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The Directors present their report for ANZ Group Holdings Limited (the Company) for the half year ended 31 March 2026, together with the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group.

**Directors**

The names of the Directors of the Company who held office during and since the end of the half year are:

Mr PD O'Sullivan	Chairman
Mr NGMSA Matos	Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer
Ms AR Gerry	Director
Mr RBM Gibb	Director
Ms HS Kramer	Director
Ms CE O'Reilly	Director
Mr JP Smith	Director
Mr SA St John	Director

**Result**

The consolidated profit attributable to shareholders of the Company was \$3,650 million. Further details are contained in Group Results on pages 15 to 43 which forms part of this report, and in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Review of operations**

A review of the operations of the Group during the half year and the results of those operations are contained in the Group Results on pages 15 to 43 which forms part of this report.

**Lead auditor's independence declaration**

The lead auditor's independence declaration given under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* (as amended) is set out on page 115 which forms part of this report.

**Rounding of amounts**

The amounts contained in this Directors' Report and the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements have been rounded to the nearest million dollars, except where otherwise indicated, as permitted by *ASIC Corporations Instrument 2016/191*.

**Significant events since balance date**

On 29 April 2026, the Group announced that it has entered into a binding agreement to acquire Worldline S.A's 51% share in Worldline Australia Pty Ltd, the joint venture between the Group and Worldline S.A that commenced in 2022, subject to Australian Competition and Consumer Commission approval. Completion is expected to occur in the September 2026 half.

Other than the matter above, there have been no significant events from 31 March 2026 to the date of signing this report.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

**Paul D O'Sullivan**  
Chairman

**Nuno A Matos**  
Managing Director

30 April 2026

ANZ Group Holdings Limited

	Note	Half Year			Movement	
		Mar 26 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Mar 26 v. Sep 25	Mar 26 v. Mar 25
Interest income <sup>1</sup>		28,948	31,189	32,734	-7%	-12%
Interest expense		(20,060)	(22,097)	(23,865)	-9%	-16%
Net interest income	2	8,888	9,092	8,869	-2%	0%
Other operating income	2	2,191	1,915	2,310	14%	-5%
Operating income		11,079	11,007	11,179	1%	-1%
Operating expenses	3	(5,595)	(7,199)	(5,824)	-22%	-4%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax		5,484	3,808	5,355	44%	2%
Credit impairment (charge)/release	9	(274)	(296)	(145)	-7%	89%
Profit before income tax		5,210	3,512	5,210	48%	0%
Income tax expense	4	(1,540)	(1,243)	(1,547)	24%	0%
<b>Profit for the period</b>		<b>3,670</b>	<b>2,269</b>	<b>3,663</b>	<b>62%</b>	<b>0%</b>
Comprising:						
Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company		3,650	2,249	3,642	62%	0%
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests	14	20	20	21	0%	-5%
<b>Earnings per ordinary share (cents)</b>						
Basic	6	121.8	75.6	122.5	61%	-1%
Diluted	6	120.1	75.4	119.3	59%	1%
<b>Dividend per ordinary share (cents)</b>	5	83	83	83	0%	0%

<sup>1</sup> Includes interest income calculated using effective interest method on financial assets measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income of \$26,635 million for the March 2026 half (Sep 25 half: \$28,756 million; Mar 25 half: \$30,274 million).

The notes appearing on pages 80 to 112 form an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

ANZ Group Holdings Limited

	Half Year			Movement	
	Mar 26 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Mar 26 v. Sep 25	Mar 26 v. Mar 25
<b>Profit for the period</b>	<b>3,670</b>	2,269	3,663	62%	0%
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>					
<b>Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</b>					
Investment securities - equity securities at FVOCI	44	(305)	98	large	-55%
Other reserve movements <sup>1</sup>	(19)	(98)	39	-81%	large
<b>Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</b>					
Foreign currency translation reserve	(1,466)	(1,210)	608	21%	large
Cash flow hedge reserve	(1,632)	554	289	large	large
FVOCI reserve	411	624	(116)	-34%	large
<b>Income tax attributable to the above items</b>	<b>377</b>	(232)	(84)	large	large
<b>Share of associates' other comprehensive income<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>11</b>	17	(5)	-35%	large
<b>Total comprehensive income for the period</b>	<b>1,396</b>	1,619	4,492	-14%	-69%
Comprising total comprehensive income attributable to:					
Shareholders of the Company	1,414	1,626	4,479	-13%	-68%
Non-controlling interests <sup>1</sup>	(18)	(7)	13	large	large

<sup>1</sup> Includes foreign currency translation differences attributable to non-controlling interests of -\$38 million for the March 2026 half (Sep 25 half: \$27 million; Mar 25 half: -\$8 million).

<sup>2</sup> Share of associates' other comprehensive income, that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss, relates to Group's share of PT Panin's reserves presented below:

	Mar 26 half \$M	Sep 25 half \$M	Mar 25 half \$M
FVOCI reserve gain/(loss)	13	17	1
Defined benefits gain/(loss)	(2)	-	(6)
<b>Total</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>(5)</b>

The notes appearing on pages 80 to 112 form an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

ANZ Group Holdings Limited

	Note	As at			Movement	
		Mar 26 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Mar 26 v. Sep 25	Mar 26 v. Mar 25
<b>Assets</b>						
Cash and cash equivalents		165,539	155,211	195,791	7%	-15%
Settlement balances owed to ANZ		16,393	23,394	6,225	-30%	large
Collateral paid		8,173	9,831	10,464	-17%	-22%
Trading assets		51,225	48,248	45,745	6%	12%
Derivative financial instruments		67,911	47,480	49,552	43%	37%
Investment securities		164,579	165,693	155,377	-1%	6%
Net loans and advances	8	821,777	829,456	820,202	-1%	0%
Regulatory deposits		570	541	644	5%	-11%
Investments in associates	16	1,144	1,142	1,496	0%	-24%
Current tax assets		95	33	256	large	-63%
Deferred tax assets		3,601	3,287	3,128	10%	15%
Goodwill and other intangible assets		5,584	5,765	5,865	-3%	-5%
Premises and equipment		1,989	2,144	2,172	-7%	-8%
Other assets		5,225	4,883	5,692	7%	-8%
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>1,313,805</b>	<b>1,297,108</b>	<b>1,302,609</b>	<b>1%</b>	<b>1%</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>						
Settlement balances owed by ANZ		32,370	31,144	16,085	4%	large
Collateral received		11,284	7,428	10,129	52%	11%
Deposits and other borrowings	10	960,422	955,064	972,219	1%	-1%
Derivative financial instruments		59,466	43,902	44,279	35%	34%
Current tax liabilities		323	537	394	-40%	-18%
Deferred tax liabilities		250	228	205	10%	22%
Payables and other liabilities		14,807	14,493	15,047	2%	-2%
Employee entitlements		697	690	656	1%	6%
Other provisions		1,950	2,481	1,709	-21%	14%
Debt issuances	11	160,480	169,274	169,555	-5%	-5%
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>1,242,049</b>	<b>1,225,241</b>	<b>1,230,278</b>	<b>1%</b>	<b>1%</b>
<b>Net assets</b>		<b>71,756</b>	<b>71,867</b>	<b>72,331</b>	<b>0%</b>	<b>-1%</b>
<b>Shareholders' equity</b>						
Ordinary share capital	14	29,138	28,191	27,860	3%	5%
Reserves	14	(3,830)	(1,555)	(990)	large	large
Retained earnings	14	45,745	44,492	44,697	3%	2%
<b>Share capital and reserves attributable to shareholders of the Company</b>		<b>71,053</b>	<b>71,128</b>	<b>71,567</b>	<b>0%</b>	<b>-1%</b>
Non-controlling interests	14	703	739	764	-5%	-8%
<b>Total shareholders' equity</b>		<b>71,756</b>	<b>71,867</b>	<b>72,331</b>	<b>0%</b>	<b>-1%</b>

The notes appearing on pages 80 to 112 form an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

ANZ Group Holdings Limited

	Half Year		
	Mar 26 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M
<b>Profit for the period</b>	<b>3,670</b>	2,269	3,663
<b>Adjustments to reconcile to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities:</b>			
Allowance for expected credit losses	274	296	145
Impairment of investments in associates	-	285	-
Depreciation and amortisation	487	546	537
Goodwill and other intangible assets impairments	13	149	-
Net derivatives/foreign exchange adjustment	(8,949)	327	3,541
Other non-cash movements	(113)	37	10
<i>Net (increase)/decrease in operating assets:</i>			
Collateral paid	1,345	207	372
Trading assets	2,857	(20,725)	(15)
Net loans and advances	(2,820)	(17,550)	(11,808)
Other assets	(341)	417	(404)
<i>Net increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities:</i>			
Deposits and other borrowings	22,074	(1,546)	51,951
Settlement balances owed by ANZ	2,056	15,571	(240)
Collateral received	4,189	(2,318)	2,913
Other liabilities	(258)	453	(2,973)
<b>Total adjustments</b>	<b>20,814</b>	(23,851)	44,029
<b>Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>24,484</b>	(21,582)	47,692
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>			
Investment securities assets:			
Purchases	(41,033)	(41,643)	(41,653)
Proceeds from sale or maturity	39,005	28,184	31,629
Net investments in other assets	(311)	(211)	(242)
<b>Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities</b>	<b>(2,339)</b>	(13,670)	(10,266)
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>			
Deposits and other borrowings (repaid)/drawn down	(953)	(919)	(510)
Debt issuances: <sup>2</sup>			
Issue proceeds	19,231	19,977	25,961
Redemptions	(22,763)	(18,786)	(19,798)
Dividends paid <sup>3</sup>	(1,520)	(2,127)	(2,446)
On-market purchase of treasury shares	(29)	(8)	(118)
Repayment of lease liabilities	(151)	(163)	(160)
Share buy-back	-	(6)	(285)
<b>Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities</b>	<b>(6,185)</b>	(2,032)	2,644
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	15,960	(37,284)	40,070
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	155,211	195,791	150,967
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(5,632)	(3,296)	4,754
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of period</b>	<b>165,539</b>	155,211	195,791

<sup>1</sup> Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities includes interest received of \$28,801 million for the March 2026 half (Sep 25 half: \$31,411 million; Mar 25 half: \$32,557 million), interest paid of \$20,504 million for the March 2026 half (Sep 25 half: \$22,795 million; Mar 25 half: \$24,074 million) and income taxes paid of \$1,704 million for the March 2026 half (Sep 25 half: \$1,295 million; Mar 25 half: \$1,785 million).

<sup>2</sup> Non-cash movements on Debt issuances include a gain of \$5,262 million for the March 2026 half (Sep 25 half: \$1,472 million gain; Mar 25: \$7,014 million loss) from unrealised movements primarily due to fair value hedge adjustments and foreign currency translation differences.

<sup>3</sup> Cash outflow for shares purchased to satisfy the dividend reinvestment plan are classified in Dividends paid.

The notes appearing on pages 80 to 112 form an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

ANZ Group Holdings Limited

	Ordinary share capital	Reserves	Retained earnings	Share capital and reserves attributable to shareholders of the Company	Non- controlling interests	Total shareholders' equity
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
<b>As at 1 October 2024</b>	28,182	(1,774)	43,449	69,857	771	70,628
Profit for the period	-	-	3,642	3,642	21	3,663
Other comprehensive income for the period	-	811	26	837	(8)	829
<b>Total comprehensive income for the period</b>	-	811	3,668	4,479	13	4,492
<b>Transactions with equity holders in their capacity as equity holders:</b>						
Dividends paid	-	-	(2,426)	(2,426)	(20)	(2,446)
Share buy-back <sup>1</sup>	(285)	-	-	(285)	-	(285)
<b>Other equity movements:</b>						
Employee share and option plans	(37)	(27)	3	(61)	-	(61)
Other items	-	-	3	3	-	3
<b>As at 31 March 2025</b>	27,860	(990)	44,697	71,567	764	72,331
Profit for the period	-	-	2,249	2,249	20	2,269
Other comprehensive income for the period	-	(574)	(49)	(623)	(27)	(650)
<b>Total comprehensive income for the period</b>	-	(574)	2,200	1,626	(7)	1,619
<b>Transactions with equity holders in their capacity as equity holders:</b>						
Dividends paid	-	-	(2,421)	(2,421)	(18)	(2,439)
Dividend reinvestment plan <sup>2</sup>	312	-	-	312	-	312
Share buy-back <sup>1</sup>	(6)	-	-	(6)	-	(6)
<b>Other equity movements:</b>						
Employee share and option plans	25	27	(1)	51	-	51
Other items	-	(18)	17	(1)	-	(1)
<b>As at 30 September 2025</b>	28,191	(1,555)	44,492	71,128	739	71,867
Profit for the period	-	-	3,650	3,650	20	3,670
Other comprehensive income for the period	-	(2,247)	11	(2,236)	(38)	(2,274)
<b>Total comprehensive income for the period</b>	-	(2,247)	3,661	1,414	(18)	1,396
<b>Transactions with equity holders in their capacity as equity holders:</b>						
Dividends paid	-	-	(2,407)	(2,407)	(18)	(2,425)
Dividend reinvestment plan <sup>2</sup>	905	-	-	905	-	905
<b>Other equity movements:</b>						
Employee share and option plans	42	(28)	2	16	-	16
Other items	-	-	(3)	(3)	-	(3)
<b>As at 31 March 2026</b>	29,138	(3,830)	45,745	71,053	703	71,756

<sup>1</sup> The Group commenced a \$2.0 billion on-market share buy-back on 3 July 2024. This resulted in 0.2 million shares (\$6 million) being cancelled during the September 2025 half and 9.5 million shares (\$285 million) being cancelled during the March 2025 half. The Group announced the cessation of the remaining share buy-back on 13 October 2025.

<sup>2</sup> 26.3 million shares were issued under the dividend reinvestment plan (DRP) for the 2025 final dividend during the March 2026 half (Sep 25 half: 10.8 million for 2025 interim dividend; Mar 25 half: nil).

The notes appearing on pages 80 to 112 form an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

## 1. Basis of preparation

These are the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for ANZ Group Holdings Limited (the Company) and its controlled entities (the Group) for the half year ended 31 March 2026. These Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements:

- have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement requirements of *Australian Accounting Standards (AASs)*;
- should be read in conjunction with ANZGHL's Annual Financial Report for the year ended 30 September 2025 and any public announcements made by the Group for the half year ended 31 March 2026 in accordance with the continuous disclosure obligations under the *Corporations Act 2001* and the *ASX Listing Rules*;
- do not include all notes of the type normally included in an annual report;
- are presented in Australian dollars unless otherwise stated; and
- were approved by the Board of Directors on 30 April 2026.

### i) Statement of Compliance

These Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and AASB 134 *Interim Financial Reporting* which ensured compliance with IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*.

### ii) Rounding of amounts

The amounts contained in these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements have been rounded to the nearest million dollars, except where otherwise indicated, as permitted by *Australian Securities and Investments Commission Corporations Instrument 2016/191*.

### iii) Basis of measurement and presentation

The financial information has been prepared in accordance with the historical cost basis except the following assets and liabilities that are stated at their fair values:

- derivative financial instruments and in the case of fair value hedging, a fair value adjustment made to the underlying hedged item;
- financial instruments held for trading;
- financial instruments designated at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL); and
- financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

In accordance with AASB 119 *Employee Benefits*, defined benefit obligations are measured using the Projected Unit Credit method.

### iv) Accounting policies

These Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies and using methods of computation consistent with those applied in the 2025 ANZGHL Annual Report. New and revised standards and interpretations issued by the AASB and the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) that are effective for the half year ended 31 March 2026 did not result in changes to the Group's accounting policies.

### v) Use of estimates, assumptions and judgements

The preparation of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements requires the use of management judgement, estimates and assumptions impacting the application of accounting policies and financial outcomes. Discussion of the critical accounting estimates and judgements, which include complex or subjective decisions or assessments are provided in the 2025 ANZGHL Annual Report and updated as necessary within these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. Such estimates and judgements are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

The Group has made various accounting estimates in these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements based on forecasts of economic conditions which reflect expectations and assumptions used at 31 March 2026 about future events considered reasonable in the circumstances. There is a considerable degree of judgement involved in preparing these estimates. The assumptions and judgements made in relation to significant accounting estimates are discussed further below.

#### **Expected Credit Losses**

The significant accounting estimate predominantly impacted by these forecasts and associated uncertainties are expected credit losses, including key economic assumptions and the application of probability weightings to a number of economic scenarios. Actual economic conditions are likely to be different from those forecast since anticipated events frequently do not occur as expected, and the effect of these differences may significantly impact the Group's accounting estimates included in these financial statements. Refer to Note 9 Allowance for expected credit losses for key judgements and assumptions in estimating collectively assessed ECL.

**1. Basis of preparation, cont'd**

***Investments in Associates – PT Panin***

The Group assesses the carrying value of its investments in associates for impairment indicators. Significant management judgment is required to determine the key assumptions underpinning the value-in-use (VIU) calculation for PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk (PT Panin). Factors that may change in subsequent periods and lead to potential future impairments, or reversals of prior impairments, include changes in forecast earning levels in the near and medium term and/or changes in the long-term growth forecasts, changes to required levels of regulatory capital and the post-tax discount rate arising from changes in the risk premium or risk-free rates. Refer to Note 16 Investments in associates for the assumptions utilised in the VIU calculation.

***Provisions***

The Group recognises provisions for various obligations including restructuring costs, customer remediation, non-lending losses, frauds and forgeries, and litigation-related claims. These provisions involve judgements regarding the timing and outcome of future events, including estimates of expenditure required to satisfy these obligations. The appropriateness of the underlying assumptions is reviewed on a regular basis against actual experience and other relevant evidence, including for example expert legal advice, and adjustments are made to provisions where appropriate.

2. Income

	Half Year			Movement	
	Mar 26 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Mar 26 v. Sep 25	Mar 26 v. Mar 25
<b>Net interest income</b>					
Interest income	28,948	31,189	32,734	-7%	-12%
Interest expense	(19,830)	(21,866)	(23,645)	-9%	-16%
Major bank levy	(230)	(231)	(220)	0%	5%
<b>Net interest income</b>	<b>8,888</b>	<b>9,092</b>	<b>8,869</b>	<b>-2%</b>	<b>0%</b>
<b>Other operating income</b>					
Lending fees <sup>1</sup>	208	221	215	-6%	-3%
Non-lending fees	1,057	1,191	1,156	-11%	-9%
Commissions	29	34	29	-15%	0%
Funds management income	128	127	124	1%	3%
Fee and commission income	1,422	1,573	1,524	-10%	-7%
Fee and commission expense	(471)	(576)	(620)	-18%	-24%
<b>Net fee and commission income</b>	<b>951</b>	<b>997</b>	<b>904</b>	<b>-5%</b>	<b>5%</b>
Net foreign exchange earnings and other financial instruments income <sup>2</sup>	1,081	1,070	1,276	1%	-15%
Net income from insurance business	53	49	46	8%	15%
Share of associates' profit/(loss)	54	38	38	42%	42%
PT Panin impairment	-	(285)	-	large	n/a
Other	52	46	46	13%	13%
<b>Other income</b>	<b>1,240</b>	<b>918</b>	<b>1,406</b>	<b>35%</b>	<b>-12%</b>
<b>Other operating income</b>	<b>2,191</b>	<b>1,915</b>	<b>2,310</b>	<b>14%</b>	<b>-5%</b>
<b>Operating income</b>	<b>11,079</b>	<b>11,007</b>	<b>11,179</b>	<b>1%</b>	<b>-1%</b>

<sup>1</sup> Lending fees recognised in other operating income exclude fees treated as part of the effective yield calculation which are recognised in interest income.

<sup>2</sup> Includes fair value movements (excluding realised and accrued interest) on derivatives not designated as accounting hedges, entered into to manage interest rate and foreign exchange risk, ineffective portions of cash flow hedges, and fair value movements in financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

## 3. Operating expenses

	Half Year			Movement	
	Mar 26 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Mar 26 v. Sep 25	Mar 26 v. Mar 25
<b>i) Personnel</b>					
Salaries and related costs	2,898	3,045	2,946	-5%	-2%
Superannuation costs	299	259	249	15%	20%
Equity-settled share-based payments	47	61	61	-23%	-23%
Other	25	78	56	-68%	-55%
<b>Personnel</b>	<b>3,269</b>	<b>3,443</b>	<b>3,312</b>	<b>-5%</b>	<b>-1%</b>
<b>ii) Premises</b>					
Rent	43	39	48	10%	-10%
Depreciation	207	216	215	-4%	-4%
Other	83	107	85	-22%	-2%
<b>Premises</b>	<b>333</b>	<b>362</b>	<b>348</b>	<b>-8%</b>	<b>-4%</b>
<b>iii) Technology</b>					
Depreciation and amortisation	217	265	235	-18%	-8%
Subscription licences and outsourced services	643	698	633	-8%	2%
Other	162	223	189	-27%	-14%
<b>Technology</b>	<b>1,022</b>	<b>1,186</b>	<b>1,057</b>	<b>-14%</b>	<b>-3%</b>
<b>iv) Restructuring<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>-</b>	<b>687</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>large</b>	<b>large</b>
<b>v) Other</b>					
Advertising and public relations	101	113	107	-11%	-6%
Professional fees	353	559	397	-37%	-11%
Freight, stationery, postage and communication	99	96	83	3%	19%
Card processing fees	50	43	45	16%	11%
Amortisation and impairment of other intangible assets	63	65	85	-3%	-26%
Non-lending losses, frauds and forgeries <sup>2</sup>	72	322	61	-78%	18%
Cashrewards goodwill impairment	-	78	-	large	n/a
Other	233	245	244	-5%	-5%
<b>Other</b>	<b>971</b>	<b>1,521</b>	<b>1,022</b>	<b>-36%</b>	<b>-5%</b>
<b>Operating expenses</b>	<b>5,595</b>	<b>7,199</b>	<b>5,824</b>	<b>-22%</b>	<b>-4%</b>

<sup>1.</sup> September 2025 half includes a number of significant items comprising \$585 million of staff redundancies, \$97 million of non-staff costs relating to Suncorp Bank migration, and \$5 million various other small items.

<sup>2.</sup> September 2025 half includes \$240 million of ASIC penalties, with an additional \$10 million recognised during the March 2026 half.

4. Income tax expense

Reconciliation of the prima facie income tax expense on pre-tax profit with the income tax expense recognised in the profit and loss.

	Half Year			Movement	
	Mar 26 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Mar 26 v. Sep 25	Mar 26 v. Mar 25
Profit before income tax	5,210	3,512	5,210	48%	0%
Prima facie income tax expense at 30%	1,563	1,054	1,563	48%	0%
Tax effect of permanent differences:					
Share of associates' (profit)/loss	(16)	(12)	(11)	33%	45%
Interest on convertible instruments	45	47	58	-4%	-22%
Overseas tax rate differential	(82)	(76)	(83)	8%	-1%
Provision for foreign tax on dividend repatriation	15	22	11	-32%	36%
Non-deductible ASIC penalties	3	72	-	-96%	n/a
PT Panin impairment	-	86	-	large	n/a
Cashrewards goodwill impairment	-	23	-	large	n/a
Other	7	36	9	-81%	-22%
Subtotal	1,535	1,252	1,547	23%	-1%
Income tax (over)/under provided in previous years	5	(9)	-	large	n/a
<b>Income tax expense</b>	<b>1,540</b>	<b>1,243</b>	<b>1,547</b>	<b>24%</b>	<b>0%</b>
Australia	851	535	783	59%	9%
Overseas	689	708	764	-3%	-10%
<b>Income tax expense</b>	<b>1,540</b>	<b>1,243</b>	<b>1,547</b>	<b>24%</b>	<b>0%</b>
<b>Effective tax rate</b>	<b>29.6%</b>	<b>35.4%</b>	<b>29.7%</b>		

5. Dividends

Dividend per ordinary share (cents)	Half Year			Movement	
	Mar 26	Sep 25	Mar 25	Mar 26 v. Sep 25	Mar 26 v. Mar 25
Interim					
- partially franked <sup>1,2</sup>	83	-	83		
Final					
- partially franked <sup>3</sup>	-	83	-		
<b>Total</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>0%</b>	<b>0%</b>
<b>Ordinary share dividend (\$M)<sup>4</sup></b>					
Interim dividend	-	2,466	-		
Final dividend	2,476	-	2,472		
Bonus option plan adjustment	(69)	(45)	(46)	53%	50%
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,407</b>	<b>2,421</b>	<b>2,426</b>	<b>-1%</b>	<b>-1%</b>
<b>Ordinary share dividend payout ratio (%)<sup>5</sup></b>	<b>68.5%</b>	<b>110.1%</b>	<b>67.7%</b>		

<sup>1.</sup> Proposed 2026 interim dividend will be partially franked at 75% for Australian tax purposes (30% tax rate) and carry New Zealand imputation credits of NZD 14 cents.

<sup>2.</sup> 2025 interim dividend was partially franked at 70% for Australian tax purposes (30% tax rate) and carried New Zealand imputation credits of NZD 12 cents.

<sup>3.</sup> 2025 final dividend was partially franked at 70% for Australian tax purposes (30% tax rate) and carried New Zealand imputation credits of NZD 13 cents.

<sup>4.</sup> Dividend paid to ordinary equity holders of the Company. Excludes dividends paid by subsidiaries to the Group's non-controlling equity holders of \$18 million during the March 2026 half (Sep 25 half: \$38 million; Mar 25 half: \$20 million).

<sup>5.</sup> Dividend payout ratio is calculated using the proposed 2026 interim dividend of \$2,502 million, based on the forecast number of ordinary shares on issue at the dividend record date. Dividend payout ratios for the September 2025 and March 2025 halves were calculated using actual dividends.

Ordinary Shares

The Directors proposed a 2026 interim dividend of 83 cents be paid on each eligible fully paid ANZ ordinary share, partially franked at 75% for Australian taxation purposes. The 2026 interim dividend is intended to be paid on 1 July 2026 to holders of ANZ ordinary shares on the share register at the close of business on 12 May 2026 (record date), and carry New Zealand imputation credits of NZD 14 cents per ordinary share.

Eligible shareholders can elect to reinvest their dividend entitlement into ANZ ordinary shares under the Company's DRP. Eligible shareholders can elect to forgo their dividend entitlement and instead receive ANZ ordinary shares under the Company's BOP. For the proposed 2026 interim dividend, ANZ intends to purchase ANZ ordinary shares on market to satisfy its obligations under the DRP and issue new ANZ ordinary shares to satisfy its obligations under the BOP.

## 6. Earnings per share

	Half Year			Movement	
	Mar 26	Sep 25	Mar 25	Mar 26 v. Sep 25	Mar 26 v. Mar 25
<b>Earnings per share</b>					
Basic earnings per share (cents)	121.8	75.6	122.5	61%	-1%
Diluted earnings per share (cents)	120.1	75.4	119.3	59%	1%
<b>Reconciliation of earnings used in earnings per share calculations</b>					
<b>Basic:</b>					
Profit for the period (\$M)	3,670	2,269	3,663	62%	0%
Less: Profit attributable to non-controlling interests (\$M)	20	20	21	0%	-5%
<b>Earnings used in calculating basic earnings per share (\$M)</b>	<b>3,650</b>	<b>2,249</b>	<b>3,642</b>	<b>62%</b>	<b>0%</b>
<b>Diluted:</b>					
<b>Earnings used in calculating basic earnings per share (\$M)</b>	<b>3,650</b>	<b>2,249</b>	<b>3,642</b>	<b>62%</b>	<b>0%</b>
Add: Interest on convertible subordinated debt (\$M)	154	-	198	n/a	-22%
<b>Earnings used in calculating diluted earnings per share (\$M)</b>	<b>3,804</b>	<b>2,249</b>	<b>3,840</b>	<b>69%</b>	<b>-1%</b>
<b>Reconciliation of weighted average number of ordinary shares (WANOS) used in earnings per share calculations<sup>1</sup></b>					
<b>WANOS used in calculating basic earnings per share (M)</b>	<b>2,997.7</b>	<b>2,973.3</b>	<b>2,971.9</b>	<b>1%</b>	<b>1%</b>
Add: Weighted average dilutive potential ordinary shares (M) <sup>2</sup>	169.1	8.4	245.8	large	-31%
<b>WANOS used in calculating diluted earnings per share (M)</b>	<b>3,166.8</b>	<b>2,981.7</b>	<b>3,217.7</b>	<b>6%</b>	<b>-2%</b>

<sup>1</sup> WANOS excludes the weighted average number of treasury shares held in ANZEST Pty Ltd of 3.5 million for the March 2026 half (Sep 25 half: 4.2 million; Mar 25 half: 4.5 million).

<sup>2</sup> For the March 2026 and March 2025 halves, dilutive potential ordinary shares includes convertible subordinated debt and share-based payments (options, rights, and deferred shares). For the September 2025 half, dilutive potential ordinary shares includes share-based payments (options, rights and deferred shares).

## 7. Segment reporting

### i) Description of segments

The Group operates a divisional structure with seven divisions: Australia Retail, Business & Private Bank (formerly known as Australia Commercial), Institutional, New Zealand, Suncorp Bank, Pacific, and Group Centre. Operating segments presented below are consistent with internal divisional reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker, being the Chief Executive Officer.

The presentation of divisional results has been impacted by the creation of a new Group Operations function within the Group Centre division during the March 2026 half to better support the bank's strategy. Group Operations brings together operations, business services and enterprise services teams from across the bank to deliver a consistent catalogue of shared services, streamline operations, and support for each division more effectively. The establishment of Group Operations primarily impacted divisional FTEs, the impacts on divisional income statement and balance sheet items were not material.

Prior period comparatives have been restated.

### ii) Operating segments

The Group measures the performance of operating segments on a cash profit basis. To calculate cash profit, the Group excludes certain items from profit after-tax attributable to shareholders. These adjustments relate to the impacts of economic hedges and revenue and expense hedges, which represent timing differences that will reverse through earnings in the future, and the amortisation of intangible assets recognised as a result of the Suncorp Bank acquisition.

Transactions between divisions across segments within the Group are conducted on an arm's length basis and where relevant disclosed as part of the income and expenses of these segments.

	Australia Retail \$M	Business & Private Bank \$M	Institutional \$M	New Zealand \$M	Suncorp Bank \$M	Pacific \$M	Group Centre \$M	Group Total \$M
<b>March 2026 Half Year</b>								
Net interest income	2,667	1,625	1,990	1,547	783	55	221	8,888
Net fee and commission income	271	140	318	198	20	6	(2)	951
Other income <sup>1,2</sup>	55	14	1,036	1	30	38	191	1,365
Operating income <sup>1,2</sup>	2,993	1,779	3,344	1,746	833	99	410	11,204
Operating expenses <sup>3</sup>	(1,532)	(728)	(1,365)	(652)	(444)	(67)	(746)	(5,534)
Cash profit before credit impairment and income tax	1,461	1,051	1,979	1,094	389	32	(336)	5,670
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(107)	(52)	(104)	(1)	(20)	6	4	(274)
Cash profit before income tax	1,354	999	1,875	1,093	369	38	(332)	5,396
Income tax (expense)/benefit <sup>1,2,3</sup>	(409)	(301)	(528)	(305)	(111)	(8)	66	(1,596)
Non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	(1)	(19)	(20)
<b>Cash profit/(loss)</b>	<b>945</b>	<b>698</b>	<b>1,347</b>	<b>788</b>	<b>258</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>(285)</b>	<b>3,780</b>
Economic hedges <sup>1</sup>								(144)
Revenue and expense hedges <sup>2</sup>								57
Amortisation of acquired intangible assets <sup>3</sup>								(43)
<b>Profit after-tax attributable to shareholders</b>								<b>3,650</b>
<b>Financial Position</b>								
Total external assets	356,786	68,826	660,697	122,414	90,294	3,382	11,406	1,313,805
Total external liabilities	193,525	128,758	515,836	116,805	83,473	3,946	199,706	1,242,049

<sup>1</sup> Economic hedges cash profit adjustment relates to the Institutional, New Zealand, Suncorp Bank and Group Centre divisions. In the condensed consolidated income statement, \$207 million loss was recognised in Other operating income and \$63 million of Income tax benefit was recognised during the March 2026 half.

<sup>2</sup> Revenue and expense hedges cash profit adjustment relates to the Group Centre division. In the condensed consolidated income statement, \$82 million gain was recognised in Other operating income and \$25 million of Income tax expense was recognised during the March 2026 half.

<sup>3</sup> Amortisation of acquired intangible assets cash profit adjustment relates to the Suncorp Bank division. In the condensed consolidated income statement, \$61 million was recognised in Operating expenses and \$18 million of Income tax benefit was recognised during the March 2026 half.

## 7. Segment reporting, cont'd

	Australia Retail \$M	Business & Private Bank \$M	Institutional \$M	New Zealand \$M	Suncorp Bank \$M	Pacific \$M	Group Centre \$M	Group Total \$M
<b>September 2025 Half Year</b>								
Net interest income	2,654	1,591	2,118	1,650	817	53	209	9,092
Net fee and commission income	298	137	344	190	32	5	(9)	997
Other income <sup>1,2</sup>	59	16	928	2	4	40	(234)	815
Operating income <sup>1,2</sup>	3,011	1,744	3,390	1,842	853	98	(34)	10,904
Operating expenses <sup>3</sup>	(2,234)	(765)	(1,620)	(722)	(640)	(70)	(1,087)	(7,138)
Cash profit before credit impairment and income tax	777	979	1,770	1,120	213	28	(1,121)	3,766
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(226)	(52)	(3)	15	(25)	1	(6)	(296)
Cash profit before income tax	551	927	1,767	1,135	188	29	(1,127)	3,470
Income tax (expense)/benefit <sup>1,2,3</sup>	(208)	(280)	(541)	(318)	(56)	(5)	177	(1,231)
Non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	(1)	(19)	(20)
<b>Cash profit/(loss)</b>	<b>343</b>	<b>647</b>	<b>1,226</b>	<b>817</b>	<b>132</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>(969)</b>	<b>2,219</b>
Economic hedges <sup>1</sup>								(39)
Revenue and expense hedges <sup>2</sup>								112
Amortisation of acquired intangible assets <sup>3</sup>								(43)
<b>Profit after-tax attributable to shareholders</b>								<b>2,249</b>
<b>Financial Position</b>								
Total external assets	351,574	67,524	631,835	126,104	89,369	3,354	27,348	1,297,108
Total external liabilities	190,552	123,942	502,757	120,644	82,791	3,858	200,697	1,225,241
<b>March 2025 Half Year</b>								
Net interest income	2,592	1,589	2,028	1,589	823	55	193	8,869
Net fee and commission income	215	138	333	193	21	7	(3)	904
Other income <sup>1,2</sup>	54	15	1,053	-	9	37	54	1,222
Operating income <sup>1,2</sup>	2,861	1,742	3,414	1,782	853	99	244	10,995
Operating expenses <sup>3</sup>	(1,781)	(755)	(1,461)	(685)	(433)	(74)	(553)	(5,742)
Cash profit before credit impairment and income tax	1,080	987	1,953	1,097	420	25	(309)	5,253
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(63)	(50)	(28)	4	(11)	3	-	(145)
Cash profit before income tax	1,017	937	1,925	1,101	409	28	(309)	5,108
Income tax (expense)/benefit <sup>1,2,3</sup>	(312)	(282)	(547)	(309)	(123)	(7)	61	(1,519)
Non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	(1)	(20)	(21)
<b>Cash profit/(loss)</b>	<b>705</b>	<b>655</b>	<b>1,378</b>	<b>792</b>	<b>286</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>(268)</b>	<b>3,568</b>
Economic hedges <sup>1</sup>								167
Revenue and expense hedges <sup>2</sup>								(36)
Amortisation of acquired intangible assets <sup>3</sup>								(57)
<b>Profit after-tax attributable to shareholders</b>								<b>3,642</b>
<b>Financial Position</b>								
Total external assets	343,622	66,327	618,541	127,467	88,785	3,365	54,502	1,302,609
Total external liabilities	187,346	124,816	493,410	122,408	82,483	3,848	215,967	1,230,278

<sup>1</sup> Economic hedges cash profit adjustment relates to the Institutional, New Zealand, Suncorp Bank and Group Centre divisions. In the condensed consolidated income statement, \$58 million loss was recognised in Other operating income for the September 2025 half (Mar 25 half: \$236 million gain) and \$19 million of Income tax benefit was recognised for the September 2025 half (Mar 25 half: \$69 million expense).

<sup>2</sup> Revenue and expense hedges cash profit adjustment relates to the Group Centre division. In the condensed consolidated income statement, \$161 million gain was recognised in Other operating income for the September 2025 half (Mar 25 half: \$52 million loss) and \$49 million of Income tax expense was recognised for the September 2025 half (Mar 25 half: \$16 million benefit).

<sup>3</sup> Amortisation of acquired intangible assets cash profit adjustment relates to the Suncorp Bank division. In the condensed consolidated income statement, \$61 million was recognised in Operating expenses for the September 2025 half (Mar 25 half: \$82 million) and \$18 million of Income tax benefit was recognised for the September 2025 half (Mar 25 half: \$25 million).

## 8. Net loans and advances

	As at			Movement	
	Mar 26 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Mar 26 v. Sep 25	Mar 26 v. Mar 25
<b>Australia</b>					
Overdrafts	4,335	4,615	4,479	-6%	-3%
Credit cards outstanding	5,103	5,119	5,211	0%	-2%
Commercial bills outstanding	3,532	3,739	4,072	-6%	-13%
Term loans - housing	407,446	401,534	391,719	1%	4%
Term loans - non-housing	192,270	204,024	193,271	-6%	-1%
Other	1,022	955	916	7%	12%
<b>Total Australia</b>	<b>613,708</b>	619,986	599,668	-1%	2%
<b>New Zealand</b>					
Overdrafts	955	1,010	1,011	-5%	-6%
Credit cards outstanding	1,042	1,080	1,126	-4%	-7%
Term loans - housing	99,091	102,011	103,090	-3%	-4%
Term loans - non-housing	33,496	35,601	34,852	-6%	-4%
<b>Total New Zealand</b>	<b>134,584</b>	139,702	140,079	-4%	-4%
<b>Rest of World</b>					
Overdrafts	386	394	585	-2%	-34%
Credit cards outstanding	6	6	6	0%	0%
Term loans - housing	450	452	454	0%	-1%
Term loans - non-housing	72,644	68,931	79,420	5%	-9%
<b>Total Rest of World</b>	<b>73,486</b>	69,783	80,465	5%	-9%
<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>821,778</b>	829,471	820,212	-1%	0%
Unearned income <sup>1</sup>	(607)	(641)	(584)	-5%	4%
Capitalised brokerage and other origination costs <sup>1</sup>	4,503	4,500	4,335	0%	4%
<b>Gross loans and advances</b>	<b>825,674</b>	833,330	823,963	-1%	0%
Allowance for ECL (refer to Note 9)	(3,897)	(3,874)	(3,761)	1%	4%
<b>Net loans and advances</b>	<b>821,777</b>	829,456	820,202	-1%	0%

<sup>1</sup>. Amortised over the expected life of the loan.

## 9. Allowance for expected credit losses

The Group's assessment of expected credit losses (ECL) from its credit portfolio is subject to judgements and estimates made by management based on a variety of internal and external information, as well as the Group's experience of the performance of the portfolio under a variety of conditions.

	As at								
	Mar 26			Sep 25			Mar 25		
	Collectively assessed \$M	Individually assessed \$M	Total \$M	Collectively assessed \$M	Individually assessed \$M	Total \$M	Collectively assessed \$M	Individually assessed \$M	Total \$M
Net loans and advances at amortised cost	3,539	358	3,897	3,512	362	3,874	3,415	346	3,761
Off-balance sheet commitments - undrawn and contingent facilities	880	37	917	833	37	870	834	18	852
Investment securities - debt securities at amortised cost	34	-	34	34	-	34	31	-	31
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,453</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>4,848</b>	<b>4,379</b>	<b>399</b>	<b>4,778</b>	<b>4,280</b>	<b>364</b>	<b>4,644</b>
<b>Other Comprehensive Income</b>									
Investment securities - debt securities at FVOCI <sup>1</sup>	14	-	14	13	-	13	21	-	21

<sup>1</sup> For FVOCI assets, the allowance for ECL does not alter the carrying amount which remains at fair value. Instead, the allowance for ECL is recognised in Other comprehensive income with a corresponding charge to profit or loss.

The following tables present the movement in the allowance for ECL.

## Net loans and advances at amortised cost

Allowance for ECL is included in Net loans and advances.

	Stage 3				
	Stage 1 \$M	Stage 2 \$M	Collectively assessed \$M	Individually assessed \$M	Total \$M
<b>As at 1 October 2024</b>	<b>1,276</b>	<b>1,653</b>	<b>443</b>	<b>303</b>	<b>3,675</b>
Transfer between stages	147	(160)	(61)	74	-
New and increased provisions (net of releases) <sup>1</sup>	(214)	198	109	210	303
Write-backs	-	-	-	(67)	(67)
Bad debts written-off (excluding recoveries)	-	-	-	(172)	(172)
Foreign currency translation and other movements <sup>2</sup>	17	(1)	8	(2)	22
<b>As at 31 March 2025</b>	<b>1,226</b>	<b>1,690</b>	<b>499</b>	<b>346</b>	<b>3,761</b>
Transfer between stages	204	(174)	(117)	87	-
New and increased provisions (net of releases)	(83)	54	233	185	389
Write-backs	-	-	-	(70)	(70)
Bad debts written-off (excluding recoveries)	-	-	-	(174)	(174)
Foreign currency translation and other movements <sup>2</sup>	(14)	(12)	6	(12)	(32)
<b>As at 30 September 2025</b>	<b>1,333</b>	<b>1,558</b>	<b>621</b>	<b>362</b>	<b>3,874</b>
Transfer between stages	214	(213)	(65)	64	-
New and increased provisions (net of releases)	(122)	178	67	186	309
Write-backs	-	-	-	(62)	(62)
Bad debts written-off (excluding recoveries)	-	-	-	(180)	(180)
Foreign currency translation and other movements <sup>2</sup>	(19)	(14)	1	(12)	(44)
<b>As at 31 March 2026</b>	<b>1,406</b>	<b>1,509</b>	<b>624</b>	<b>358</b>	<b>3,897</b>

<sup>1</sup> Includes Suncorp Bank acquisition related collectively assessed allowance for ECL. Under accounting standards, these were initially recognised as Stage 1, and where relevant moving to Stage 2 after the date of acquisition, all presented within New and increased provisions (net of releases).

<sup>2</sup> Other movements include the impact of discounting on expected cash flows for individually assessed allowances for ECL.

9. Allowance for expected credit losses, cont'd

**Off-balance sheet commitments - undrawn and contingent facilities**

Allowance for ECL is included in Other provisions.

	Stage 1 \$M	Stage 2 \$M	Stage 3		Total \$M
			Collectively assessed \$M	Individually assessed \$M	
<b>As at 30 September 2024</b>	<b>658</b>	<b>156</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>846</b>
Transfer between stages	19	(18)	(2)	1	-
New and increased provisions (net of releases)	(60)	26	6	14	(14)
Write-backs	-	-	-	(2)	(2)
Foreign currency translation and other movements	23	-	(1)	-	22
<b>As at 31 March 2025</b>	<b>640</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>852</b>
Transfer between stages	22	(21)	(4)	3	-
New and increased provisions (net of releases)	(6)	20	3	16	33
Write-backs	-	-	-	(1)	(1)
Foreign currency translation and other movements	(13)	(3)	1	1	(14)
<b>As at 30 September 2025</b>	<b>643</b>	<b>160</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>870</b>
Transfer between stages	21	(20)	(1)	-	-
New and increased provisions (net of releases)	54	4	6	2	66
Write-backs	-	-	-	(2)	(2)
Foreign currency translation and other movements	(13)	(4)	-	-	(17)
<b>As at 31 March 2026</b>	<b>705</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>917</b>

**Investment securities - debt securities at amortised cost**

Allowance for ECL is included in Investment securities.

	Stage 1 \$M	Stage 2 \$M	Stage 3		Total \$M
			Collectively assessed \$M	Individually assessed \$M	
<b>As at 31 March 2025</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>31</b>
<b>As at 30 September 2025</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>34</b>
<b>As at 31 March 2026</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>34</b>

**Investment securities - debt securities at FVOCI**

For FVOCI assets, the allowance for ECL does not alter the carrying amount which remains at fair value. Instead, the allowance for ECL is recognised in Other comprehensive income with a corresponding charge to profit or loss.

	Stage 1 \$M	Stage 2 \$M	Stage 3		Total \$M
			Collectively assessed \$M	Individually assessed \$M	
<b>As at 31 March 2025</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>21</b>
<b>As at 30 September 2025</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>13</b>
<b>As at 31 March 2026</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>14</b>

9. Allowance for expected credit losses, cont'd

Credit impairment charge/(release) analysis

	Half Year			Movement	
	Mar 26 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Mar 26 v. Sep 25	Mar 26 v. Mar 25
New and increased provisions (net of releases) <sup>1</sup>					
- Collectively assessed	126	128	(14)	-2%	large
- Individually assessed	249	295	301	-16%	-17%
Write-backs <sup>2</sup>	(64)	(71)	(69)	-10%	-7%
Recoveries of amounts previously written-off	(37)	(56)	(73)	-34%	-49%
<b>Total credit impairment charge/(release)</b>	<b>274</b>	<b>296</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>-7%</b>	<b>89%</b>

<sup>1.</sup> New and increased provisions (net of releases) includes the impact of transfers between stages as summarised below:

	Mar 26 half		Sep 25 half		Mar 25 half	
	Collectively assessed	Individually assessed	Collectively assessed	Individually assessed	Collectively assessed	Individually assessed
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Net loans and advances at amortised cost	59	250	117	272	19	284
Off-balance sheet commitments	64	2	14	19	(29)	15
Investment securities - debt securities at amortised cost	2	-	5	-	(5)	-
Investment securities - debt securities at FVOCI	1	-	(8)	-	1	-
Other financial assets	-	(3)	-	4	-	2
<b>Total</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>249</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>295</b>	<b>(14)</b>	<b>301</b>

<sup>2.</sup> Consists of write-backs in Net loans and advances at amortised cost of \$62 million for the March 2026 half (Sep 25 half: \$70 million; Mar 25 half: \$67 million), and Off-balance sheet commitments of \$2 million for the March 2026 half (Sep 25 half: \$1 million; Mar 25 half: \$2 million).

9. Allowance for expected credit losses, cont'd

**Key judgements and estimates**

**Individually assessed allowance for ECL**

In estimating individually assessed ECL, the Group makes judgements and assumptions in relation to expected repayments, the realisable value of collateral, business prospects for the customer, competing claims and the likely cost and duration of the work-out process.

**Collectively assessed allowance for ECL**

In estimating collectively assessed ECL, the Group makes judgements and assumptions in relation to:

- the selection of an estimation technique or modelling methodology; and
- the selection of inputs for those models, and the interdependencies between those inputs.

The judgements and associated assumptions have been made within the context of the uncertainty of how various factors might impact the global economy, and reflect historical experience and other factors that are considered relevant, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Group's ECL estimates are inherently uncertain and, as a result, actual results may differ from these estimates.

The key judgements and assumptions in estimating collectively assessed ECL are presented below.

**Base case economic forecast assumptions**

The economic drivers of the base case economic forecasts, reflective of ANZ Economics' view of future macro-economic conditions, used at 31 March 2026 are set out below. For years beyond the near-term forecasts below, the ECL models apply simplified assumptions for the economic conditions to calculate lifetime loss. There is a high level of estimation uncertainty when forming these forecasts.

The base case economic forecasts for Australia are for a pace of growth broadly consistent with the economy's ability to grow over the medium term, and reflect the impact of interest rate adjustments and modest tax cuts. In New Zealand, economic recovery and a return to growth is forecast, supported by lower interest rates, favourable terms of trade and a declining unemployment rate. However, as these base case economic forecasts do not capture the current and potential future uncertainty and volatility arising from the recent conflict in the Middle East, scenario weightings have been applied to reflect the Group's assessment of downside risks, as discussed below.

	Calendar year		
	2025	2026	2027
<b>Australia</b>			
GDP (annual average % change)	1.9	2.0	2.0
Unemployment rate (annual average)	4.2	4.3	4.4
Residential property prices (annual % change)	7.3	4.8	3.8
Consumer price index (annual average % change)	2.8	3.6	2.9
<b>New Zealand</b>			
GDP (annual average % change)	0.4	2.6	2.8
Unemployment rate (annual average)	5.3	5.1	4.7
Residential property prices (annual % change)	(0.1)	2.0	4.5
Consumer price index (annual average % change)	2.8	2.5	2.0
<b>Rest of World</b>			
GDP (annual average % change)	2.3	2.5	2.2
Consumer price index (annual % change)	2.7	2.5	2.2

9. Allowance for expected credit losses, cont'd

*Probability weightings*

Probability weightings for each scenario are determined by management considering the risks and uncertainties surrounding the base case economic scenario including the uncertainties described above.

The key consideration for probability weightings in the current period is the heightened downside risks arising from the recent conflict in the Middle East, which increases volatility in global financial markets. Accordingly, greater weight has been applied to the severe downside scenario, reflecting the Group's assessment of downside risks.

The assigned probability weightings in Australia, New Zealand and Rest of World are subject to a high degree of inherent uncertainty and therefore the actual outcomes may be significantly different to those projected. The Group considers these weightings in each geography to provide estimates of the possible loss outcomes and taking into account short and long-term inter-relationships within the Group's credit portfolios.

Average weighting applied across the Group are summarised in the table below:

	Mar 26	Sep 25	Mar 25
<b>Group</b>			
Base	46%	46%	46%
Upside	1%	1%	1%
Downside	38%	40%	40%
Severe downside	15%	13%	13%

*ECL - Sensitivity analysis*

Given inherent economic uncertainties and the judgement applied to factors used in determining the expected default of borrowers in future periods, ECL reported by the Group should be considered as a best estimate within a range of possible estimates.

The table below illustrates the sensitivity of the Group's allowance for collectively assessed ECL to key factors used in determining it at 31 March 2026:

	Balance Sheet \$M	Impact \$M
If 1% of stage 1 facilities were included in stage 2	4,504	51
If 1% of stage 2 facilities were included in stage 1	4,447	(6)
100% upside scenario	1,573	(2,880)
100% base scenario	2,000	(2,453)
100% downside scenario	4,388	(65)
100% severe downside scenario	9,735	5,282

## 10. Deposits and other borrowings

	As at			Movement	
	Mar 26 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Mar 26 v. Sep 25	Mar 26 v. Mar 25
<b>Australia</b>					
Certificates of deposit	32,727	38,184	30,215	-14%	8%
Term deposits	103,599	97,468	102,183	6%	1%
On demand and short-term deposits	348,576	337,908	320,976	3%	9%
Deposits not bearing interest	40,345	40,664	39,770	-1%	1%
Deposits from banks and securities sold under repurchase agreements	48,774	55,657	55,917	-12%	-13%
Commercial paper and other borrowings	50,014	45,785	60,025	9%	-17%
<b>Total Australia</b>	<b>624,035</b>	<b>615,666</b>	<b>609,086</b>	<b>1%</b>	<b>2%</b>
<b>New Zealand</b>					
Certificates of deposit	1,805	774	1,213	large	49%
Term deposits	51,882	53,421	54,438	-3%	-5%
On demand and short-term deposits	56,604	57,459	58,246	-1%	-3%
Deposits not bearing interest	15,776	15,224	15,405	4%	2%
Deposits from banks and securities sold under repurchase agreements	2,753	3,924	3,182	-30%	-13%
Commercial paper and other borrowings	2,124	3,659	1,931	-42%	10%
<b>Total New Zealand</b>	<b>130,944</b>	<b>134,461</b>	<b>134,415</b>	<b>-3%</b>	<b>-3%</b>
<b>Rest of World</b>					
Certificates of deposit	4,797	6,803	8,153	-29%	-41%
Term deposits	122,426	117,929	141,641	4%	-14%
On demand and short-term deposits	26,339	22,536	18,136	17%	45%
Deposits not bearing interest	5,177	5,448	5,770	-5%	-10%
Deposits from banks and securities sold under repurchase agreements	46,704	52,221	55,018	-11%	-15%
<b>Total Rest of World</b>	<b>205,443</b>	<b>204,937</b>	<b>228,718</b>	<b>0%</b>	<b>-10%</b>
<b>Deposits and other borrowings<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>960,422</b>	<b>955,064</b>	<b>972,219</b>	<b>1%</b>	<b>-1%</b>

<sup>1</sup> Customer deposits balance of \$770,724 million as at 31 March 2026 (Sep 25: \$748,057 million; Mar 25: \$756,565 million) includes Term deposits, On demand and short-term deposits and Deposits not bearing interest.

## 11. Debt issuances

	As at			Movement	
	Mar 26 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Mar 26 v. Sep 25	Mar 26 v. Mar 25
<b>Total unsubordinated debt</b>	<b>117,351</b>	125,163	126,679	-6%	-7%
<b>Additional Tier 1 Capital (perpetual subordinated securities)<sup>1,2</sup></b>					
ANZ Capital Notes (ANZ CN) <sup>3</sup>					
ANZ CN6	1,493	1,492	1,491	0%	0%
ANZ CN7	1,302	1,301	1,300	0%	0%
ANZ CN8	1,488	1,487	1,486	0%	0%
ANZ CN9	1,684	1,683	1,682	0%	0%
ANZ Capital Securities <sup>4</sup>	1,452	1,489	1,544	-2%	-6%
<b>Tier 2 Capital (term subordinated notes)<sup>5</sup></b>	<b>32,951</b>	33,811	32,444	-3%	2%
<b>Other subordinated debt securities</b>	<b>2,759</b>	2,848	2,929	-3%	-6%
<b>Total subordinated debt</b>	<b>43,129</b>	44,111	42,876	-2%	1%
<b>Total debt issuances</b>	<b>160,480</b>	169,274	169,555	-5%	-5%

<sup>1</sup> ANZ Capital Notes and ANZ Capital Securities are Basel 3 compliant instruments.

<sup>2</sup> APRA has confirmed that its phase out of Additional Tier 1 capital instruments will commence in January 2027.

<sup>3</sup> Each of the ANZ Capital Notes will convert into a variable number of ordinary shares of ANZGHL on a specified mandatory conversion date at a 1% discount (subject to certain conditions being satisfied). If ANZBGL's Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio is equal to or less than 5.125%, or ANZBGL receives a notice of non-viability from APRA, then the notes will immediately convert into a variable number of ordinary shares of ANZGHL at a 1% discount subject to a maximum conversion number. Subject to certain conditions, the notes are redeemable or convertible into ordinary shares of ANZGHL (on similar terms to mandatory conversion) by ANZBGL at its discretion on an early redemption or conversion date.

	Issuer	Issue date	Issue amount \$M	First early redemption or conversion date	Mandatory conversion date
CN6	ANZBGL	8 Jul 2021	1,500	20 Mar 2028	20 Sep 2030
CN7	ANZBGL	24 Mar 2022	1,310	20 Mar 2029	20 Sep 2031
CN8	ANZBGL	24 Mar 2023	1,500	20 Mar 2030	20 Sep 2032
CN9	ANZBGL	20 Mar 2024	1,700	20 Mar 2031	20 Sep 2033

<sup>4</sup> On 15 June 2016, ANZBGL, acting through its London branch, issued USD 1 billion fully-paid perpetual subordinated contingent convertible securities (ANZ Capital Securities). If ANZBGL's Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio is equal to or less than 5.125%, or ANZBGL receives a notice of non-viability from APRA, then the securities will immediately convert into a variable number of ANZGHL ordinary shares at a 1% discount subject to a maximum conversion number. Subject to certain conditions, on the First Reset Date (15 June 2026) and on each 5-year anniversary, ANZ has the right to redeem all of the securities at its discretion.

<sup>5</sup> All the term subordinated notes are convertible and are Basel 3 compliant instruments. If ANZBGL receives a notice of non-viability from APRA, then the convertible subordinated notes will immediately convert into a variable number of ordinary shares of ANZGHL at a 1% discount subject to a maximum conversion number.

12. Credit risk

Maximum exposure to credit risk

For financial assets recognised on the balance sheet, the maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying amount. In certain circumstances there may be differences between the carrying amounts reported on the balance sheet and the amounts reported in the tables below. Principally, these differences arise in respect of financial assets that are subject to risks other than credit risk, such as equity instruments which are primarily subject to market risk, or bank notes and coins.

For undrawn facilities, this maximum exposure to credit risk is the full amount of the committed facilities. For contingent exposures, the maximum exposure to credit risk is the maximum amount the Group would have to pay if the instrument is called upon.

The table below shows the maximum exposure to credit risk of on-balance sheet, and off-balance sheet positions before taking account of any collateral held or other credit enhancements:

	Reported			Excluded <sup>1</sup>			Maximum Exposure to Credit Risk		
	As at			As at			As at		
	Mar 26	Sep 25	Mar 25	Mar 26	Sep 25	Mar 25	Mar 26	Sep 25	Mar 25
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
<b>On-balance sheet positions</b>									
Net loans and advances	821,777	829,456	820,202	-	-	-	821,777	829,456	820,202
Investment securities									
- debt securities at amortised cost	6,889	7,520	6,917	-	-	-	6,889	7,520	6,917
- debt securities at FVOCI	155,918	156,373	146,773	-	-	-	155,918	156,373	146,773
- equity securities at FVOCI	1,129	1,106	1,509	1,129	1,106	1,509	-	-	-
- debt securities at FVTPL	643	694	178	-	-	-	643	694	178
Other financial assets	314,157	288,721	313,101	26,940	33,675	14,614	287,217	255,046	298,487
<b>Total on-balance sheet positions</b>	<b>1,300,513</b>	<b>1,283,870</b>	<b>1,288,680</b>	<b>28,069</b>	<b>34,781</b>	<b>16,123</b>	<b>1,272,444</b>	<b>1,249,089</b>	<b>1,272,557</b>
<b>Off-balance sheet commitments</b>									
Undrawn and contingent facilities <sup>2</sup>	242,281	241,224	251,202	-	-	-	242,281	241,224	251,202
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,542,794</b>	<b>1,525,094</b>	<b>1,539,882</b>	<b>28,069</b>	<b>34,781</b>	<b>16,123</b>	<b>1,514,725</b>	<b>1,490,313</b>	<b>1,523,759</b>

<sup>1</sup> Excluded comprises Investment securities - equity securities at FVOCI, and bank notes and coins and cash at bank within Other financial assets as they do not have credit exposure.

<sup>2</sup> Undrawn and contingent facilities include guarantees, letters of credit and performance related contingencies, net of collectively assessed allowance for expected credit losses.

Credit quality

The Group's internal Customer Credit Rating (CCR) is used to manage the credit quality of financial assets. To enable wider comparisons, the Group's CCRs are mapped to external rating agency scales as follows:

Credit Quality Description	Internal CCR	ANZ Customer Requirement	Moody's Rating	Standard & Poor's Rating
Strong	CCR 0+ to 4-	Demonstrated superior stability in their operating and financial performance over the long-term, and whose earnings capacity is not significantly vulnerable to foreseeable events.	Aaa - Baa3	AAA - BBB-
Satisfactory	CCR 5+ to 6-	Demonstrated sound operational and financial stability over the medium to long term even though some may be susceptible to cyclical trends or variability in earnings.	Ba1 - B1	BB+ - B+
Weak	CCR 7+ to 8=	Demonstrated some operational and financial instability, with variability and uncertainty in profitability and liquidity projected to continue over the short and possibly medium term.	B2 - Caa	B - CCC
Non-performing	CCR 8- to 10	When doubt arises as to the collectability of a credit facility, the financial instrument (or 'the facility') is classified as non-performing.	N/A	N/A

12. Credit risk, cont'd

Net loans and advances

	Stage 1 \$M	Stage 2 \$M	Stage 3		Total \$M
			Collectively assessed \$M	Individually assessed \$M	
<b>As at March 2026</b>					
Strong	519,127	18,089	-	-	537,216
Satisfactory	185,803	41,731	-	-	227,534
Weak	15,075	16,047	-	-	31,122
Non-performing	-	-	6,866	1,025	7,891
<b>Gross loans and advances at amortised cost</b>	<b>720,005</b>	<b>75,867</b>	<b>6,866</b>	<b>1,025</b>	<b>803,763</b>
Allowance for ECL	(1,406)	(1,509)	(624)	(358)	(3,897)
<b>Net loans and advances at amortised cost</b>	<b>718,599</b>	<b>74,358</b>	<b>6,242</b>	<b>667</b>	<b>799,866</b>
Loans and advances at fair value through profit or loss					17,703
Loans and advances purchased credit impaired <sup>1</sup>					312
Unearned income					(607)
Capitalised brokerage and other origination costs					4,503
<b>Net carrying amount</b>					<b>821,777</b>
<b>As at September 2025</b>					
Strong	514,830	12,698	-	-	527,528
Satisfactory	193,577	36,906	-	-	230,483
Weak	17,922	14,787	-	-	32,709
Non-performing	-	-	6,955	1,018	7,973
<b>Gross loans and advances at amortised cost</b>	<b>726,329</b>	<b>64,391</b>	<b>6,955</b>	<b>1,018</b>	<b>798,693</b>
Allowance for ECL	(1,333)	(1,558)	(621)	(362)	(3,874)
<b>Net loans and advances at amortised cost</b>	<b>724,996</b>	<b>62,833</b>	<b>6,334</b>	<b>656</b>	<b>794,819</b>
Loans and advances at fair value through profit or loss					30,398
Loans and advances purchased credit impaired <sup>1</sup>					380
Unearned income					(641)
Capitalised brokerage and other origination costs					4,500
<b>Net carrying amount</b>					<b>829,456</b>
<b>As at March 2025</b>					
Strong	507,007	16,096	-	-	523,103
Satisfactory	189,086	44,293	-	-	233,379
Weak	15,709	18,219	-	-	33,928
Non-performing	-	-	6,802	993	7,795
<b>Gross loans and advances at amortised cost</b>	<b>711,802</b>	<b>78,608</b>	<b>6,802</b>	<b>993</b>	<b>798,205</b>
Allowance for ECL	(1,226)	(1,690)	(499)	(346)	(3,761)
<b>Net loans and advances at amortised cost</b>	<b>710,576</b>	<b>76,918</b>	<b>6,303</b>	<b>647</b>	<b>794,444</b>
Loans and advances at fair value through profit or loss					21,568
Loans and advances purchased credit impaired <sup>1</sup>					439
Unearned income					(584)
Capitalised brokerage and other origination costs					4,335
<b>Net carrying amount</b>					<b>820,202</b>

<sup>1</sup> Represents Stage 3 exposures from Suncorp Bank at the date of acquisition recognised net of allowance for ECL.

12. Credit risk, cont'd

Off-balance sheet commitments - undrawn and contingent facilities

	Stage 1 \$M	Stage 2 \$M	Stage 3		Total \$M
			Collectively assessed \$M	Individually assessed \$M	
<b>As at March 2026</b>					
Strong	207,178	1,480	-	-	208,658
Satisfactory	29,337	3,163	-	-	32,500
Weak	678	1,132	-	-	1,810
Non-performing	-	-	150	80	230
<b>Gross undrawn and contingent facilities subject to ECL</b>	<b>237,193</b>	<b>5,775</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>243,198</b>
Allowance for ECL included in Other provisions	(705)	(140)	(35)	(37)	(917)
<b>Net undrawn and contingent facilities subject to ECL</b>	<b>236,488</b>	<b>5,635</b>	<b>115</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>242,281</b>
<b>As at September 2025</b>					
Strong	208,112	1,422	-	-	209,534
Satisfactory	27,128	3,287	-	-	30,415
Weak	691	1,225	-	-	1,916
Non-performing	-	-	142	87	229
<b>Gross undrawn and contingent facilities subject to ECL</b>	<b>235,931</b>	<b>5,934</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>242,094</b>
Allowance for ECL included in Other provisions	(643)	(160)	(30)	(37)	(870)
<b>Net undrawn and contingent facilities subject to ECL</b>	<b>235,288</b>	<b>5,774</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>241,224</b>
<b>As at March 2025</b>					
Strong	217,514	1,189	-	-	218,703
Satisfactory	28,039	3,048	-	-	31,087
Weak	719	1,316	-	-	2,035
Non-performing	-	-	149	80	229
<b>Gross undrawn and contingent facilities subject to ECL</b>	<b>246,272</b>	<b>5,553</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>252,054</b>
Allowance for ECL included in Other provisions	(640)	(164)	(30)	(18)	(852)
<b>Net undrawn and contingent facilities subject to ECL</b>	<b>245,632</b>	<b>5,389</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>251,202</b>

## 12. Credit risk, cont'd

## Investment securities - debt securities at amortised cost

As at March 2026	Stage 1 \$M	Stage 2 \$M	Stage 3		Total \$M
			Collectively assessed \$M	Individually assessed \$M	
Strong	5,503	-	-	-	5,503
Satisfactory	200	-	-	-	200
Weak	1,220	-	-	-	1,220
<b>Gross investment securities - debt securities at amortised cost</b>	<b>6,923</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6,923</b>
Allowance for ECL	(34)	-	-	-	(34)
<b>Net investment securities - debt securities at amortised cost</b>	<b>6,889</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6,889</b>

## As at September 2025

Strong	5,937	-	-	-	5,937
Satisfactory	193	-	-	-	193
Weak	1,424	-	-	-	1,424
<b>Gross investment securities - debt securities at amortised cost</b>	<b>7,554</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>7,554</b>
Allowance for ECL	(34)	-	-	-	(34)
<b>Net investment securities - debt securities at amortised cost</b>	<b>7,520</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>7,520</b>

## As at March 2025

Strong	5,159	-	-	-	5,159
Satisfactory	147	-	-	-	147
Weak	1,642	-	-	-	1,642
<b>Gross investment securities - debt securities at amortised cost</b>	<b>6,948</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6,948</b>
Allowance for ECL	(31)	-	-	-	(31)
<b>Net investment securities - debt securities at amortised cost</b>	<b>6,917</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6,917</b>

## Investment securities - debt securities at FVOCI

As at March 2026	Stage 1 \$M	Stage 2 \$M	Stage 3		Total \$M
			Collectively assessed \$M	Individually assessed \$M	
Strong	155,918	-	-	-	155,918
<b>Investment securities - debt securities at FVOCI</b>	<b>155,918</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>155,918</b>
Allowance for ECL recognised in Other comprehensive income	(14)	-	-	-	(14)

## As at September 2025

Strong	156,373	-	-	-	156,373
<b>Investment securities - debt securities at FVOCI</b>	<b>156,373</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>156,373</b>
Allowance for ECL recognised in Other comprehensive income	(13)	-	-	-	(13)

## As at March 2025

Strong	146,773	-	-	-	146,773
<b>Investment securities - debt securities at FVOCI</b>	<b>146,773</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>146,773</b>
Allowance for ECL recognised in Other comprehensive income	(21)	-	-	-	(21)

12. Credit risk, cont'd

Other financial assets

	As at		
	Mar 26 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M
Strong	269,194	233,988	280,584
Satisfactory <sup>1</sup>	18,392	21,183	17,427
Weak	274	569	654
<b>Other financial assets<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>287,860</b>	<b>255,740</b>	<b>298,665</b>

<sup>1</sup>. Includes Investment securities - debt securities at FVTPL of \$643 million as at 31 March 2026 (Sep 25: \$694 million; Mar 25: \$178 million).

13. Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities

**Classification of financial assets and financial liabilities**

The Group recognises and measures financial instruments at either fair value or amortised cost, with a significant number of financial instruments on the balance sheet at fair value.

Fair value is the best estimate of the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The following tables set out the classification of financial assets and liabilities according to their measurement bases with their carrying amounts as recognised on the balance sheet.

As at March 2026	At amortised cost \$M	At fair value \$M	Total \$M
<b>Financial assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	109,863	55,676	165,539
Settlement balances owed to ANZ	16,393	-	16,393
Collateral paid	8,173	-	8,173
Trading assets	-	51,225	51,225
Derivative financial instruments	-	67,911	67,911
Investment securities	6,889	157,690	164,579
Net loans and advances	804,074	17,703	821,777
Regulatory deposits	570	-	570
Other financial assets	4,346	-	4,346
<b>Total</b>	<b>950,308</b>	<b>350,205</b>	<b>1,300,513</b>
<b>Financial liabilities</b>			
Settlement balances owed by ANZ	32,370	-	32,370
Collateral received	11,284	-	11,284
Deposits and other borrowings	910,148	50,274	960,422
Derivative financial instruments	-	59,466	59,466
Payables and other liabilities	10,013	4,794	14,807
Debt issuances	157,426	3,054	160,480
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,121,241</b>	<b>117,588</b>	<b>1,238,829</b>

**As at September 2025**

<b>Financial assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	105,967	49,244	155,211
Settlement balances owed to ANZ	23,394	-	23,394
Collateral paid	9,831	-	9,831
Trading assets	-	48,248	48,248
Derivative financial instruments	-	47,480	47,480
Investment securities	7,520	158,173	165,693
Net loans and advances	799,058	30,398	829,456
Regulatory deposits	541	-	541
Other financial assets	4,016	-	4,016
<b>Total</b>	<b>950,327</b>	<b>333,543</b>	<b>1,283,870</b>
<b>Financial liabilities</b>			
Settlement balances owed by ANZ	31,144	-	31,144
Collateral received	7,428	-	7,428
Deposits and other borrowings	897,376	57,688	955,064
Derivative financial instruments	-	43,902	43,902
Payables and other liabilities	10,533	3,960	14,493
Debt issuances	166,504	2,770	169,274
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,112,985</b>	<b>108,320</b>	<b>1,221,305</b>

13. Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities, cont'd

As at March 2025	At amortised cost \$M	At fair value \$M	Total \$M
<b>Financial assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	140,507	55,284	195,791
Settlement balances owed to ANZ	6,225	-	6,225
Collateral paid	10,464	-	10,464
Trading assets	-	45,745	45,745
Derivative financial instruments	-	49,552	49,552
Investment securities	6,917	148,460	155,377
Net loans and advances	798,634	21,568	820,202
Regulatory deposits	644	-	644
Other financial assets	4,680	-	4,680
<b>Total</b>	<b>968,071</b>	<b>320,609</b>	<b>1,288,680</b>
<b>Financial liabilities</b>			
Settlement balances owed by ANZ	16,085	-	16,085
Collateral received	10,129	-	10,129
Deposits and other borrowings	916,766	55,453	972,219
Derivative financial instruments	-	44,279	44,279
Payables and other liabilities	10,963	4,084	15,047
Debt issuances	167,313	2,242	169,555
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,121,256</b>	<b>106,058</b>	<b>1,227,314</b>

**13. Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities, cont'd**

**Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value**

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are generally determined at the individual instrument level. If the Group holds offsetting risk positions, then the portfolio exception in AASB 13 *Fair Value Measurement* (AASB 13) is used to measure the fair value of such groups of financial assets and financial liabilities. The Group measures the portfolio based on the price that would be received to sell a net long position (an asset) for a particular risk exposure, or to transfer a net short position (a liability) for a particular risk exposure.

**a) Fair value designation**

The Group designates certain loans and advances, deposits and other borrowings and debt issuances as fair value through profit or loss:

- where they contain separable embedded derivatives and are managed on a fair value basis, the total fair value movements are recognised in profit or loss in the same period as the movement on any associated hedging instruments; or
- in order to eliminate an accounting mismatch which would arise if the assets or liabilities were otherwise carried at amortised cost. This mismatch arises due to measuring the derivative financial instruments (used to mitigate interest rate risk of these assets or liabilities) at fair value through profit or loss.

The Group's approach ensures that it recognises the fair value movements on the assets or liabilities in profit or loss in the same period as the movement on the associated derivatives.

The Group may also designate certain loans and advances, deposits and other borrowings and debt issuances as fair value through profit or loss where they are managed on a fair value basis to align the measurement with how the financial instruments are managed.

**b) Fair value approach and valuation techniques**

The Group uses valuation techniques to estimate the fair value of assets and liabilities for recognition, measurement and disclosure purposes where no quoted price in an active market for that asset or liability exists. This includes the following:

<b>Asset or Liability</b>	<b>Fair Value Approach</b>
Financial instruments classified as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Derivative financial assets and financial liabilities (including trading and non-trading)</li> <li>• Repurchase agreements less than 90 days</li> <li>• Net loans and advances</li> <li>• Deposits and other borrowings</li> <li>• Debt issuances</li> </ul>	Discounted cash flow (DCF) techniques are used whereby contractual future cash flows of the instrument are discounted using wholesale market interest rates, or market borrowing rates for debt or loans with similar maturities or yield curves appropriate for the remaining term to maturity.
Other financial instruments held for trading: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Securities sold short</li> <li>• Debt and equity securities</li> </ul>	Valuation techniques are used that incorporate observable market inputs for financial instruments with similar credit risk, maturity and yield characteristics.  Equity securities where an active market does not exist are measured using comparable company valuation multiples (such as price-to-book ratios).
Financial instruments classified as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Investment securities – debt or equity</li> </ul>	Valuation techniques use comparable multiples (such as price-to-book ratios) or DCF techniques incorporating, to the extent possible, observable inputs from instruments with similar characteristics.

There were no significant changes to valuation approaches during the current or prior periods.

**c) Fair value hierarchy**

The Group categorises assets and liabilities carried at fair value into a fair value hierarchy in accordance with AASB 13 based on the observability of inputs used to measure the fair value:

- Level 1 - valuations based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 - valuations using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for a similar asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 - valuations where significant unobservable inputs are used to measure the fair value of the asset or liability.

There were no significant changes to levelling approaches during the current or prior periods.

## 13. Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities, cont'd

The following table presents financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value in accordance with the fair value hierarchy:

	Fair value measurements			
	Level 1 \$M	Level 2 \$M	Level 3 \$M	Total \$M
<b>As at March 2026</b>				
<b>Assets</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents (measured at fair value)	-	55,676	-	55,676
Trading assets <sup>1</sup>	32,625	18,600	-	51,225
Derivative financial instruments <sup>1</sup>	652	67,239	20	67,911
Investment securities <sup>1</sup>	125,602	30,970	1,118	157,690
Net loans and advances (measured at fair value)	-	17,608	95	17,703
<b>Total</b>	<b>158,879</b>	<b>190,093</b>	<b>1,233</b>	<b>350,205</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Deposits and other borrowings (designated at fair value)	-	50,274	-	50,274
Derivative financial instruments <sup>1</sup>	302	59,156	8	59,466
Payables and other liabilities	4,256	538	-	4,794
Debt issuances (designated at fair value)	-	3,054	-	3,054
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,558</b>	<b>113,022</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>117,588</b>
<b>As at September 2025</b>				
<b>Assets</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents (measured at fair value)	-	49,244	-	49,244
Trading assets <sup>1</sup>	30,508	17,720	20	48,248
Derivative financial instruments <sup>1</sup>	115	47,343	22	47,480
Investment securities <sup>1</sup>	121,790	35,287	1,096	158,173
Net loans and advances (measured at fair value)	-	30,310	88	30,398
<b>Total</b>	<b>152,413</b>	<b>179,904</b>	<b>1,226</b>	<b>333,543</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Deposits and other borrowings (designated at fair value)	-	57,688	-	57,688
Derivative financial instruments <sup>1</sup>	469	43,419	14	43,902
Payables and other liabilities	3,517	443	-	3,960
Debt issuances (designated at fair value)	-	2,770	-	2,770
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,986</b>	<b>104,320</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>108,320</b>
<b>As at March 2025</b>				
<b>Assets</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents (measured at fair value)	-	55,284	-	55,284
Trading assets <sup>1</sup>	24,200	21,530	15	45,745
Derivative financial instruments <sup>1</sup>	107	49,423	22	49,552
Investment securities <sup>1</sup>	114,369	32,590	1,501	148,460
Net loans and advances (measured at fair value)	-	21,335	233	21,568
<b>Total</b>	<b>138,676</b>	<b>180,162</b>	<b>1,771</b>	<b>320,609</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Deposits and other borrowings (designated at fair value)	-	55,453	-	55,453
Derivative financial instruments <sup>1</sup>	421	43,848	10	44,279
Payables and other liabilities	3,737	347	-	4,084
Debt issuances (designated at fair value)	-	2,242	-	2,242
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,158</b>	<b>101,890</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>106,058</b>

<sup>1</sup> During the March 2026 half, \$2,616 million of assets were transferred from Level 1 to Level 2 (Sep 25: \$6,621 million; Mar 25: \$8,290 million), and \$7,977 million of assets were transferred from Level 2 to Level 1 (Sep 25: \$868 million; Mar 25: \$805 million) due to a change in the observability of market price and/or valuation inputs. There were no other material transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the period. Transfers into and out of levels are measured at the beginning of the reporting period in which the transfer occurred.

**13. Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities, cont'd**

**Fair value measurements incorporating unobservable market data**

**a) Level 3 fair value measurements**

Level 3 financial instruments are a net asset of \$1,225 million (Sep 25: \$1,212 million; Mar 25: \$1,761 million). The assets and liabilities which incorporate significant unobservable inputs are:

- equity and debt securities for which there is no active market or traded prices cannot be observed;
- loans and advances measured at fair value for which there is no observable market data; and
- derivatives referencing market rates that cannot be observed primarily due to lack of market activity.

*Level 3 Transfers*

There were no material transfers into or out of Level 3 during the period.

The material Level 3 financial instruments as at 31 March 2026 are summarised below:

**i) Investment securities - equity holdings classified as FVOCI**

*Bank of Tianjin (BoT)*

The Group holds an investment in the Bank of Tianjin. The investment is valued based on comparative price-to-book (P/B) multiples (a P/B multiple is the ratio of the market value of equity to the book value of equity). The extent of judgement applied in determining the appropriate multiple and comparator group from which the multiple is derived resulted in the Level 3 classification. As at 31 March 2026, the BoT equity holding balance was \$875 million (Sep 25: \$843 million, Mar 25: \$1,097 million). The increase in BoT fair valuation during the March 2026 half was driven by a small increase in the book value and P/B multiple used in the valuation, and the impact of foreign currency translation.

*Other equity investments*

The Group holds \$241 million (Sep 25: \$251 million; Mar 25: \$400 million) of unlisted equities classified as FVOCI, for which there are no active markets or traded prices available, resulting in a Level 3 classification. The movement in unlisted equity holdings during the March 2026 half was mainly due to revaluation and foreign currency translation impacts.

**Net loans and advances - classified as FVTPL**

*Syndicated loans*

The Group holds \$95 million (Sep 25: \$88 million; Mar 25: \$233 million) of syndicated loans for sale which are measured at FVTPL for which there is no observable market data available. The increase in the Level 3 loan balances for the March 2026 half was mainly due to new holdings offset by scheduled repayments and foreign currency translation impact.

**b) Sensitivity to level 3 data inputs**

When we make assumptions due to significant inputs to a valuation not being directly observable (Level 3 inputs), then changing these assumptions changes the Group's estimate of the instrument's fair value. Favourable and unfavourable changes are determined by changing the primary unobservable parameters used to derive fair valuation.

*Investment securities - equity holdings*

The valuations of the equity investments are sensitive to variations in selected unobservable inputs, with valuation techniques used including P/B multiples and discounted cash flow techniques. If for example, a 10% increase or decrease to the primary input into the valuations were to occur (such as the P/B multiple), it would result in a \$112 million increase or decrease in the fair value of the portfolio, which would be recognised in shareholders' equity in the Group, with no impact to net profit or loss.

*Net loans and advances*

Syndicated loan valuations are sensitive to credit spreads in determining their fair valuation. For the syndicated loans which are primarily investment-grade loans, an increase or decrease in credit spreads would have an immaterial impact on net profit or net assets of the Group. For the remaining syndicated loans, the Group may, where deemed necessary, utilise Credit Risk Insurance to mitigate the credit risks associated with those loans. The effect of this would also result in an immaterial impact to the net profit or net assets of the Group.

*Other*

The remaining Level 3 balance is immaterial and changes in inputs have a minimal impact on net profit and net assets of the Group.

**c) Deferred fair value gains and losses**

Where fair value is determined using unobservable inputs significant to the fair value of a financial instrument, the Group does not immediately recognise the difference between the transaction price and the amount determined based on the valuation technique (day one gains or losses) in profit or loss. After initial recognition, the Group recognises the deferred amount in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the life of the transaction or until all inputs become observable. Day one gains and losses which have been deferred are not material.

13. Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities, cont'd

Financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value

The financial assets and financial liabilities listed below are measured at amortised cost on the Group's balance sheet. While this is the value at which we expect the assets will be realised and the liabilities settled, the Group provides an estimate of the fair value of the financial assets and financial liabilities at balance date in the table below.

Fair values of financial assets and liabilities carried at amortised cost not included in the table below approximate their carrying values. These financial assets and liabilities are either short term in nature or are floating rate instruments that are re-priced to market interest rates on or near the end of the reporting period.

	Carrying amount in the balance sheet			Fair value
	At amortised cost \$M	At fair value \$M	Total \$M	\$M
<b>As at March 2026</b>				
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Investment securities	6,889	157,690	164,579	164,578
Net loans and advances	804,074	17,703	821,777	821,680
<b>Total</b>	<b>810,963</b>	<b>175,393</b>	<b>986,356</b>	<b>986,258</b>
<b>Financial liabilities</b>				
Deposits and other borrowings	910,148	50,274	960,422	960,200
Debt issuances	157,426	3,054	160,480	161,061
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,067,574</b>	<b>53,328</b>	<b>1,120,902</b>	<b>1,121,261</b>
<b>As at September 2025</b>				
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Investment securities	7,520	158,173	165,693	165,696
Net loans and advances	799,058	30,398	829,456	830,036
<b>Total</b>	<b>806,578</b>	<b>188,571</b>	<b>995,149</b>	<b>995,732</b>
<b>Financial liabilities</b>				
Deposits and other borrowings	897,376	57,688	955,064	955,335
Debt issuances	166,504	2,770	169,274	171,031
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,063,880</b>	<b>60,458</b>	<b>1,124,338</b>	<b>1,126,366</b>
<b>As at March 2025</b>				
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Investment securities	6,917	148,460	155,377	155,363
Net loans and advances	798,634	21,568	820,202	820,596
<b>Total</b>	<b>805,551</b>	<b>170,028</b>	<b>975,579</b>	<b>975,959</b>
<b>Financial liabilities</b>				
Deposits and other borrowings	916,766	55,453	972,219	972,310
Debt issuances	167,313	2,242	169,555	170,823
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,084,079</b>	<b>57,695</b>	<b>1,141,774</b>	<b>1,143,133</b>

## 14. Shareholders' equity

## Shareholders' equity

	As at			Movement	
	Mar 26 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Mar 26 v. Sep 25	Mar 26 v. Mar 25
<b>Shareholders' equity</b>	<b>29,138</b>	28,191	27,860	3%	5%
Ordinary share capital					
Reserves					
Foreign currency translation reserve	(2,383)	(941)	253	large	large
Share option reserve	80	108	81	-26%	-1%
FVOCI reserve	(531)	(870)	(1,083)	-39%	-51%
Cash flow hedge reserve	(974)	170	(219)	large	large
Transactions with non-controlling interests reserve	(22)	(22)	(22)	0%	0%
Total reserves	(3,830)	(1,555)	(990)	large	large
Retained earnings	45,745	44,492	44,697	3%	2%
<b>Share capital and reserves attributable to shareholders of the Company</b>	<b>71,053</b>	71,128	71,567	0%	-1%
Non-controlling interests	703	739	764	-5%	-8%
<b>Total shareholders' equity</b>	<b>71,756</b>	71,867	72,331	0%	-1%

## Ordinary share capital

	As at		
	Mar 26 No.	Sep 25 No.	Mar 25 No.
<b>Ordinary shares</b>	<b>2,983,520,180</b>	2,971,365,622	2,979,416,260
Opening balance			
Share buy-back <sup>1</sup>	-	(231,644)	(9,484,274)
Bonus option plan	2,007,267	1,580,136	1,433,636
Dividend reinvestment plan issuances <sup>2</sup>	26,331,058	10,806,066	-
Employee share and option plans <sup>3</sup>	2,340,321	-	-
<b>Closing balance</b>	<b>3,014,198,826</b>	2,983,520,180	2,971,365,622
Less: Treasury shares	(3,168,494)	(4,166,060)	(3,994,601)
<b>Closing balance</b>	<b>3,011,030,332</b>	2,979,354,120	2,967,371,021

1. The Group commenced a \$2.0 billion on-market share buy-back on 3 July 2024. This resulted in 0.2 million shares (\$6 million) being cancelled during the September 2025 half and 9.5 million shares (\$285 million) being cancelled during the March 2025 half. The Group announced the cessation of the remaining share buy-back on 13 October 2025.

2. Dividend reinvestment plan (DRP) was satisfied through the issuance of shares during the March 2026 and September 2025 halves. DRP for the March 2025 half was fully satisfied through on-market purchases.

3. 2.3 million shares were issued under employee share and option plans during the March 2026 half (Sep 25 half: nil; Mar 25 half: nil). On-market share purchases for the employee share and option plans were \$29 million for the March 2026 half (Sep 25 half: \$8 million; Mar 25 half: \$118 million).

## Non-controlling interests

	Profit attributable to non-controlling interests			Equity attributable to non-controlling interests			Dividend paid to non-controlling interests		
	Half Year			As at			Half Year		
	Mar 26 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Mar 26 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Mar 26 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M
ANZ Bank New Zealand PPS <sup>1</sup>	18	20	19	688	725	750	18	18	20
Other	2	-	2	15	14	14	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>703</b>	<b>739</b>	<b>764</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>20</b>

1. Perpetual Preference Share (PPS) externally issued by ANZ Bank New Zealand Limited are considered non-controlling interests of the Group.

15. Changes in composition of the Group

There were no acquisitions or disposals of material controlled entities for the half year ended 31 March 2026.

16. Investments in associates

	Half Year			Movement	
	Mar 26 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Mar 26 v. Sep 25	Mar 26 v. Mar 25
PT Panin	1,144	1,140	1,479	0%	-23%
Other Associates <sup>1</sup>	-	2	17	large	large
<b>Total carrying value of associates</b>	<b>1,144</b>	<b>1,142</b>	<b>1,496</b>	<b>0%</b>	<b>-24%</b>

Contribution to Group profit after-tax

	Half Year			Movement	
	Mar 26 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Mar 26 v. Sep 25	Mar 26 v. Mar 25
PT Panin <sup>1</sup>	56	52	54	8%	4%
Other associates <sup>2</sup>	(2)	(14)	(16)	-86%	-88%
<b>Share of associates' profit/(loss)</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>42%</b>	<b>42%</b>

<sup>1</sup> Ownership interest held by the Group as at 31 March 2026 was 39% (Sep 25: 39%; Mar 25: 39%).

<sup>2</sup> During the March 2026 half, the Group ceased equity accounting for its share of Worldline Australia Pty Ltd (Worldline) losses as the carrying value of Worldline was reduced to zero.

Impairment assessment

The Group assesses the carrying value of its investments in associates for impairment indicators. The impairment assessment identified that one of the Group's associated investments, PT Panin, had indicators of impairment as a result of its carrying value exceeding its fair value less costs of disposal (FVLCD) at times throughout the March 2026 half. No impairment was recognised as the Group determined its recoverable amount based on its value-in-use (VIU) exceeded its carrying value at 31 March 2026. Further details of the VIU assessment are outlined below.

Key judgements and estimates

The Group assesses the carrying value of its investments in associates for impairment indicators. Significant management judgment is required to determine the key assumptions underpinning the VIU calculation for PT Panin.

Factors that may change in subsequent periods and lead to potential future impairments, or reversals of prior impairments, include changes in forecast earnings levels in the near and medium term and/or changes in the long-term growth forecasts, changes to required levels of regulatory capital and the post-tax discount rate arising from changes in the risk premium or risk-free rates.

The key assumptions used in the VIU calculation are outlined below:

As at 31 March 2026	PT Panin
Post-tax discount rate	13.4%
Terminal growth rate	5.1%
Expected earnings growth (compound annual growth rate – 5 years)	8.4%
Common Equity Tier 1 ratio (closing level at 2030)	27.1%

The VIU calculations are sensitive to changes in the underlying assumptions with reasonably possible changes in key assumptions having a positive or negative impact on the VIU outcome, and as such the recoverable amount of the investment including reducing the recoverable amount below its carrying value.

- A change in the March 2026 post-tax discount rate by +/- 50 bps would impact the VIU outcome for PT Panin by (\$58 million)/\$65 million;
- A change in the March 2026 terminal growth rate by +/- 25 bps would impact the VIU outcome for PT Panin by \$24 million/(\$23 million).

17. Related party disclosure

There have been no transactions with related parties that are significant to understanding the changes in financial position and performance of the Group since 30 September 2025.

18. Commitments, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Credit related commitments and contingencies

	Half Year			Movement	
	Mar 26 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Mar 26 v. Sep 25	Mar 26 v. Mar 25
Contractual amount of:					
Undrawn facilities	193,320	193,177	200,327	0%	-3%
Guarantees and letters of credit	22,862	21,514	23,764	6%	-4%
Performance related contingencies	27,016	27,403	27,963	-1%	-3%
<b>Total</b>	<b>243,198</b>	<b>242,094</b>	<b>252,054</b>	<b>0%</b>	<b>-4%</b>

Other contingent liabilities and contingent assets

There are outstanding court proceedings, claims and possible claims for and against the Group. Where relevant, expert legal advice has been obtained and, in the light of such advice, provisions and/or disclosures as deemed appropriate have been made. In some instances, we have not disclosed the estimated financial impact of the individual items either because it is not practicable to do so or because such disclosure may prejudice the interests of the Group.

A description of the contingent liabilities and contingent assets as at 31 March 2026 is set out below.

Contingent liabilities

• Regulatory, customer and third-party exposures

The Group regularly engages with its domestic and international regulators and other statutory and supervisory bodies. The nature of these regulatory interactions can be wide ranging and include regulatory investigations, surveillance and reviews, reportable situations, formal and informal inquiries and regulatory supervisory activities in Australia, New Zealand and globally. The Group also receives notices and requests for information from its regulators and other bodies from time to time as part of both industry-wide and Group-specific reviews and makes disclosures to its regulators at its own instigation.

Matters in relation to which the Group has recently engaged with its regulators include:

- the ASIC Matters Resolution Program within the Australia Retail division, which covers a range of areas, specifically: ANZ's Online Saver product, hardship processes, deceased estates, breach reporting, event management, customer remediation and complaints;
- anti-money laundering and counter-terrorism financing obligations, processes and procedures;
- *Common Reporting Standard* and *Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act* obligations, processes and reporting; and
- non-financial risk (NFR) management practices including the application of interest and fees on certain products and the financial accountability regime.

The possible exposures associated with the Group's regulatory interactions may include civil enforcement actions, criminal proceedings, fines and penalties, imposition of capital or liquidity requirements, customer remediation, the requirement to conduct independent reviews, sanctions or the exercise of other regulatory powers.

There may also be exposures to customers, third parties and shareholders which are additional to any regulatory exposures. These could include class actions or claims for compensation or other remedies.

The outcomes and total costs associated with these possible regulatory, customer and other exposures remain uncertain.

• Non-financial risk management enforceable undertaking

On 3 April 2025, the Group announced it had entered into a court enforceable undertaking (CEU) with APRA for matters relating to NFR management practices and risk culture across the Group and accepted an additional operational risk capital overlay of \$250 million.

The CEU followed ongoing conversations between the Group and APRA regarding APRA's concerns about the Group's NFR management practices and risk culture. It also followed the emergence of issues in ANZBGL's Global Markets business which led to APRA in August 2024 expressing its concerns about the Group's NFR uplift program of work.

As part of the CEU agreed with APRA, the Group appointed an independent reviewer to conduct an enterprise-wide independent review to identify the root causes and behavioural drivers of shortcomings in ANZ's NFR management practices and NFR culture. On 30 September 2025, ANZ submitted its Root Cause Remediation Plan (RCRP) to APRA as required by the CEU. ANZ has appointed Promontory to provide independent assurance of its progress against the RCRP.

The CEU provides that upon any breach of the terms of the CEU, APRA may take regulatory action as it considers appropriate in the circumstances, including action under section 18A of the *Banking Act 1959 (Cth)*.

**18. Commitments, contingent liabilities and contingent assets, cont'd**

• **South African rate action**

In February 2017, the South African Competition Commission commenced proceedings against local and international banks including ANZBGL alleging breaches of the cartel provisions of the *South African Competition Act* in respect of trading in the South African rand. The potential civil penalty or other financial impact is uncertain.

• **OnePath superannuation litigation**

In December 2020, a class action was brought against OnePath Custodians, OnePath Life and ANZBGL alleging that OnePath Custodians breached its obligations under superannuation legislation, and its duties as trustee, in respect of superannuation investments and fees. The claim also alleges that ANZBGL was involved in some of OnePath Custodians' investment breaches. An agreement to settle the claim was reached in October 2024. ANZBGL will contribute \$14 million to the settlement, which is covered by existing provisions held. The settlement is without admission of liability and was approved by the Federal Court of Australia on 20 March 2026. The period in which the Court approval may be appealed expires on 8 May 2026.

• **New Zealand loan information litigation**

In September 2021, a representative proceeding was brought against ANZ Bank New Zealand Limited, alleging breaches of disclosure requirements under consumer credit legislation in respect of variation letters sent to certain loan customers. ANZ Bank New Zealand Limited is defending the allegations.

• **Security recovery actions**

Various claims have been made or are anticipated, arising from security recovery actions taken to resolve impaired assets. These claims will be defended.

• **Warranties, indemnities and performance management fees**

The Group has provided warranties, indemnities and other commitments in favour of the seller/purchaser and other persons in connection with various acquisitions/disposals of businesses and assets and other transactions, covering a range of matters and risks. It is exposed to claims under those warranties, indemnities and commitments, some of which are currently active. The outcomes and total costs associated with these exposures remain uncertain.

The Group has entered into an arrangement to pay performance fees to external fund managers in the event predetermined performance criteria are satisfied in relation to certain Group investments. The satisfaction of the performance criteria and associated performance fee remains uncertain.

• **Clearing and settlement obligations**

Certain group companies have a commitment to comply with rules governing various clearing and settlement arrangements which could result in a credit risk exposure and loss if another member institution fails to settle its payment clearing activities. The Group's potential exposure arising from these arrangements is unquantifiable in advance.

Certain group companies hold memberships of central clearing houses, including ASX Clear (Futures), London Clearing House (LCH) SwapClear, Korea Exchange (KRX), Hong Kong Exchange (HKEX), the Clearing Corporation of India, Taiwan Futures Exchange and the Shanghai Clearing House. These memberships allow the relevant group company to centrally clear derivative instruments in line with cross-border regulatory requirements. Common to all of these memberships is the requirement for the relevant group company to make default fund contributions. In the event of a default by another member, the relevant group company could potentially be required to commit additional default fund contributions which are unquantifiable in advance.

• **Parent entity guarantees**

Certain group companies have issued letters of comfort and guarantees in respect of certain subsidiaries in the normal course of business. Under these letters and guarantees, the issuing entity undertakes to ensure that those subsidiaries continue to meet their financial obligations, subject to certain conditions including that the subsidiary remains a controlled entity.

**Contingent assets**

• **National Housing Bank**

ANZBGL is pursuing recovery of the proceeds of certain disputed cheques which were credited to the account of a former Grindlays customer in the early 1990s.

The disputed cheques were drawn on the National Housing Bank (NHB) in India. Proceedings between Grindlays and NHB concerning the proceeds of the cheques were resolved in early 2002.

Recovery is now being pursued from the estate of the Grindlays customer who received the cheque proceeds. Any amounts recovered are to be shared between ANZBGL and NHB.

**19. Significant events since balance date**

On 29 April 2026, the Group announced that it has entered into a binding agreement to acquire Worldline S.A's 51% share in Worldline Australia Pty Ltd, the joint venture between the Group and Worldline S.A that commenced in 2022, subject to Australian Competition and Consumer Commission approval. Completion is expected to occur in the September 2026 half.

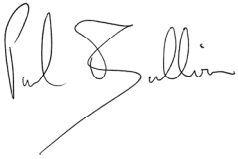
Other than the matter above, there have been no significant events from 31 March 2026 to the date of signing this report.

**Directors' Declaration**

The Directors of ANZ Group Holdings Limited declare that:

1. in the Directors' opinion the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
  - section 304, that they comply with the Australian Accounting Standards and any further requirements in the *Corporations Regulations 2001*; and
  - section 305, that they give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2026 and of its performance for the half year ended on that date; and
2. in the Directors' opinion as at the date of this declaration there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.



**Paul D O'Sullivan**  
*Chairman*



**Nuno A Matos**  
*Managing Director*

30 April 2026



Independent Auditor's Review Report to the shareholders of ANZ Group Holdings Limited

**Conclusion**

We have reviewed the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements of ANZ Group Holdings Limited (the Group).

Based on our review, which is not an audit, we have not become aware of any matter that makes us believe that the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements of ANZ Group Holdings Limited do not comply with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 31 March 2026 and of its performance for the half year ended on that date; and
- complying with *Australian Accounting Standard AASB 134 Interim Financial Reporting* and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements comprise:

- The condensed consolidated balance sheet as at 31 March 2026;
- The condensed consolidated income statement, condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income, condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity and condensed consolidated cash flow statement for the half year ended on that date;
- Notes 1 to 19 including selected explanatory notes; and
- The Directors' Declaration.

The Group comprises ANZ Group Holdings Limited (the Company) and the entities it controlled at the half year's end or from time to time during the half year.

**Basis for Conclusion**

We conducted our review in accordance with ASRE 2410 *Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity* and ISRE 2410 *Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity*. Our responsibilities are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Review of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report.

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* issued by the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board Limited (the Code) that are relevant to audits of the annual financial reports of public interest entities in Australia. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

**Responsibilities of the Directors for the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

The Directors of the Company are responsible for:

- the preparation of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements that gives a true and fair view in accordance with *Australian Accounting Standards* and the *Corporations Act 2001*; and
- such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements that gives a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

**Auditor's responsibilities for the Review of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements based on our review. ASRE 2410 and ISRE 2410 require us to conclude whether we have become aware of any matter that makes us believe that the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements do not comply with the *Corporations Act 2001* including giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 31 March 2026 and its performance for the half year ended on that date, and complying with *Australian Accounting Standard AASB 134 Interim Financial Reporting* and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

A review of Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards* and *International Standards on Auditing* and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

KPMG

**Maria Trinci**  
Partner

Melbourne  
30 April 2026



**Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001**

To the Directors of ANZ Group Holdings Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the review of the interim financial report of ANZ Group Holdings Limited for the half year ended 31 March 2026 there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the review; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the review.

A handwritten signature of 'KPMG' in blue ink.

KPMG

A handwritten signature of 'Maria Trinci' in blue ink.

**Maria Trinci**  
*Partner*

Melbourne  
30 April 2026