

Property Industry Outlook for 2008

April 2008



Is this the late 1980s revisited for property markets?

Much talk of Armageddon

- US in trouble plus Euro area and Japan slowing

Interest rates/funding costs have risen sharply

- Geared investors highly exposed

Investor sentiment has softened

- Residential auction clearance rates have slumped
- Weakened demand suggests commercial property yields could rise

But, Australian economy remains broadly supportive

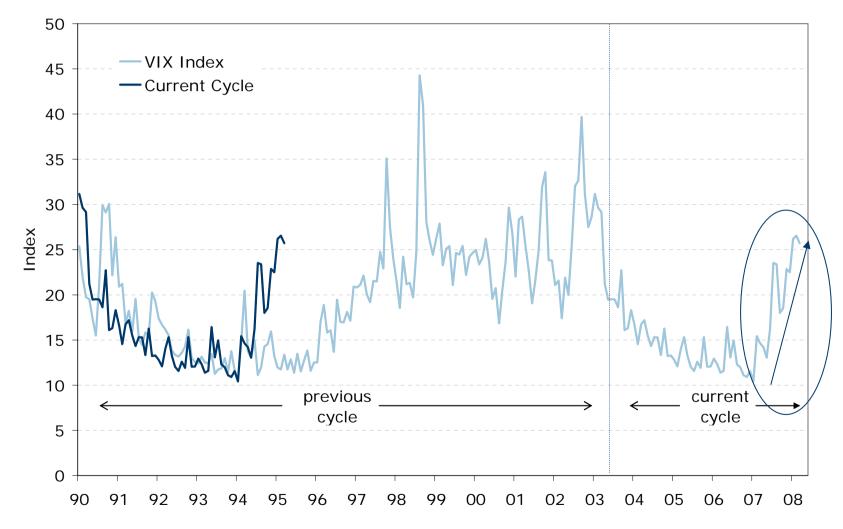
- Growth will be boosted by further (significant) gains in the terms of trade
- Labour market solid and unemployment at 33 year lows
- Corporate gearing very low cf 1980s

Property market fundamentals are very supportive

- Already *record* low res. vacancy rates will tighten further
- Office vacancies also very supportive in the near-term



We have shifted from a low volatility to a high volatility world in past 6 months

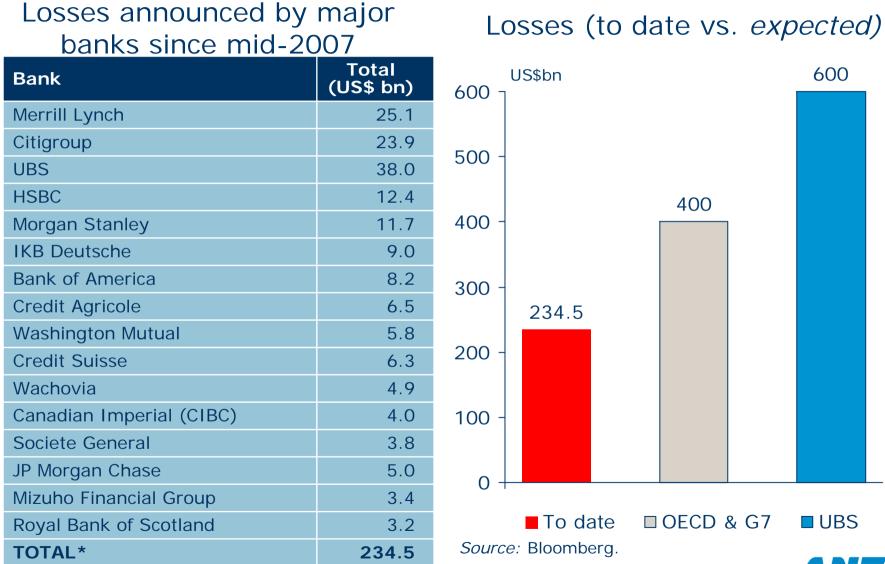


Sources: ANZ and Bloomberg Relationship Banking • Corporate Finance • Markets • Working Capital



3

Declines in the value of mortgage-backed securities have ⁴ led to substantial losses incurred by big global banks





Swap spreads extended but have eased recently

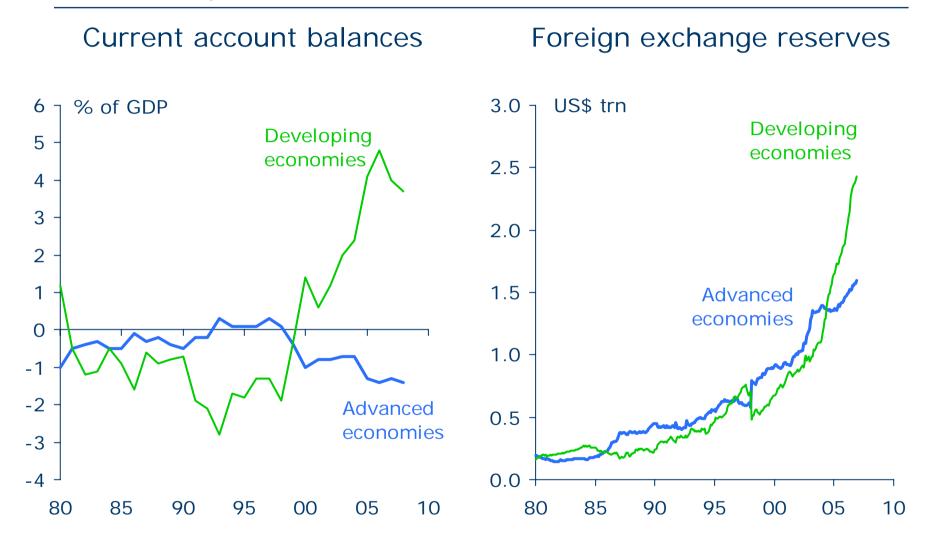
Spread between swaps and government bonds



Source: Bloomberg and Economics@ANZ Relationship Banking • Corporate Finance • Markets • Working Capital



Developing countries well placed to withstand global financial upheavals



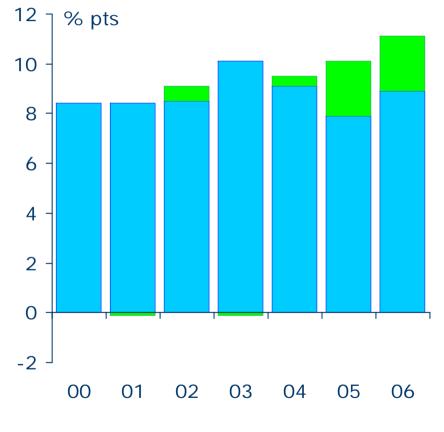
Sources: IMF; ANZ. Relationship Banking • Corporate Finance • Markets • Working Capital



6

China's and India's growth has been predominantly driven by domestic demand, not by net exports

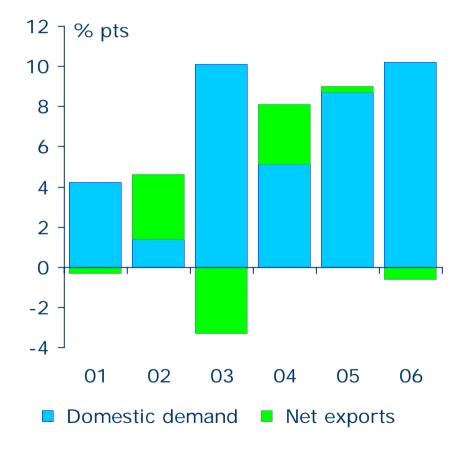
Contributions to China's real GDP growth



Domestic demand Net exports

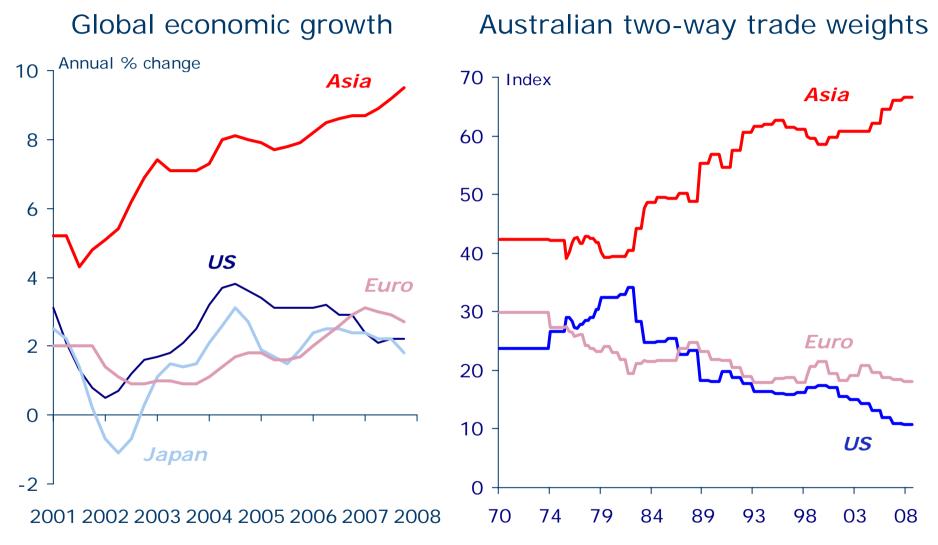
Source: China National Bureau of Statistics, CEIC. Relationship Banking • Corporate Finance • Markets • Working Capital

Contributions to India's real GDP growth





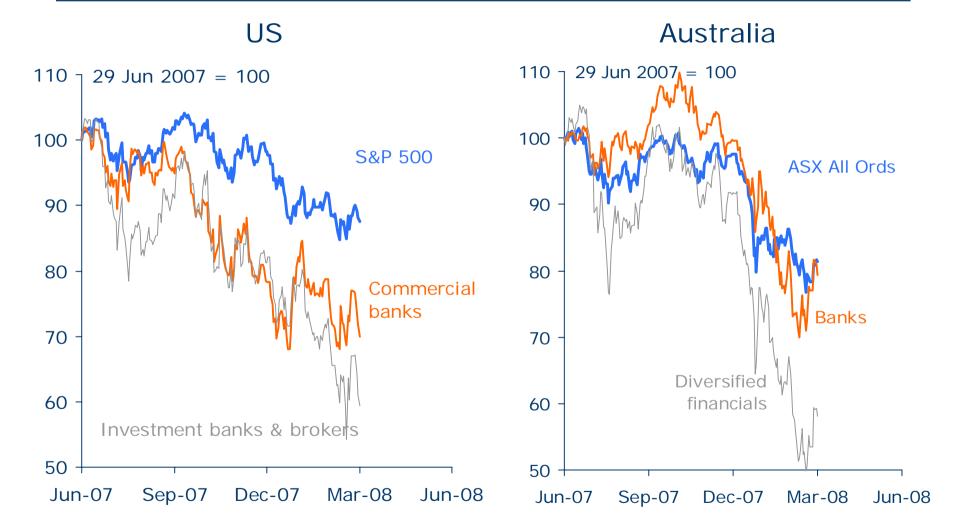
Australia's economic future is closely tied to Asia



Note: GDP is measured in US\$ at purchasing power parities. *Source:* IMF; Economics@ANZ. Relationship Banking • Corporate Finance • Markets • Working Capital

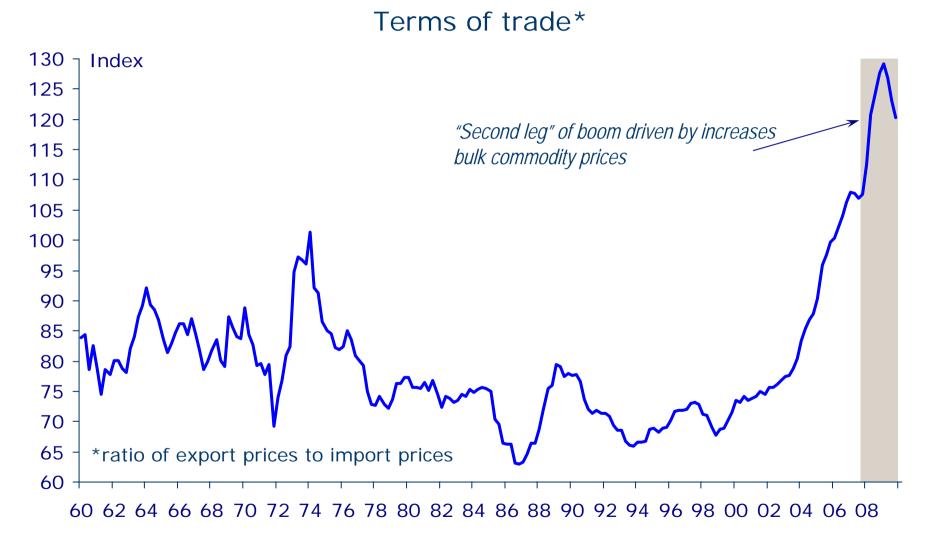


But no decoupling of equity markets so far





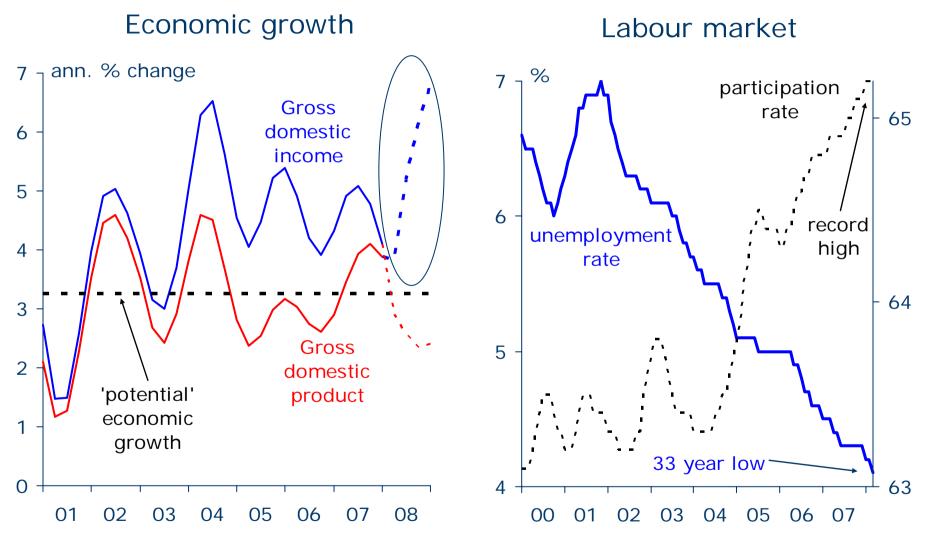
Rising bulk commodity prices will boost the terms of trade even higher in 2008



Sources: Reserve Bank of Australia and Economics@ANZ Relationship Banking • Corporate Finance • Markets • Working Capital



Domestic growth accelerated in 2007, and the labour market continues to tighten



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics Relationship Banking • Corporate Finance • Markets • Working Capital



Australia faces a *critical shortage* of housing in the years ahead

Housing demand is booming

- Population growth is accelerating
- Declining persons per household (ageing population)

But, supply remains constrained

- Rising interest rates/developer charges
- Building industry capacity?

And housing markets continue to tighten rapidly

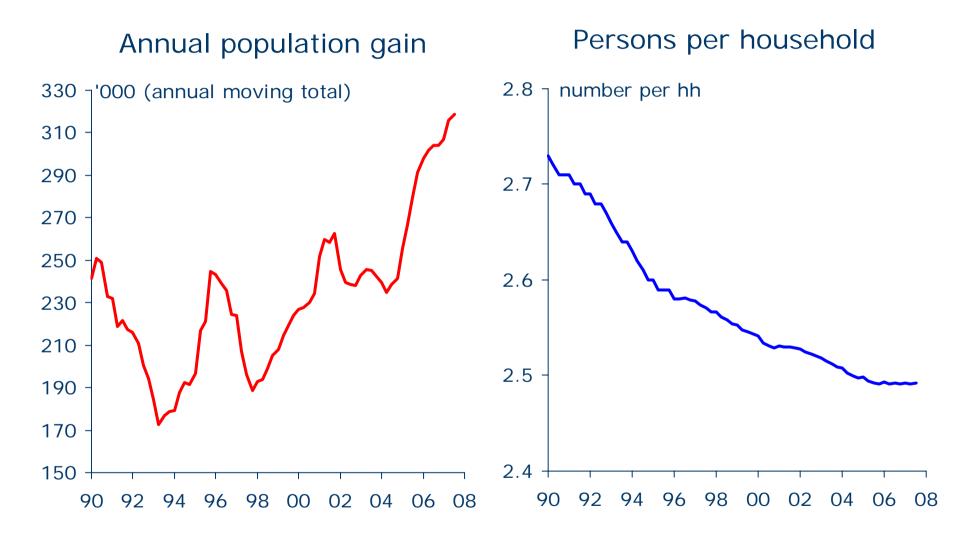
- Rental vacancies already well below long term averages...
- ...and supply is now well short of demand...
- ...driving vacancies lower & rents and prices higher

A critical housing shortage for next 5 years (if not 10)

- Will continue to force rents and prices higher



Housing demand has accelerated boosted by rising population and fewer persons per household

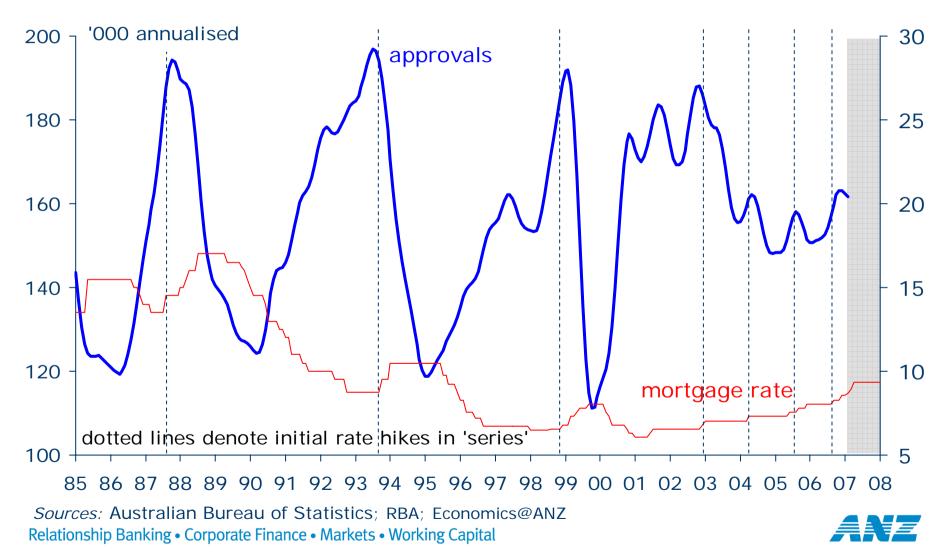


Sources: Australian Bureau of Statistics; Economics@ANZ. Relationship Banking • Corporate Finance • Markets • Working Capital

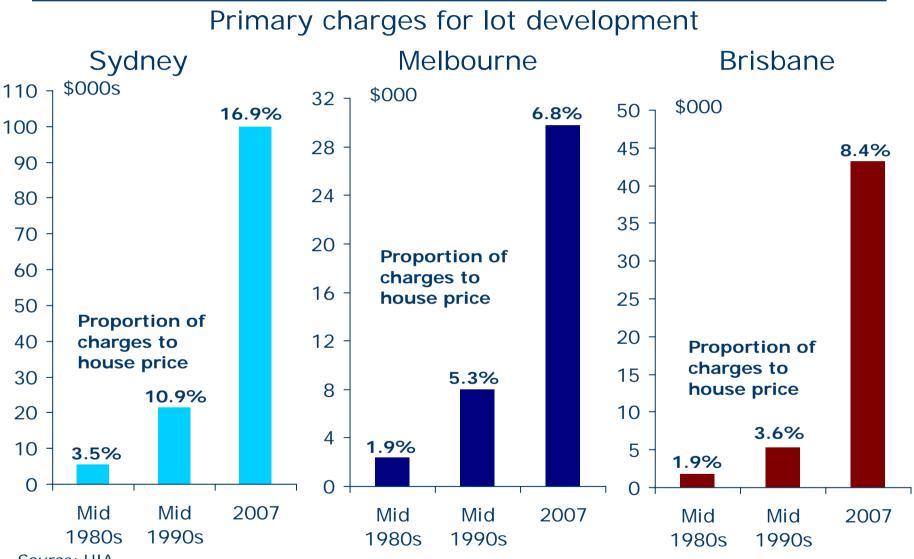


...while rising interest rates continue to stymie any building recovery...





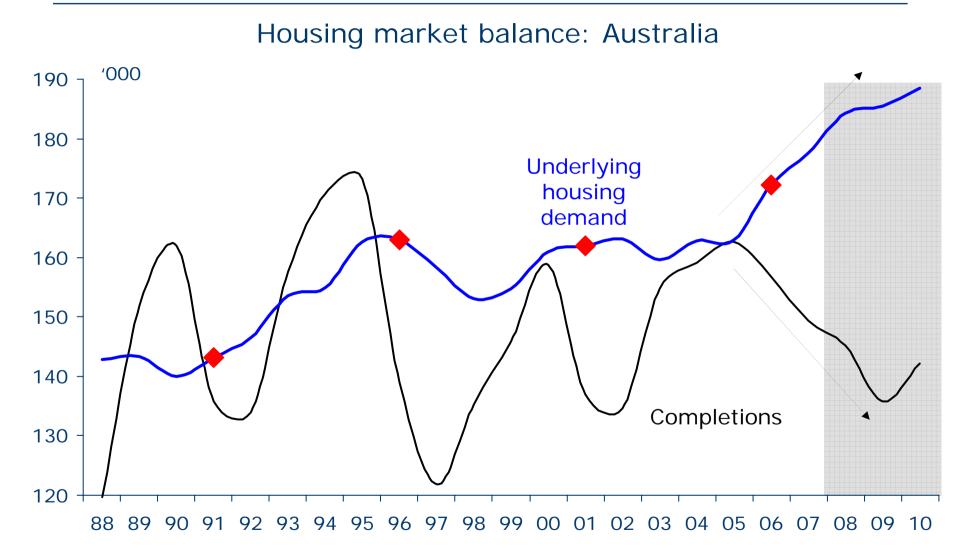
...as do excessive developer charges



Source: HIA



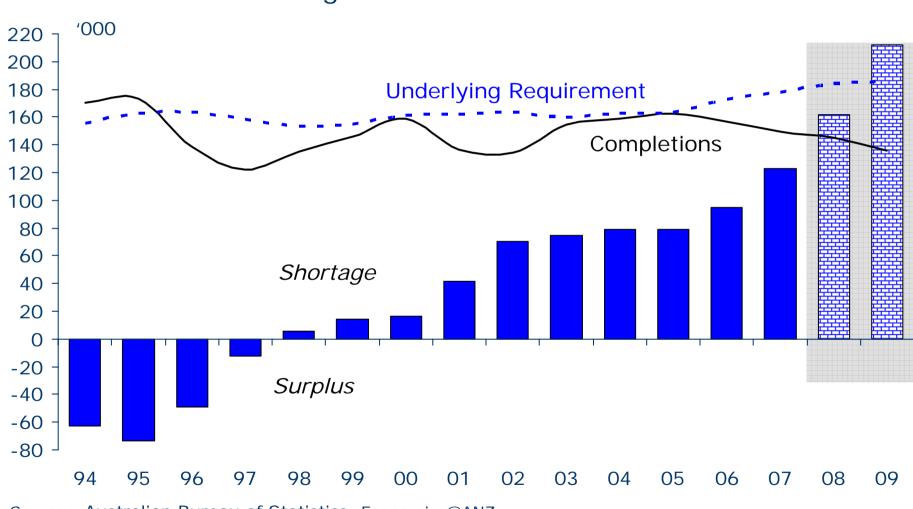
Underlying housing demand is already outstripping new ¹⁶ supply, and the gap is set to widen sharply...



Sources: Australian Bureau of Statistics; Economics@ANZ Relationship Banking • Corporate Finance • Markets • Working Capital



...and pent-up housing demand will rise to record (and ¹⁷ *potentially intractable*) levels

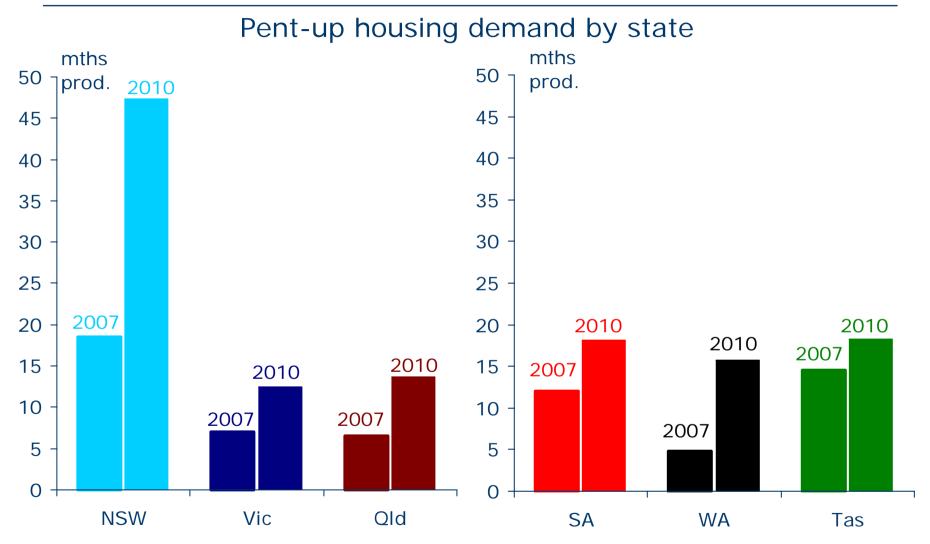


Housing market balance: Australia

Sources: Australian Bureau of Statistics; Economics@ANZ Relationship Banking • Corporate Finance • Markets • Working Capital



...in all states, but particularly in New South Wales



Sources: Australian Bureau of Statistics; Economics@ANZ Relationship Banking • Corporate Finance • Markets • Working Capital



Moreover, capacity constraints may prevent building industry delivering the required stock



Source: ABS Relationship Banking • Corporate Finance • Markets • Working Capital

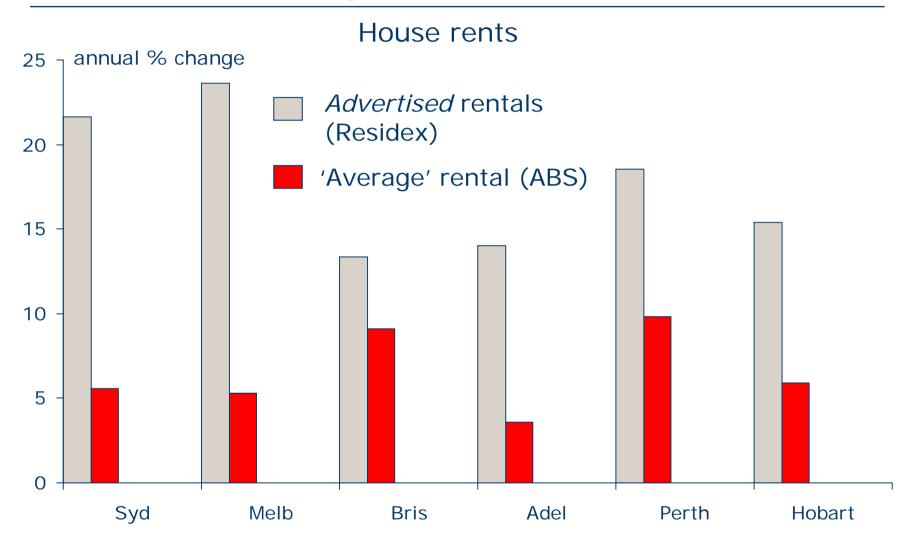


The tightening is reflected in sharp falls in rental vacancy²⁰ rates...





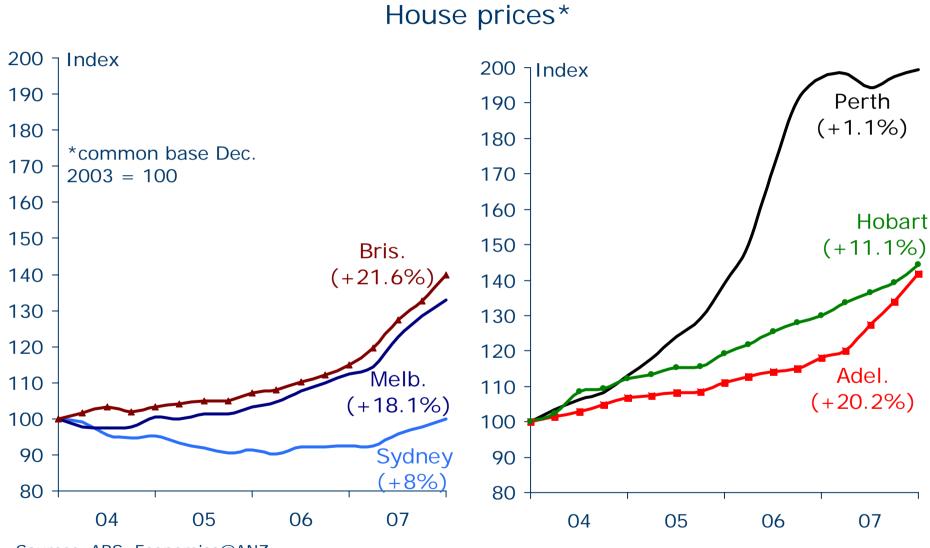
Moreover, 'advertised' rents are already surging (way in ²¹ excess of ABS 'average")...



Sources: Residex, ABS, Economics@ANZ



Capital city house prices have been remarkably buoyant²² - even Sydney has improved

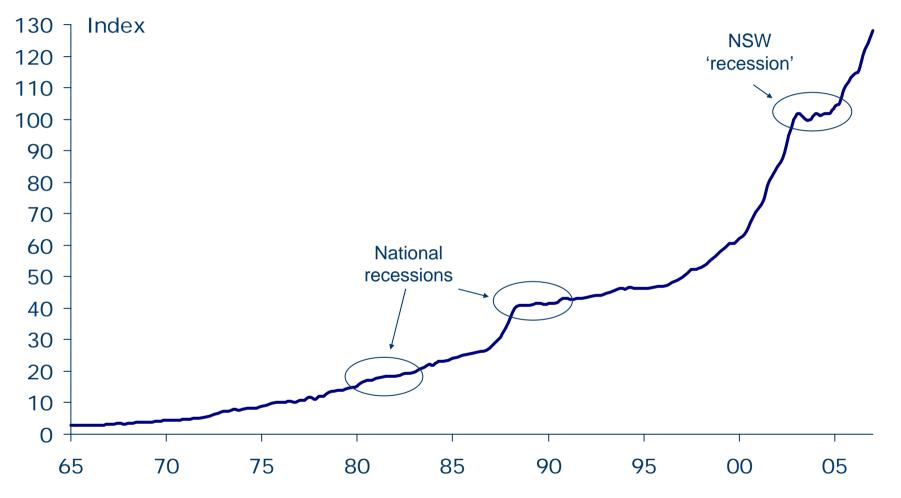


Sources: ABS, Economics@ANZ Relationship Banking • Corporate Finance • Markets • Working Capital



Note: aggregate house prices have virtually never fallen – even in deep economic recessions



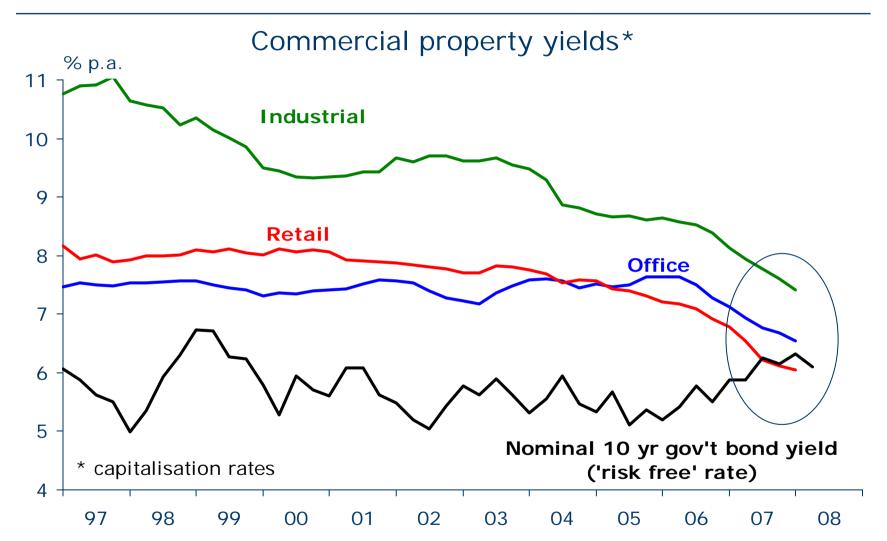


Sources: ABS, Economics@ANZ Relationship Banking • Corporate Finance • Markets • Working Capital



23

Have commercial property yields fallen too far?

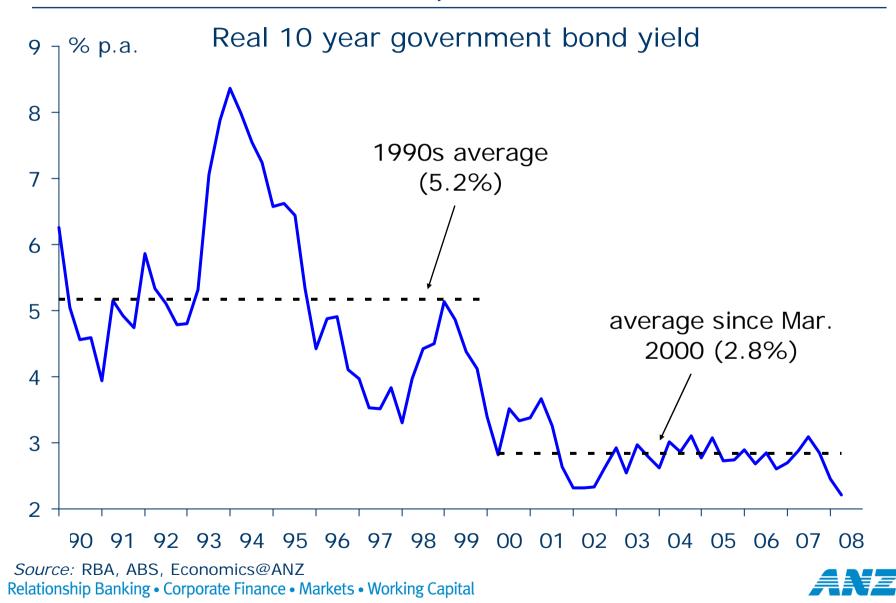


Source: IPD/PCA, Economics@ANZ Relationship Banking • Corporate Finance • Markets • Working Capital

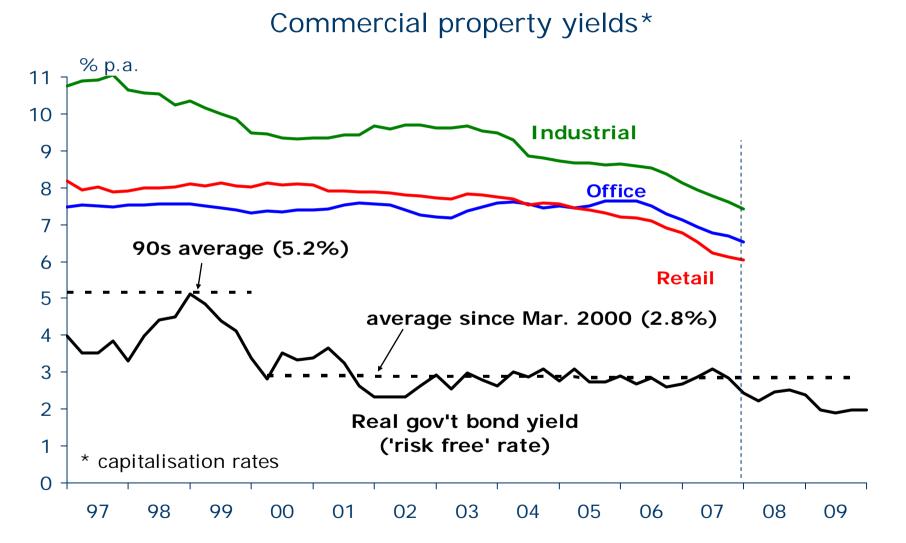


We have witnessed a *structural* lowering of the *real* risk free benchmark in the past decade...

25



...and falls in commercial property yields have been broadly in line with the decline in the 'risk free' benchmark

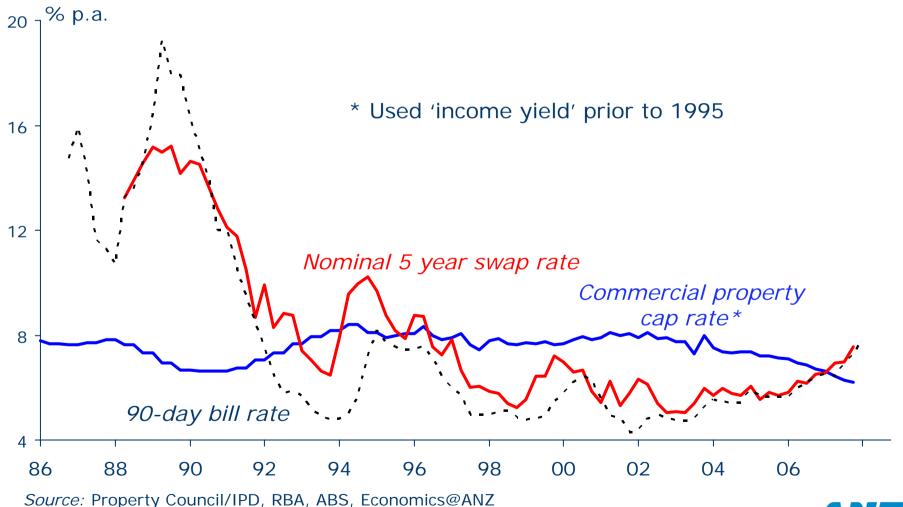


Source: IPD/PCA, Economics@ANZ Relationship Banking • Corporate Finance • Markets • Working Capital



Nominal funding costs up while cap rates firming







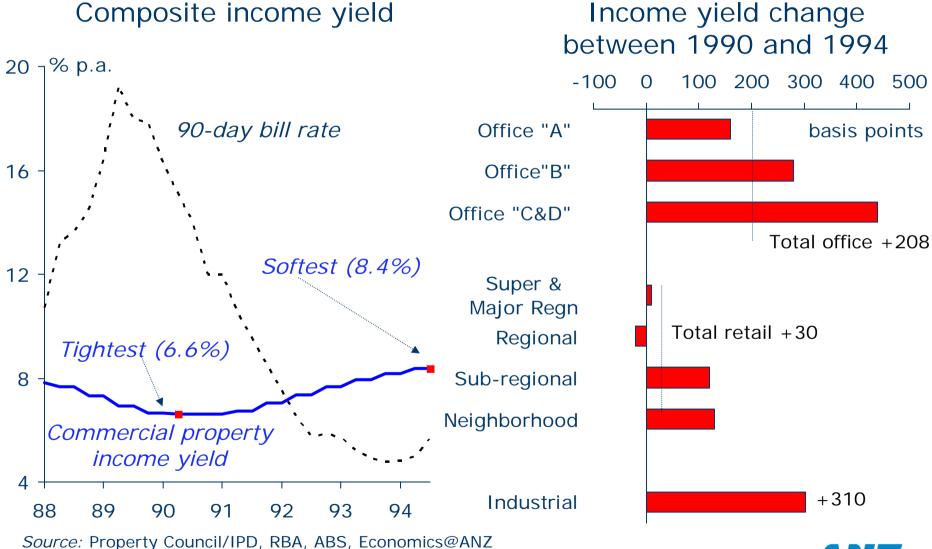
...but in real terms rise in cost of LT funds has been less dramatic and are still well below early 1990s levels

Australian commercial property yields vs funding costs





Recession, higher gearing and much higher interest rates (than now) saw income yields blow out 180bp





Softening in yields expected but will be tempered by positive economic and market fundamentals

There is plenty of underlying support for cap rates

- Economy and labour market growth expected to remain healthy
- Property risk premium valuation tool suggests values are around where they should be given long-term real risk-free rate. Office markets are in a relatively more favourable position (PRP still above long-term average).
- Sound underlying property asset market fundamentals. Apart from tight demand/supply balance, quality of rental flow is underpinned by solid business conditions and retail spending.

Despite the solid underpinnings, scope for some softening in yields

- Rise in cost of funding has reduced attractiveness of geared investments. Rise in real terms however, has been measured and pales into insignificance compared to late-1980s experience
- Some 'stressed' sales likely (LPTs) but will not be deep enough to set new benchmarks for broader market, particularly prime quality buildings.
- Expect 10-25bp for prime and 25bp to 50bp for secondary over next 6-18 months. Positive rental growth over this period minimises price declines.



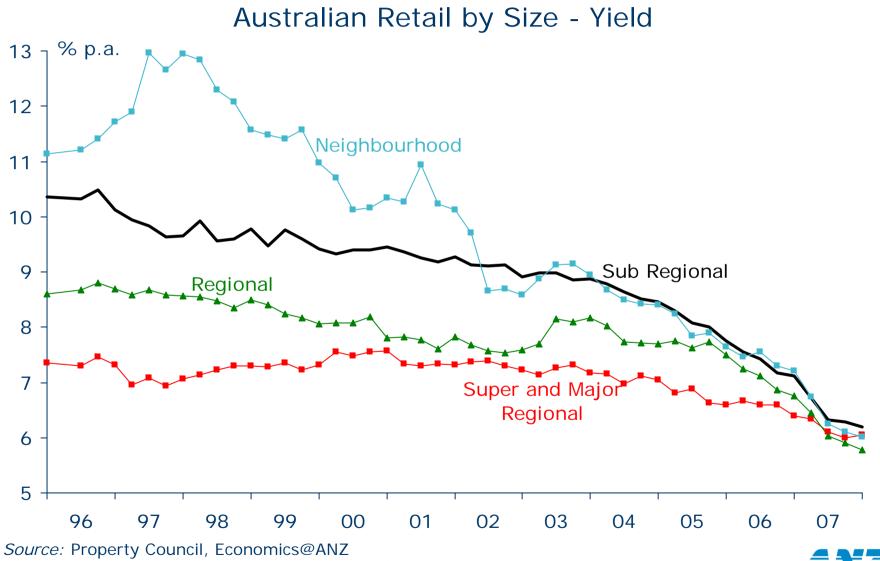
Retail 'property risk premium' has moved below it's long-term benchmark



Source: Property Council, Economics@ANZ Relationship Banking • Corporate Finance • Markets • Working Capital

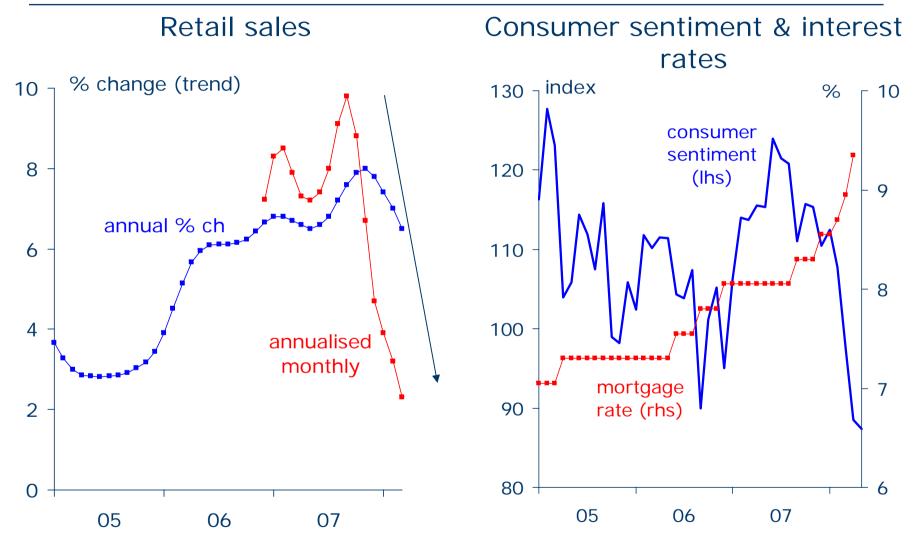


Retail yield compression has been most marked at the smaller end of the market





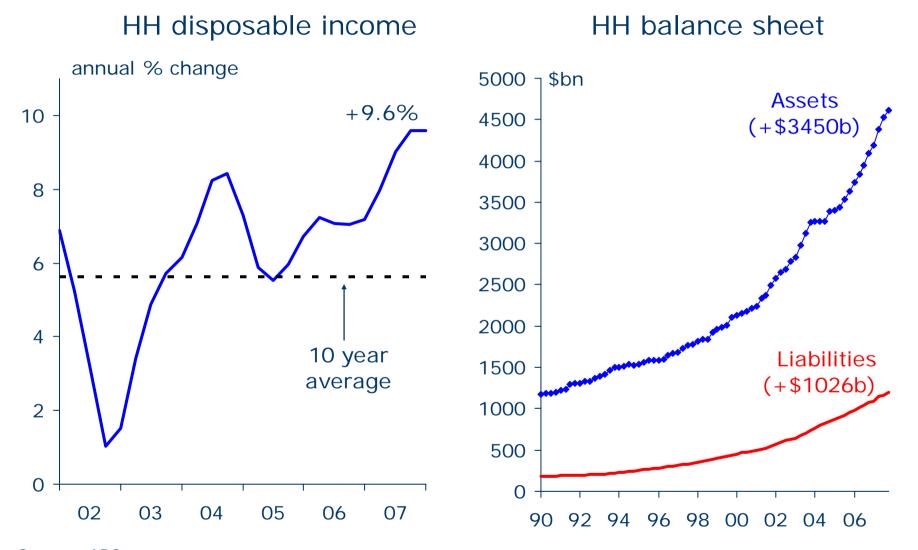
There are early signs that retail sales are softening as interest rates rise and sentiment softens



Source: ANZ, ABS, Melb. Inst., RBA Relationship Banking • Corporate Finance • Markets • Working Capital



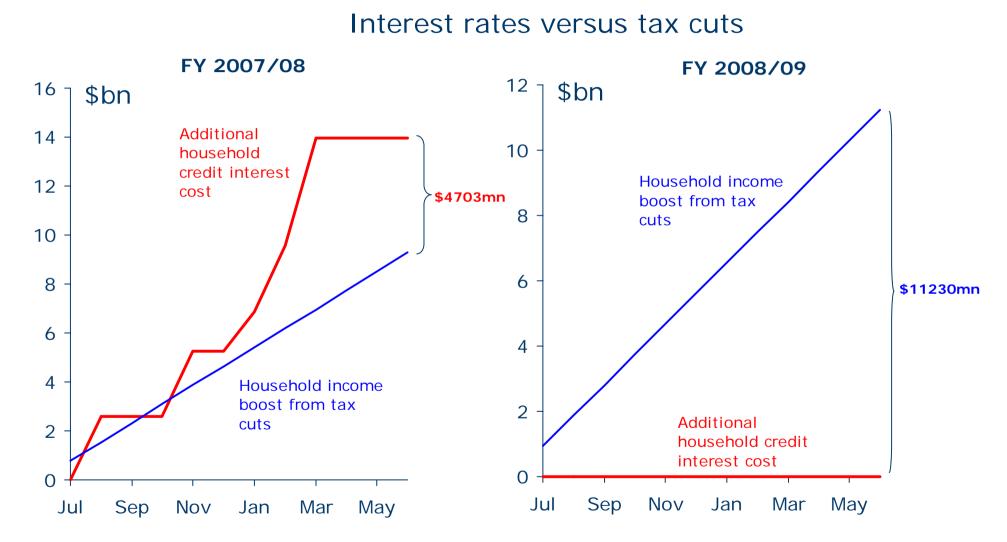
But despite widespread doomsday commentary, the household sector remains *very* well placed



Source: ABS Relationship Banking • Corporate Finance • Markets • Working Capital



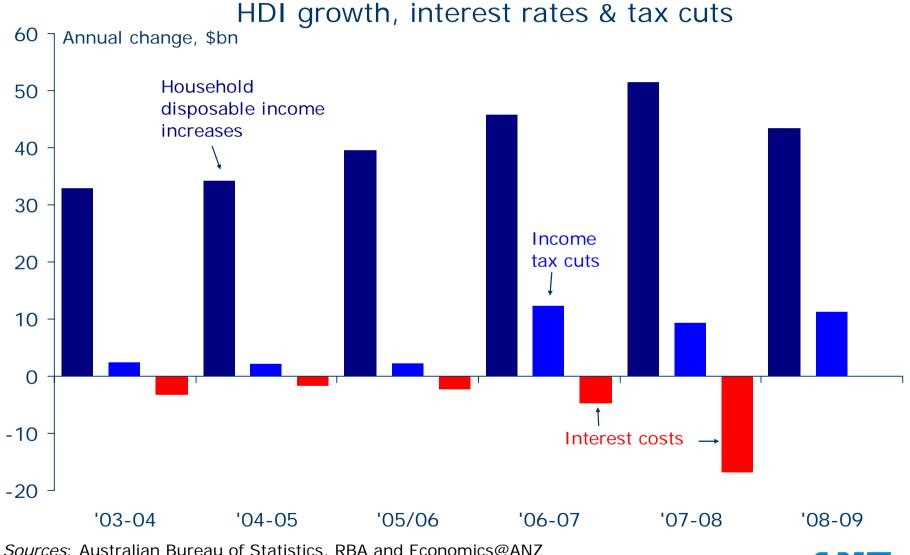
And although hikes will be restrictive in 2007/08 these will be be more than offset in 2008/09



Sources: Australian Bureau of Statistics; Economics@ANZ. Relationship Banking • Corporate Finance • Markets • Working Capital



However, household disposable income growth has easily offset the monetary tightening



Sources: Australian Bureau of Statistics, RBA and Economics@ANZ Relationship Banking • Corporate Finance • Markets • Working Capital



Moreover, corporate balance sheets are far better shape than the late 1980s

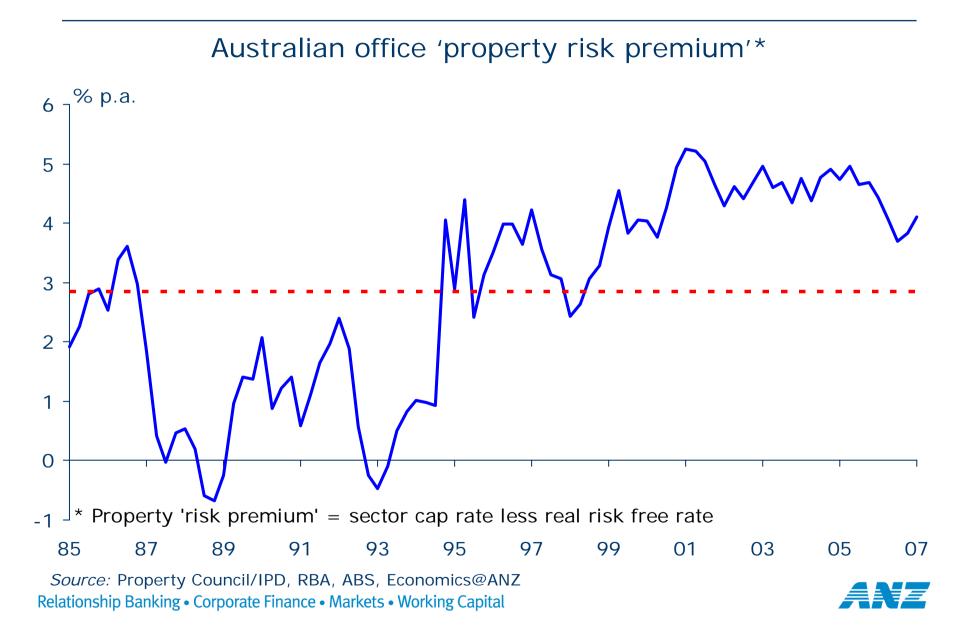


Relationship Banking · Corporate Finance · Markets · Working Capital

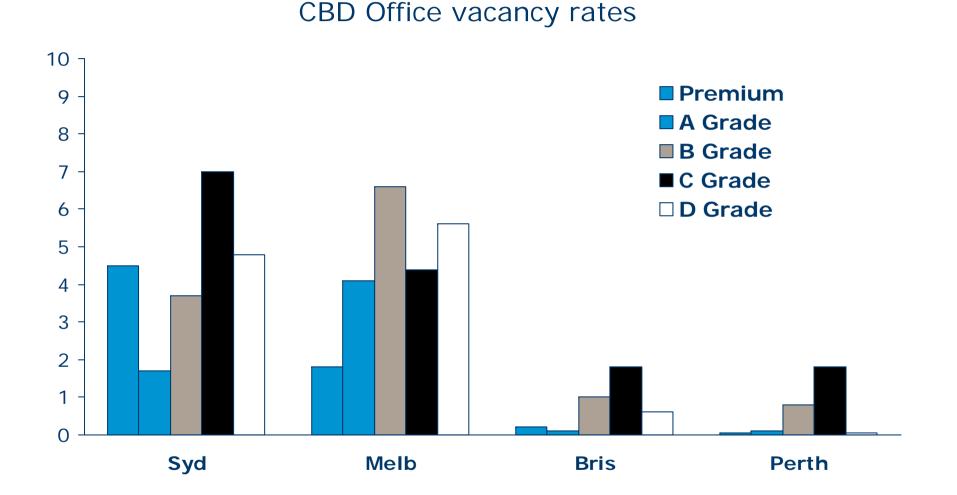


37

Office property remains well placed



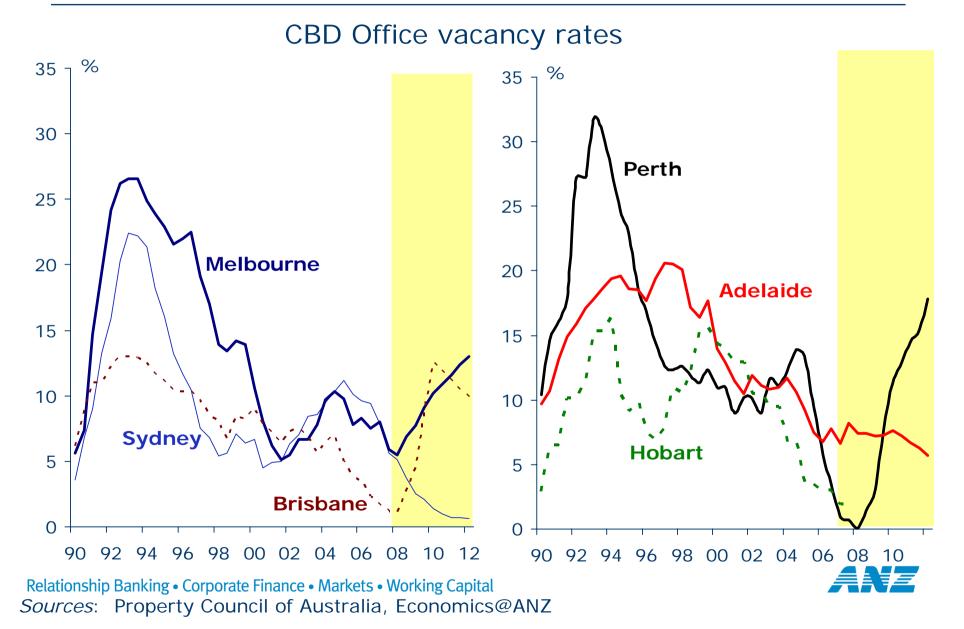
CBD office market fundamentals generally tight across quality grades, especially in 'resource' capitals



Source: Property Council of Australia, office market report Relationship Banking • Corporate Finance • Markets • Working Capital



Office market to remain tight over 2008 and 2009 but fundamentals will weaken at turn of decade



Summary: risks *have* risen but solid economic and property market fundamentals provide some insurance

Armageddon 'bandwagon' is gaining passengers

- Bearish sentiment building in US, finance sector and equity markets

But some perspective required

- Heightened risks, but Australian fundamentals still strong
- Funding remains a *pricing* issue

Australian prospects still tied to Asia

- Asian outlook, particularly China, remains solid
- Commodity prices and terms of trade still rising strongly
- Domestic growth slowing but far from recession

Property market fundamentals are very supportive

- Heading for a critical (and intractable) shortage of housing
- Commercial property very well placed cf late 80s







Economics@ANZ

Would you like to know more?

View our research on the web! www.anz.com/go/economics

Economics@ANZ

Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited is represented in:

AUSTRALIA by: Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited ABN 11 005 357 522 10th Floor 100 Queen Street, Melbourne 3000, Australia Telephone +61 3 9273 6224 Fax +61 3 9273 5711

UNITED KINGDOM by: Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited ABN 11 005 357 522 Minerva House, PO Box 7, Montague Close, London, SE1 9DH, United Kingdom Telephone +44 20 7378 2121 Fax +44 20 7378 2378 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA by: ANZ Securities, Inc. (Member of NASCand States of Americas) 6th Floor 1177 Avenue of the Americas New York, NY 10036, United States of America SSibilities Tel: +1 212 801 9160 Fax: +1 212 801 9163

NEW ZEALAND by: ANZ National Bank Limited Level 7, 1-9 Victoria Street, Wellington, New Zealand Telephone +64 4 802 2000

In Australia and the UK, ANZ Investment Bank is a business name of Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited, ABN 11 005 357 522 ("ANZ Bank"), which holds an Australian Financial Services licence no. 234527 and is authorised in the UK by the Financial Services Authority ("FSA"). In New Zealand, ANZ Investment Bank is a business name of ANZ National Bank Limited WN / 035976 ("ANZ NZ").

This document is being distributed in the United States by ANZ Securities, Inc. ("ANZ S") (an affiliated company of ANZ Bank), which accepts responsibility for its content. Further information on any securities referred to herein may be obtained from ANZ S upon request. Any US person(s) receiving this document and wishing to effect transactions in any securities referred to herein should contact ANZ S, not its affiliates.

This document is being distributed in the United Kingdom by ANZ Bank for the information of its market counterparties and intermediate customers only. It is not intended for and must not be distributed to private customers. In the UK, ANZ Bank is regulated by the FSA. Nothing here excludes or restricts any duty or liability to a customer which ANZ Bank may have under the UK Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 or under the regulatory system as defined in the Rules of the FSA.

This document is issued on the basis that it is only for the information of the particular person to whom it is provided. This document may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any recipient for any purpose. This document does not take into account your personal needs and financial circumstances. Under no circumstances is this document to be used or considered as an offer to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to buy.

In addition, from time to time ANZ Bank, ANZ NZ, ANZ S, their affiliated companies, or their respective associates and employees may have an interest in any financial products (as defined by the Australian Corporations Act 2001), securities or other investments, directly or indirectly the subject of this document (and may receive commissions or other remuneration in relation to the sale of such financial products, securities or other investments), or may perform services for, or solicit business from, any company the subject of this document. If you have been referred to ANZ Bank, ANZ NZ, ANZ S or their affiliated companies by any person, that person may receive a benefit in respect of any transactions effected on your behalf, details of which will be available upon request.

The information herein has been obtained from, and any opinions herein are based upon, sources believed reliable. The views expressed in this document accurately reflect the author's personal views, including those about any and all of the securities and issuers referred to herein. The author however makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and the information should not be relied upon as such. All opinions and estimates herein reflect the author's judgement on the date of this document and are subject to change without notice. No part of the author's compensation was, is or will directly or indirectly relate to specific recommendations or views expressed about any securities or issuers in this document. ANZ Bank, ANZ NZ, ANZ S, their affiliated companies, their respective directors, officers, and employees disclaim any responsibility, and shall not be liable, for any loss, damage, claim, liability, proceedings, cost or expense ("Liability") arising directly or indirectly (and whether in tort (including negligence), contract, equity or otherwise) out of or in connection with the contents of and/or any omissions from this communication except where a Liability is made non-excludable by legislation.

Where the recipien of this publication conducts a business, the provisions of the Consumer Guarantees Act 1993 (NZ) shall not apply.



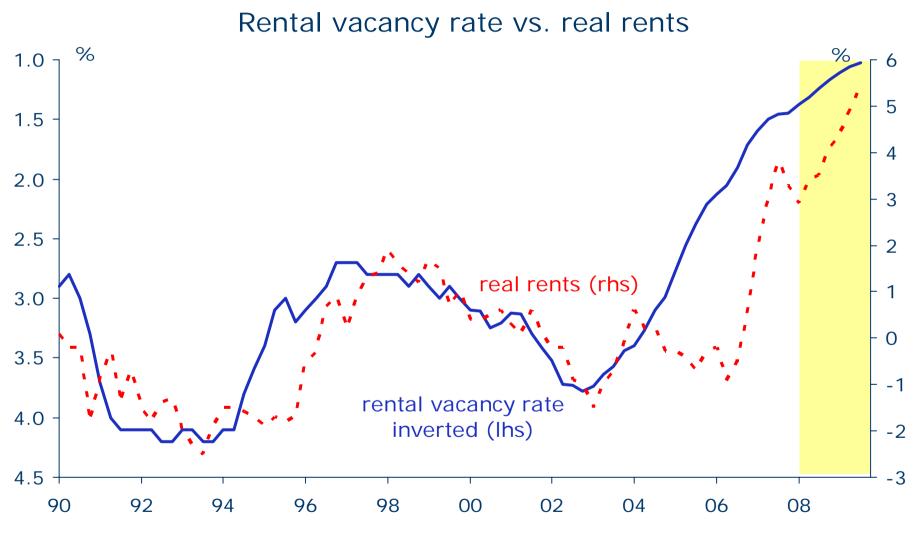
LPT sector is sound but it needs to adapt to more risk averse environment

Summary

- Listed Property Trust sector taken a hit since the Centro "incident"
- Attention has shifted to gearing levels, liquidity levels and fund structures.
- Unsettled financial market has stalled issuance, likely to create pent-up demand for funds for expansion over next year or so.
- Underlying property asset market fundamentals remain sound. Quality of rental flow is underpinned by solid business conditions and retail spending. Any 'stressed' sales are likely to be minimal and offshore.
- Trusts will be consolidating balance sheets (deferring development, raising equity e.g. rights issues), creating more balance sheet and fund structure transparency. Its all about perceptions.
- Urgency of adapting to new environment varies within the sector depend upon refinancing requirements in 2008 and condition of balance sheet.
- Short-term funding costs to rise but this is second order issue compared to securing rollover of existing debt.
- Opportunity for bank (on-balance sheet) finance to this sector *Source:* PIR, UBS reports and Economics@ANZ Relationship Banking • Corporate Finance • Markets • Working Capital



...which is already forcing rents sharply higher

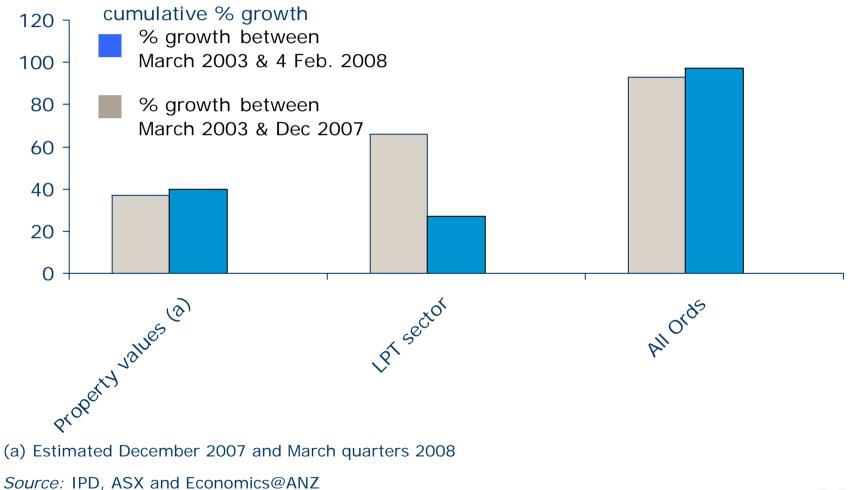


Sources: Economics@ANZ; ABS, REIA



Correction in LPT sector market value has been substantial

Market performance

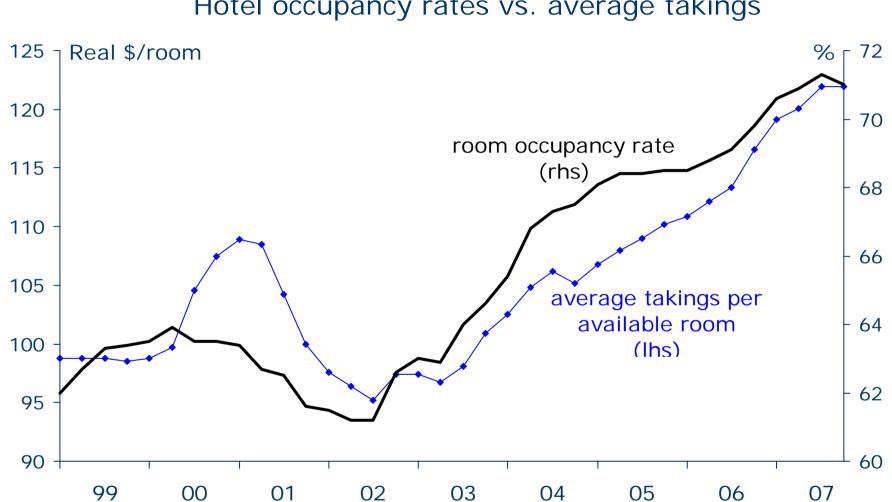


Relationship Banking • Corporate Finance • Markets • Working Capital



47

48 Tightening room availability has boosted average hotel room takings

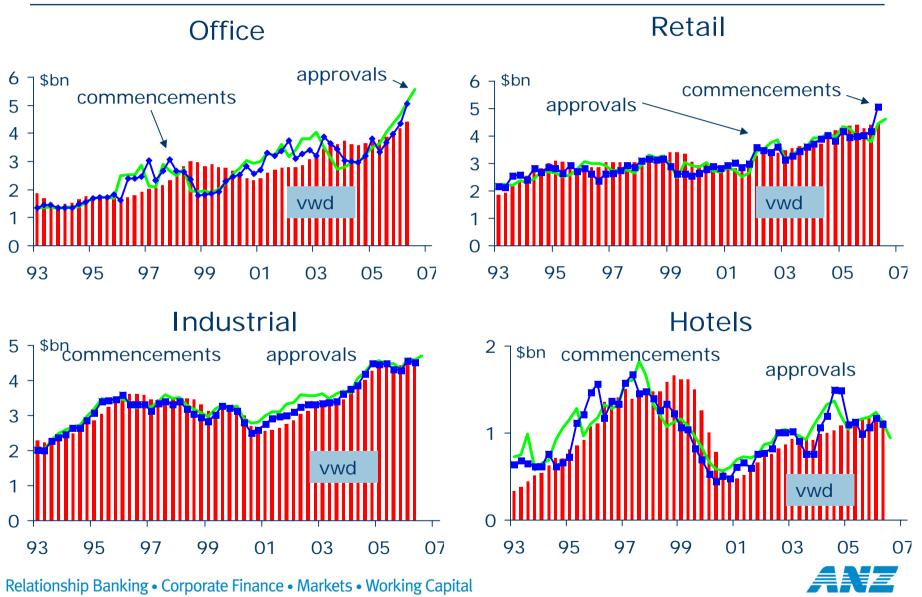


Hotel occupancy rates vs. average takings

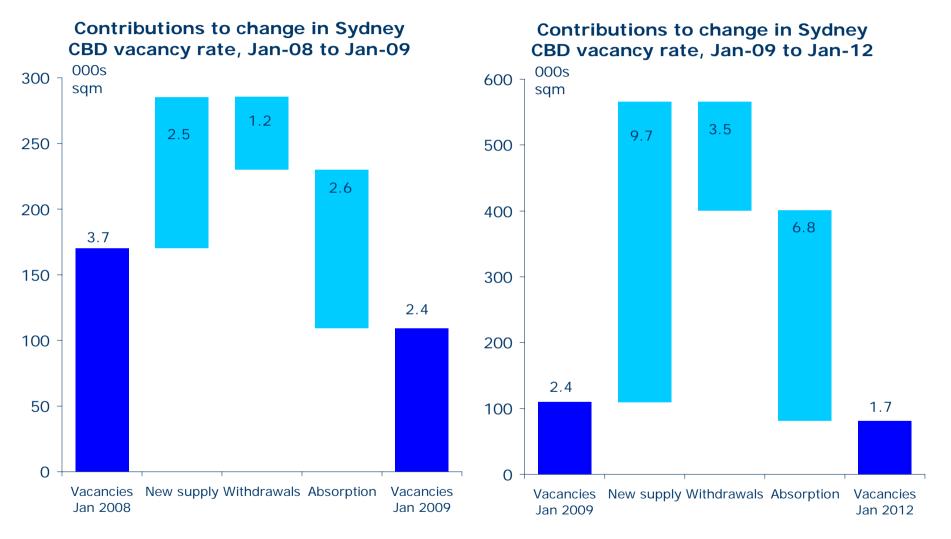


Sources: ABS, Economics@ANZ Relationship Banking • Corporate Finance • Markets • Working Capital

Office and retail building strengthening while hotels soften



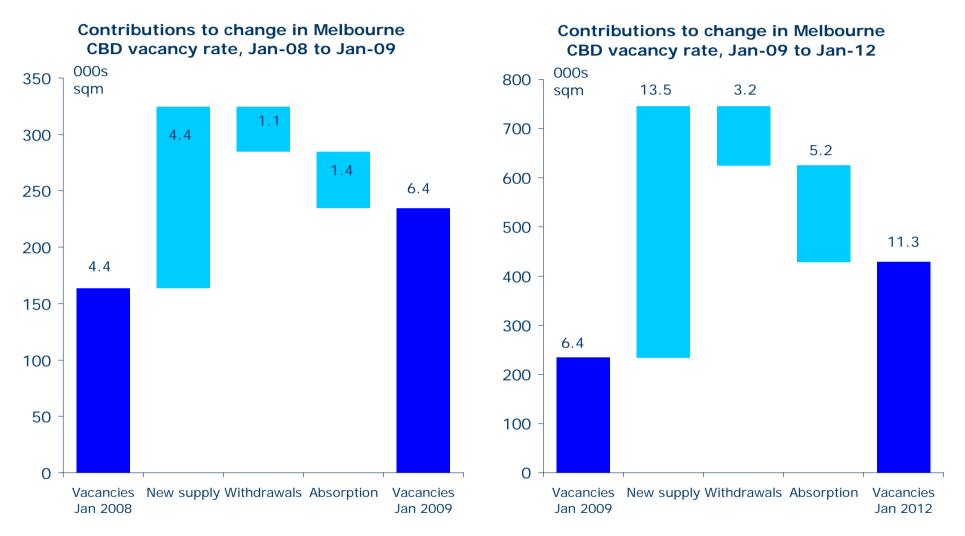
Sydney CBD office market fundamentals protected over medium-term



Sources: PCA, ABS, Economics@ANZ



Strong supply lines to weaken fundamentals in Melbourne CBD office market by turn of decade



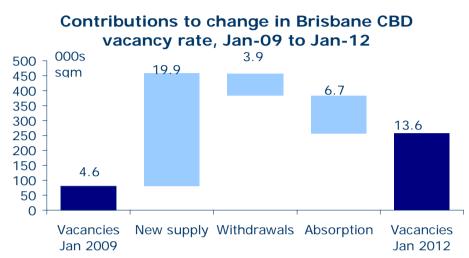
Sources: PCA, ABS, Economics@ANZ

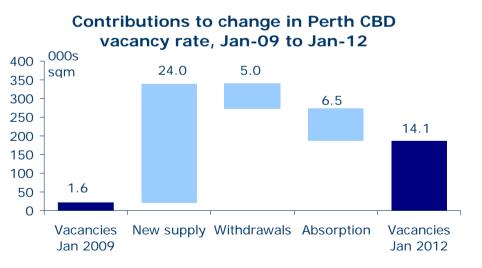


Resources boom drives office construction boom to alleviate chronic shortage. Trouble to emerge later.









Sources: PCA, ABS, Economics@ANZ Relationship Banking • Corporate Finance • Markets • Working Capital

