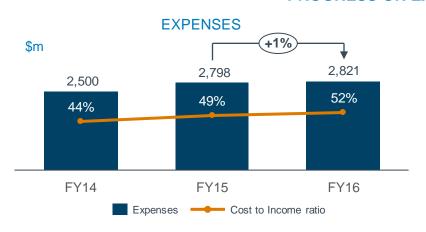
^{1.} Markets income restated from prior disclosures due to transfer of Pacific to Asia Retail & Pacific and Loan Syndications to Loans & Specialised Finance

^{2.} Online (TB Transactive Global) migrations across Australia and New Zealand

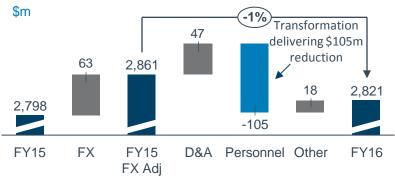


MANAGING COST THROUGH SIMPLIFICATION

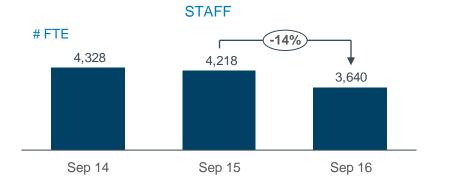
PROGRESS ON EXPENSE MANAGEMENT

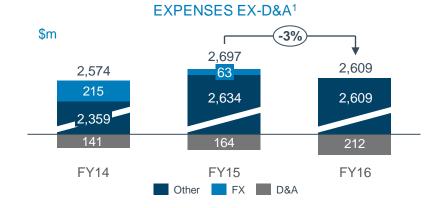


IMPACT OF TRANSFORMATION ON EXPENSES



SIMPLIFICATION OUTCOMES



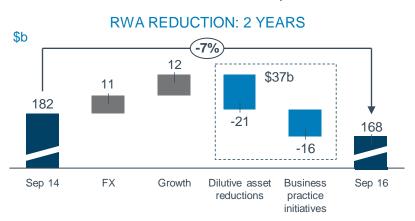


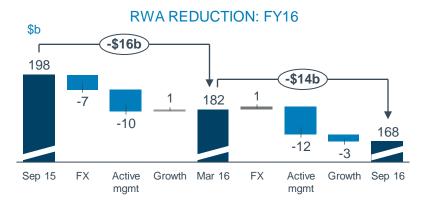
Totals exclude depreciation and amortisation cost
 NOTE: All financial information on a cash profit Adjusted Pro-forma basis



PROGRESS ON CAPITAL EFFICIENCY INITIATIVES

TARGETED, CONSISTENT RISK WEIGHTED ASSET REDUCTIONS



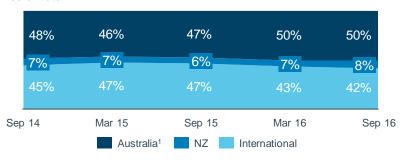


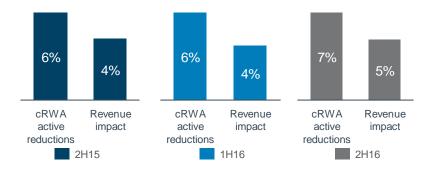
REDUCTION IN LOWER RETURNING RISK WEIGHTS (PRINCIPALLY IN INTERNATIONAL)

RWA REDUCTION BY REGION

REVENUE AND CRWA REDUCTION RELATIONSHIP²

% of total RWA





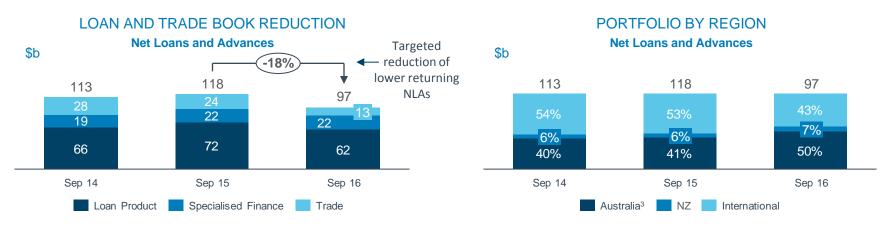
^{1.} The Australia region includes Australia and PNG. PNG represents 2% of total risk weighted assets in Sep 16

^{2.} CRWA refers to counterparty credit risk-weighted assets. CRWA and revenue impacts are shown for the half, on a non-cumulative basis NOTE: All financial information on a cash profit Adjusted Pro-forma basis

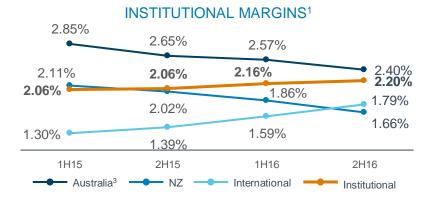


BALANCE SHEET DISCIPLINE FOCUS CONTINUES

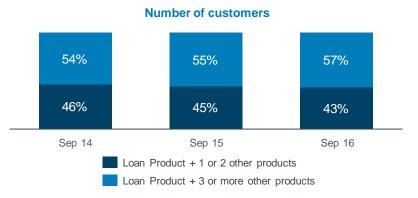
PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT



OUTCOMES FROM BALANCE SHEET DISCIPLINE



TRANSITION TO PROVIDING CUSTOMER SOLUTIONS²

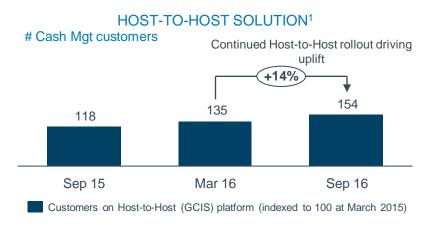


- NIM shown on the basis of Institutional ex-Markets
 - Refers to any additional product(s) other than Loan Product. Excludes PNG
- The Australia region includes Australia and PNG

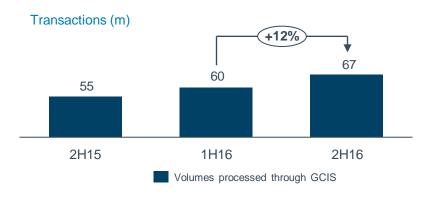


GLOBALLY CONSISTENT CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE THROUGH DIGITAL INVESTMENT

CUSTOMER SOLUTIONS



DIGITAL TRANSACTIONAL VOLUMES¹

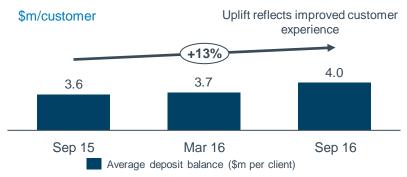


OPERATIONAL EFFICIENCY THROUGH DIGITAL INVESTMENT

GLOBAL MARKETS STP RATES²



DEPOSIT BALANCES PER CUSTOMER²



^{1.} Global Customer Integration Solution (GCIS) provides host-to-host connectivity that allows two way data exchange with our customers in a highly secure, file agnostic environment. GCIS enables a closer integration on payments that significantly increases straight through processing for our customers. 2. Data represents process stages from trade capture, confirmations to settlements. Aggregate rate for volumes traded in September each year. 3. Average balance per customer excludes customers with zero balance. Pacific (ex PNG) no longer included in Institutional.

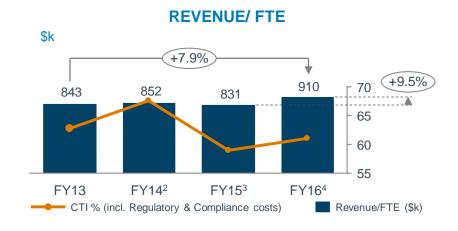


WEALTH AUSTRALIA

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

EMBEDDED VALUE GROWTH¹

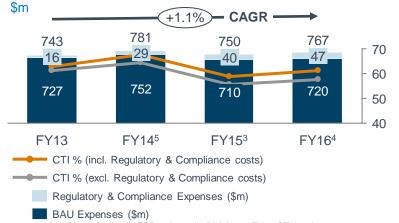




INCREASING REGULATORY AND COMPLIANCE COSTS

- Super related compliance (Stronger Super reforms, MySuper, SuperStream/ATO E-Commerce)
- Life Insurance recommendations regarding advisor commissions for life insurance products
- Increased scrutiny on financial advice and regulatory review of claims payments practices
- Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act reporting obligations
- Increased oversight and information requests from government and regulators across the industry

BROADLY FLAT EXPENSE BASE



^{1.} Embedded Value is adjusted to allow for the impact of dividends and net transfers 2. FY14 FTE includes a restatement of 55 Direct Channels FTE to Australia Division 3. FY15 CTI has been Pro-forma Adjusted for Restructuring costs (-\$20m), and Capitalisation write-offs (-\$9m) 5. FY14 has been normalised to exclude a Corporate branding cost of \$9m



WEALTH AUSTRALIA

INSURANCE - CONSISTENT, DIVERSIFIED PRODUCT MIX

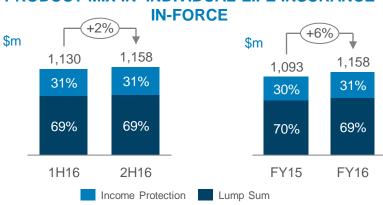
COMPOSITION OF RETAIL INSURANCE IN-FORCE



STABLE LAPSE RATES¹



PRODUCT MIX IN INDIVIDUAL LIFE INSURANCE



EMBEDDED VALUE²



^{1.} A definition change to the Australian risk lapse rate was implemented in September 2015 to reflect the inclusion of partial premium reductions within the policy renewal period. Prior comparative periods have been restated to align with revised methodology

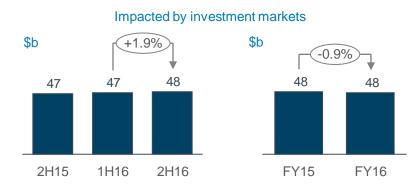
[.] Embedded value includes Insurance and Funds Management businesses



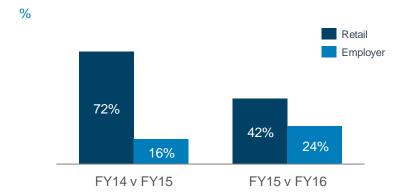
WEALTH AUSTRALIA

FUNDS MANAGEMENT - SIMPLER, LOWER MARGIN, LOWER RISK MODEL

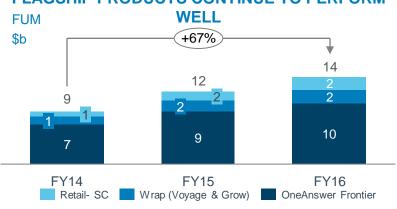
FUNDS MANAGEMENT AVERAGE FUM¹



SMARTCHOICE ACTIVE MEMBERS ARE GROWING



FLAGSHIP PRODUCTS CONTINUE TO PERFORM



1.

FY16 FUNDS MANAGEMENT NETFLOWS BY SOLUTION



Funds Management average FUM excludes Private Wealth FUM. This is now included under Australia division



Further Information





Our Shareholder information

shareholder.anz.com

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