

Specific Terms

(Standby Letter of Credit or Guarantee Facility)

October 2023

(Australia only)

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

The aim of this information is to make the Borrower aware of some important clauses in the Specific Terms. This information is not a substitute for, and does not form part of, the Specific Terms. The Borrower can read the clauses referred to below to obtain further information.

Clause	Important information
5.2(b)	If a Borrower does not notify ANZ of its objection to the terms of an Instrument within 2 Business Days after receiving its copy, the Borrower will waive the right to make objections to the form, except to the extent the objection relates to Loss suffered as a result of the negligence, wilful misconduct or mistake of ANZ or its agents.
6.6(f)	ANZ may, where permitted by Law and without prior notice, set-off any debts owed by the Borrower to ANZ against any debts owed by ANZ to the Borrower.
6.12	Subject to applicable Laws, ANZ is not liable to a Borrower for any Loss in connection with any Facility, Instrument or act or omission of ANZ, but remains liable for any direct Loss to the extent caused by the negligence, wilful misconduct or fraud of ANZ or its agents or appointed receivers.
6.14	The Borrower agrees to indemnify ANZ (including any Correspondent Bank that is a branch or office of ANZ or an ANZ Group Member) for any reasonable costs, loss or liability which they may suffer in connection with certain matters, except to the extent such Loss was caused by ANZ's, its agents' or appointed receivers' negligence, wilful misconduct, fraud or mistake.

Specific Terms (Standby letter of credit or guarantee facility)

1. Interpretation

1.1 Interpretation and definitions

- In these Specific Terms, unless the context otherwise requires, terms will be interpreted in accordance with the interpretation provisions of the relevant Trade Agreement.
- (b) Terms not otherwise defined in a relevant TradeAgreement or to be construed in accordancewith clause 1.2(e) have the following meanings:

Affiliate means, in relation to any person, a subsidiary of that person or any holding company of that person or any other subsidiary of any such holding company and any joint venture, partnership or similar arrangement in which it holds a direct or indirect interest.

AML/CTF Laws means the Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorism Financing Act 2006 (Cth) and any other anti-money laundering, or counter-terrorism financing laws (in each case, including all applicable rules and regulations thereunder), which in each case are issued, administered or enforced by any governmental agency having jurisdiction over the Borrower, or are applicable to ANZ including any such rules or regulations imposing "know your customer" or other identification checks or procedures..

ANZ means the ANZ Group Member (and all of its branches and offices) that provides or will provide the Facility to the Borrower and/or an Instrument at the request of the Borrower.

ANZ Group Member means Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited ABN 11 005 357 522 and its Affiliates.

ANZ Office means the branch or office of the ANZGroup Member that provides the Facility to the Borrower. Generally, this will be specified in a Trade Agreement or the application completed by the Borrower in relation to an Instrument.

Authorised Representative means in respect of a Borrower, a person whose identity has been verified to the satisfaction of ANZ who the Borrower nominates from time to time to act on its behalf to submit any application or request, or give any Communications andin relation to whom ANZ has not received notice that the appointment has been revoked and includes any persons who are authorised by the Borrower to use the Electronic Channel.

Authority means any local or foreign regulatory, administrative, government, quasi-governmental, law enforcement, supranational, judicial person or supervisory body, authority, court or tribunal and includes any self-regulatory organisation whether or not established under statute or any stock exchange.

Borrower means any person or entity that applies for, and is issued or provided with an Instrument covered by these Specific Terms and includes a reference to a Borrower or Customer in any Trade Agreement.

Business Day means day (other than a statutory or public holiday, a Saturday or Sunday) on which banks are open for general banking **business** in the Governing Jurisdiction and, in relation to any date for payment or purchase of funds, in the principal financial centre for the currency of those funds or the location in which the products are provided.

Communication means any instruction, notice, consent, request, approval, **acceptance**, confirmation, information or document.

Consumer Law means the Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001 (Cth) or the Australian Consumer Law in Schedule 2 of the Competition and Consumer Act 2010 (Cth), as applicable.

Correspondent Bank means any bank (including any branch or office of ANZ or any ANZ Group Member) which provides any **banking** or other services in connection with a Facility or an Instrument to ANZ.

Electronic Channel means any internet/online or similar channel established by ANZ or a third party which enables the Borrower to use any Facility and/or give any Communication.

Electronic Communication means a Communication sent by facsimile, E-mail or any other electronic way of sending, receiving and **retrieving** data now or in the future, whether provided by ANZ or any third party. It also means a Communication by ANZ made by publishing it on ANZ's website.

E-mail means information transmitted electronically over the internet or other electronic networks which is both delivered to an email or other electronic address and recovered or downloaded **from** that address using a post office protocol, internet message access protocol or similar system.

Facility means a facility pursuant to which, at the Borrower's request, ANZ may issue Instruments to Beneficiaries.

Governing Jurisdiction means, unless otherwise agreedin writing between ANZ and the Borrower, the jurisdiction in which the ANZ Office is located.

ICC means the International Chamber of Commerce.

ICC Rules means any ICC rule published by the ICC relating to an Instrument, including UCP, ISP and URDG.

Indirect Loss means any indirect or consequential loss including loss of profits or anticipated savings, loss of business opportunity, loss of goodwill or reputation, business interruption, unauthorised access to or loss of data, economic loss or any special, indirect or consequential damage and includes any costs arising in connection with any of them. The parties agree that Indirect Loss does not include any Loss that arises in the usual course of things from the relevant act or omission.

Instrument means any kind of standby letter of credit, demand guarantee, bond, work cover bond or undertaking to pay any person (other than the Borrower) and any counter-indemnity issued by ANZ infavour of its Correspondent Bank to facilitate the issuance of the Instrument in a particular jurisdiction and any amendment or replacement of any of them.

ISP means the ICC International Standby Practices in effect from time to time.

Law means any treaty, law, statute, rule, regulation, decision, order, request or directive, code or standard, or guideline, notice, or statement of policy or practice of any Authority, having the force of law or, if not having the force of law, in respect of which compliance in the relevant jurisdiction is customary.

Loss means any damage, loss, liabilities, costs and expenses (including legal costs (being the actual legal costs reasonably incurred) and taxes), delay or diminution of value.

Post means the input into the Electronic Channel by the Borrower or ANZ and the initial processing of such input by the Electronic Channel so that the input is visible in the Electronic Channel.

Sanctions means any economic, trade or financial sanctions or embargoes, orders, regulations, rules or similar measures enacted, issued, administered or enforced from time to time by (a) the United States, including but not limited to, the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the US Department of the Treasury, the US Department of State, the US Department of Commerce, (b) the United Kingdom, including but not limited to His Majesty's Treasury, (c) Australia, including but not limited to, the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade of Australia, (d) the European Union or any then-current member country of the European Union, (e) the United Nations Security Council, (f) the PRC, including but not limited to, the Ministry of Commerce and the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, (g) Japan, including but not limited to, the Ministry of Finance Japan, (h) Singapore, including but not limited to, the Monetary Authority of Singapore, (i) Hong Kong, including but not limited to, the Hong Kong Monetary Authority, (j) any other agency of any of the

foregoing jurisdictions; or (k) any other relevant sanctions authority, in each case (i) regulating or having authority over the ANZ Office or (ii) in connection with the transaction or the Borrower.

Trade Agreement means any agreement, deed, document, letter, schedule, booklet, brochure, flyer, manual, instruction, notice or application containing terms relating to any Facility and/or Instrument, including, without limitation, any facility agreement, finance document, facility document, letter of offer, standard terms or common terms (and any applicable trade specific terms) entered into by ANZ and the Borrower and these Specific Terms.

UCP means the ICC Uniform Customs and Practice for Documentary Credits in effect from time to time.

URDG means the ICC Uniform Rules for Demand Guarantees in effect from time to time.

1.2 Trade Agreements, ICC Rules and inconsistency

- (a) An Instrument applied for by the Borrower will be provided by ANZ in accordance with and subject to these Specific Terms and any other relevant Trade Agreement.
- (b) If these Specific Terms are inconsistent with anyTrade Agreement, then where the relevant Trade Agreement states expressly that it prevails to the extent of the inconsistency, it will so prevail over these Specific Terms and otherwise, these Specific Terms prevail to the extent of the inconsistency.
- (c) ICC Rules are referenced in these Specific Terms, and may also be referenced in other Trade Agreements, but they do not form part of these Specific Terms or any Trade Agreement.
- (d) Unless ANZ notifies the Borrower otherwise, anyfuture revision of any ICC Rules will automatically apply when it is stated by the ICC to come into effect.
- (e) The meaning of words used in these Specific Terms or a Trade Agreement that are given a particular meaning in the ICC Rules (but are not otherwise specifically defined in these Specific Terms or a Trade Agreement) are to be construed in a manner that is consistent with themeaning given in the applicable ICC Rules, unlessthe context otherwise requires.
- (f) When doing something in connection with a Trade Agreement or an Instrument that is

regulated or otherwise affected by ICC Rules, the Borrower agrees to do that thing in a manner that accords with the relevant ICC Rules.

- (g) If a party is required by these Specific Terms or aTrade Agreement to do something in accordancewith ICC Rules, and any applicable ICC Rule is inconsistent or conflicts with these Specific Terms or that Trade Agreement, then the party'sobligations under these Specific Terms or that Trade Agreement override its obligation to act inaccordance with the applicable ICC Rule to the extent of the inconsistency or conflict. This clause 1.2(g) operates despite anything to the contrary in these Specific Terms or a TradeAgreement.
- (h) If the Borrower requires clarification in respect of these Specific Terms or a copy of the ICC Rules to which certain provisions of these Specific Terms refer, the Borrower should request a copyfrom its relevant ANZ contact point.

2. Purpose

A Facility and any Instrument requested by the Borrower must be used wholly or predominantly for business purposes.

3. Uncommitted

Unless agreed otherwise in writing by ANZ, all Facilities are provided to the Borrower on an uncommitted basis and nothing in any Trade Agreement, the satisfaction of all or any requirements in it or any negotiations between the parties before a Facility is utilised obliges:

- (a) the Borrower to use the Facility;
- (b) ANZ to accept and act upon the Borrower's request to use the Facility and/or issue an Instrument or give the Borrower any reasons forrefusing to do so; or
- (c) ANZ to continue to make the Facility available tothe Borrower,

and ANZ or the Borrower may, at any time, terminate, cancel or withdraw the provision of the Facility.

4. Applications and currency

4.1 Applications and forms

- (a) The Borrower will request ANZ to issue an Instrument by delivering to ANZ an application:
 - in a format specified or approved by ANZfrom time to time;
 - (ii) completed to the satisfaction of ANZ; and
 - (iii) signed or made by the Borrower or by one or moreAuthorised Representatives.
- (b) The Borrower will also execute and deliver to ANZ any other documents ANZ may require in relation to an Instrument.
- (c) ANZ will promptly notify the Borrower if it will not accept and act upon an application or request of the Borrower to issue an Instrument.

4.2 Exchange rate movements

- (a) If the Borrower requests the issuance of an Instrument in one currency and the Borrower's receivables are in another currency and the exchange rate of the currencies fluctuates, the Borrower may be exposed to exchange rate risk.
- (b) The Borrower is solely responsible for monitoring and managing exchange rate risk andprotecting itself against adverse exchange rate movements.
- (c) The Borrower will, if required by ANZ, provide extra security or payment (including by way of cash cover) or reduce the drawn amount of the Facility if exchange rate fluctuations have causedthe value of security provided or a payment made to ANZ to fall or actual or contingent payment obligations owed to ANZ to increase relative to the drawn amount of or limit providedfor the Facility.

Standby Letters of Credit and Guarantees

5.1 Issuance

- (a) Unless ANZ agrees otherwise in writing:
 - (i) each standby letter of credit will be issuedsubject to ISP or UCP; and
 - (ii) each demand guarantee, bond, work cover bond or undertaking to pay any

person (other than the Borrower) issued by ANZ will be subject to the URDG.

- (b) ANZ may issue an Instrument itself or arrange forthe Instrument to be issued by its CorrespondentBank and may issue a counterindemnity, on terms acceptable to ANZ, in favour of that Correspondent Bank in return for it doing so.
- (c) Each Instrument will be irrevocable and issued inform and substance acceptable to ANZ and, if applicable, its Correspondent Bank.
- (d) ANZ and its Correspondent Banks are not obliged to check or ensure the accuracy of any information supplied to it for inclusion in any Instrument.
- (e) The Borrower must promptly check the terms and requirements of an Instrument and promptly advise ANZ if they are incorrect or do not meet the Borrower's requirements. ANZ and its Correspondent Banks are not responsible andhave no duty whatsoever to advise the Borroweron such issues and are not liable for any Loss suffered by the Borrower if the terms of an Instrument are not correct or do not meet the Borrower's requirements, except to the extent the terms or requirements in the Instrument are incorrect because of ANZ's or its agent's negligence, wilful misconduct or fraud.

(e)

(f) ANZ may issue, at the Borrower's request, an Instrument to facilitate the business transactionsof another party with the beneficiary and with that other party named as the applicant or contracting party in that Instrument. If ANZ doesso, the Borrower's reimbursement obligations to ANZ under these Specific Terms will still apply.

5.2 Borrower copy

- (a) ANZ will send a copy of each Instrument to the Borrower as soon as is practical after it is issued.
- (b) The Borrower must notify ANZ of any objection to any terms of the Instrument within 2
 BusinessDays after receiving its copy of the Instrument.If no objections are raised within that period, theBorrower is deemed to have waived any right toraise objections to the form of the Instrument (except to the extent the objection relates to Loss suffered by the Borrower as a direct result of the negligence,

wilful misconduct, fraud or mistake (except a mistake caused by an act or omission of the Borrower, the Borrower's agent or a third party) of ANZ or its agents).

5.3 Separate transaction

The Borrower acknowledges that an Instrument is by itsnature a separate transaction from any contract between the Borrower and any other party on which the Instrument may be based. As such, ANZ is not required:

- (a) unless the terms of an Instrument states otherwise, to notify the Borrower when it receives a demand or prior to paying a demand or accepting drafts, claims or drawings under theInstrument;
- (b) to make reference to, enquiry of or to take account of statements or instructions from the Borrower or any other party;
- (c) to make any investigation or inquiry into, or raiseor exercise, any defence or argument whether such defences or arguments relate to ANZ or theBorrower or relate to the validity, accuracy, andenforceability of any provision under anInstrument or its underlying contract; or
- (d) to notify the Borrower that a demand or document is not compliant prior to dishonour.

5.4 Examination of Demands

- (a) Unless otherwise specified in the Instrument, all demands and documents must be presented at the counters of the ANZ Office or CorrespondentBank issuing the Instrument.
- (b) ANZ and its Correspondent Banks (as applicable)will examine any demand and required documents on their face alone, without further investigation or enquiry, to determine whether or not there has been a complying presentation under the Instrument.
- (c) ANZ and its Correspondent Bank are not responsible for the genuineness, correctness or validity of any demands, notices, instructions or other documents received by it.

5.5 Compliant demands

(a) ANZ and its Correspondent Banks will pay all demands complying with the terms of the Instrument.

(b) ANZ may make any payment or discharge any liability under an Instrument by way of an actualcash payment, book entry, transfer of funds or otherwise as determined by ANZ and a referenceto 'pay' or 'payment' in these Specific Terms is areference to such payment.

5.6 Reimbursement obligation

- (a) The Borrower will pay to ANZ an amount equal to and in the same currency as all amounts paidor discharged by ANZ under or in connection with an Instrument, on the day on which ANZ makes or is required to make that payment or discharges its liability.
- (b) If ANZ specifies, the Borrower will on or shortly before the date on which ANZ makes (or is likelyto make) a payment under or in connection with an Instrument, pay toANZ a sum equal to such payment. ANZ will apply all or part of such sum against the Borrower's reimbursement obligations in relation to the Instrument to ANZ and, prior to doing so, ANZ may hold all or part of such sum in an account in ANZ's name, under ANZ's sole control. If the amount paid by the Borrower under this clause exceeds the Borrower's reimbursement obligations to ANZ in relation to the Instrument, ANZ will refund the excess amount to the Borrower.

5.7 Non-compliant demand

- (a) ANZ may refuse to pay and may reject any demand or document presented to ANZ under the Instrument, if any such demand or document does not comply with the Instrument terms.
- (b) ANZ does not have to seek the Borrower's waiver of any discrepancies before refusing to pay the demand. Any decision by ANZ to seek a waiver of discrepancies does not oblige ANZ to seek a waiver of other discrepancies at any other time.

5.8 Payment without demand

ANZ may, at any time, discharge all its obligations under an Instrument by paying, whether or not ANZ has received a demand, the undrawn amount of the Instrument (or such lesser amount that the beneficiaryrequires) to the beneficiary and the Borrower's reimbursement obligations to ANZ will still apply.

5.9 **Assignment**

If ANZ consents to a transfer of the rights under the

Instrument to another person, the Borrower's reimbursement obligations to ANZ will still apply in all respects to that Instrument as transferred.

5.10 Branches

If a branch of ANZ is the beneficiary of an Instrument issued by another branch of ANZ, the branches will be treated as separate legal entities.

5.11 Expiry of Instrument

If for any reason (including but not limited to for legal or regulatory reasons) ANZ's obligations under an Instrument continue beyond the stated expiry date or expiry event, or the relevant Instrument is rendered void, voidable and/or unenforceable in any manner under any applicable Laws, the Borrower agrees:

- for so long as the relevant beneficiary specified (a) in the Instrument (the "Relevant Beneficiary") has not returned the relevant original Instrument to ANZ and/or the Correspondent Bank on or after the expiry date specified in the relevant Instrument (the "Relevant Expiry Date"), to pay ANZ such fees and charges agreedin or in accordance with the relevant Trade Agreement (as if such relevant expiry date had not occurred). The Borrower further agrees to provide cash cover to ANZ promptly upon provision of reasonable notice, if the Relevant Beneficiary has not, on or after the date falling 60 days after the Relevant Expiry Date, returned the original Instrument to ANZ and/or the Correspondent Bank. The cash cover shall be anamount equal to the maximum amount specified in the relevant Instrument (the "Relevant Maximum Amount") or, where part payment of such Relevant Maximum Amount has been made under the relevant Instrument on or prior to the Relevant Expiry Date specified on the Instrument, the remaining balance outstanding under such Instrument, or such other amount as ANZ may (in its sole discretion) reasonably require;
- (b) if there is any dispute, controversy, or claim ("Dispute") arising in connection with any Instrument or the underlying contract or arrangement (in connection with which the Instrument may have been provided), and ANZ and/or its Correspondent Banks are caused (for any reason) to participate in any such Dispute, the Borrower agrees to indemnify ANZ, and keepANZ indemnified against, and will pay on demand the amount of, any reasonable costs orlosses which any of ANZ and/or its Correspondent Bank may suffer or incur, including, any reasonablecosts and

expenses incurred by any of its professional advisors (legal or otherwise) in connection with such Dispute other than to theextent such costs or losses are due to the negligence, wilful misconduct, fraud or mistake (except a mistake caused by an act or omission of the Borrower, the Borrower's agent or a third party) of ANZ, its agents or any appointed Receivers. ANZ and its Correspondent Banks reserve the right to determine whether or not to participate in any Dispute. The Borrower agrees to waive its rights (if any) to claim any damages against ANZ and/or its Correspondent Bank;

- to waive any right (if any) to protest or object toany payment made or to be made by ANZ and itsCorrespondent Bank in connection with any Instrument (including any payments made after the Relevant Expiry Date specified on the relevant Instrument, or any Instrument which issubsequently rendered void, voidable and/or unenforceable in any manner under any applicable Laws), and agrees to endorse any action performed and taken by ANZ and its Correspondent Bank under any Instrument. TheBorrower further waives any rights, arguments or any other kind of benefit that it may have under any applicable Law against ANZ and its Correspondent Bank, including (without limitation) any defence it may have on the validity and enforceability of any underlying contract or arrangement in connection with anyInstrument; and
- (d) to indemnify ANZ against, and will pay ANZ on demand the amount of, all and any demands, claims, actions, proceedings, liabilities, payments, interest, reasonable costs, charges and expenses (including legal expenses (being the actual legal costs reasonably incurred by ANZ) and taxes) which ANZ and/or its Correspondent Banks may directly suffer, incur or make in connection with anyInstrument (other than to the extent they are due to the negligence, wilful misconduct, fraud or mistake (except a mistake caused by an act or omission of the Borrower, the Borrower's agent or a third party) of ANZ, its agentsor any appointed Receivers) including: (i) in relation to any payment made or to be made by ANZ and/or its Correspondent Bank under any Instrument (including, any payments made after the Relevant Expiry Date specified on the relevant Instrument, or any Instrument which issubsequently rendered void, voidable and/or unenforceable in any manner under any applicable Laws) and/or (ii) any failure, inability or refusal on the part of ANZ and/or its

Correspondent Banks to honour any Instrumentbecause of a court order or other similar obligation.

6. General

6.1 Currencies

- If the currency requested by the Borrower for anInstrument is not available to ANZ after exercising reasonable endeavours to obtain it, ANZ:
 - is not obliged to, and will not, provide theInstrument in that currency. If possible and practical, ANZ and the Borrower mayagree an alternative currency in which the Instrument will be provided; and
 - (ii) will not be responsible for any loss or liability which the Borrower may suffer orincur by reason of or in connection with non-availability to ANZ of the relevant currency for the purpose of providing anylnstrument to the Borrower.
- (b) Unless otherwise agreed in writing with ANZ, allpayments to ANZ under any Trade Agreement must be made in the same currency as the drawing or obligation to which it relates ("Payment Currency").
- (c) If ANZ reasonably determines that the Payment Currency is unavailable to the Borrower, ANZ willnotify the Borrower in writing of an alternative currency and amount in that alternative currency which ANZ, acting reasonably, determines the Borrower must pay ANZ to satisfy its payment obligation. The Borrower will pay that currency and amount to ANZ within 2 Business Days of the date of the notice or such longer period as may be specified in the notice.
- (d) If the Borrower pays ANZ, or monies to dischargethe liability of the Borrower to ANZ are receivedor available to be applied by ANZ against that liability, in a different currency from that of the Payment Currency, ANZ will convert the amountpaid, received or applied into the Payment Currency using the Exchange Rate applicable onthe date of receipt or application. The Borrowermust pay ANZ on demand for any shortfall arising from the conversion. The Borrower acknowledges that it may be necessary for ANZ to purchase one currency with or through another currency.

(e) An equivalent amount in one currency (first currency) to an amount in another currency (second currency) will be that amount in the firstcurrency converted into the second currency at the Exchange Rate at the time ANZ determines the equivalent amount.

6.2 Payments generally

- (a) The Borrower must make all payments to ANZ under each Trade Agreement in immediately available, freely transferable funds to the accounts with the banks and in the currency as ANZ may notify to it (acting reasonably), without any set-off, counterclaim, deduction or withholding of any kind including, to the extent permitted by Law, tax.
- (b) If any deduction or withholding (including in respect of tax) is made to a payment to ANZ, whether from the Borrower or another person, the Borrower:
 - (i) will pay ANZ, when the payment is due if thepayment is from the Borrower and ondemand if the payment is from another person, whatever additional amount is needed so that the amount that ANZ actually receives, after taking into account the deduction or withholding, is the amount ANZ would have been entitled to receive if no deduction or withholding had been made; and
 - (ii) must provide ANZ with any evidence ANZmay require (including certified copies of receipts) that payment in full of the amount of the deduction or withholding has been made to the relevant Authority.
- (c) If any amount payable under or in connection with an Instrument or under a Trade Agreement is due on a day which is not a Business Day, the relevant payment obligation will be due on the next Business Day.
- (d) If ANZ makes a demand for payment then, in the demand, ANZ (acting reasonably) will specify the amount payable, instructions on where and how to pay it and reasonable notice of the date by which payment must be made. The Borrower must pay by that date.

6.3 Late payment

(a) On any amount the Borrower does not pay

ANZ on the due date, the Borrower must pay ANZ anoverdue fee calculated:

- at a rate of 2% p.a. applied to the period from the due date to the date it is paid toANZ, unless ANZ agrees in writing otherwise; and
- (ii) on the basis of actual days elapsed and a year of 360 or 365 days (depending on therelevant currency), as reasonably determined by ANZ.
- (b) The overdue fee:
 - is payable on demand or if ANZ does not make any demand, on the first Business
 Day of each month and on the date the overdue amount is paid;
 - (ii) accrues daily for the period it remains unpaid; and
 - (iii) if unpaid, may be compounded by ANZ monthly unless otherwise agreed or, if anapplicable Law provides otherwise, at theminimum period allowed by that Law.

6.4 Fees, commissions, charges and expenses

- (a) The Borrower will pay ANZ all fees, commissions and charges in respect of the Facility and each Instrument as stated, from time to time, in any relevant Trade Agreement.
- (b) The Borrower will pay to ANZ, on demand, all commissions, fees, charges and reasonable expenses which are reasonably incurred or suffered by ANZ or levied on ANZby any third party (including any CorrespondentBank or its agent) under or in connection with any Instrument, excluding those incurred, suffered or levied as a result of the negligence, wilful misconduct, fraud or mistake (except where that mistake is caused by an act or omission of the Borrower, the Borrower's agent or a third party) of ANZ, its agents or appointed Receivers.
- (c) All fees, commissions and charges paid to ANZ are non-refundable unless agreed otherwise in writing by ANZ.
- (d) The Borrower will pay, on demand, all commissions, fees, charges and reasonable costsand expenses which are incurred or suffered by ANZ's Correspondent Bank in connection with any Instrument.

6.5 Application of moneys received

ANZ may apply any amount received by it on the Borrower's behalf or for the Borrower's account in respect of any Facility and/or Instrument from any person against the payment obligation for which the payment was made, unless:

- (a) after making reasonable enquiries, ANZ is not able to determine the payment obligation for which the payment was received; or
- (b) there is a continuing default under a relevant Trade Agreement;

ANZ may apply moneys received to any amount the Borrower actually or contingently owes ANZ in any manner ANZ reasonably chooses. If the amount received by ANZ on the Borrower's behalf or for the Borrower's account is applied towards a contingent obligation which ceases to exist before it becomes an actual obligation or does not materialise in full, ANZ will refund the amount to the Borrower to the extent that there is no actual obligation, unless the Borrower owes another payment obligation to which the funds can be applied.

6.6 Authority to debit and set-off

- (a) The Borrower authorises ANZ to debit from its accounts any amount due and payable to ANZ inrespect of a Facility or an Instrument in accordance with this clause 6.6 and apply the amount so debited in payment of the amount due and payable.
- (b) If ANZ reasonably requires the Borrower to provide ANZ with authority to debit an account it holds with another financial institution for any amount due and payable to ANZ, the Borrower agrees to execute any document necessary to authorise ANZ to debit that account.
- (c) ANZ may debit any amount payable in respect ofa Facility or Instrument, including any interest, fees or indemnified amounts, which are not paidwhen due from any of the Borrower's accounts held with ANZ or as required by Law.
- (d) ANZ does not have to debit any Borrower account and may require the Borrower to pay the relevant amount to it.
- (e) If ANZ does debit any Borrower account it will notify the Borrower that it has done so (but the efficacy of the debit is not affected by any failureor delay by ANZ in doing so).

Without limiting the above, ANZ may, at any time, where permitted by Law and without notice to the Borrower, set-off any debts owed by the Borrower to ANZ under or in connection with a Trade Agreement or an Instrumentagainst any debts owed by ANZ to the Borrower. This right applies irrespective of the currency in which such debts are owed and whether or not ANZ's or the Borrower's debts are present or future, matured or unmatured, actual or contingent and whether such liability is several or joint with another or as principal or surety. Where the exercise of a right of set-off involves a currency conversion, ANZ shall apply a currency conversion rate that it considers reasonable, acting in accordance with its standard procedures for currency exchange. If any debt is unascertained, ANZ may, in good faith, value that debt. Nothing in this clause will be effective to create a charge orother security interest. This clause will bewithout prejudice and in addition to any right ofset-off, offset, combination of accounts, lien, right of retention or withholding or similar right or requirement to which any party is at any time otherwise entitled or subject (whether by operation of law, contract or otherwise). ANZ will promptly notify the Borrower if ANZ has exercised the right set out in this clause 6.6(f).

6.7 Cash cover

- (a) Unless otherwise agreed under a Trade Agreement, if ANZ requests (acting reasonably), the Borrower must pay ANZ by the time reasonably specified by ANZ a sum up to or equalto ANZ's contingent or unmatured liability (as reasonably determined by ANZ) under or in relation to an Instrument. ANZ may hold such sum in an account in ANZ's name, under ANZ's sole control and apply all or a part of such sum against the Borrower's reimbursement obligations to ANZ in relation to that Instrument. If the amount paid by the Borrower under this clause exceeds the Borrower's reimbursement obligations to ANZ in relation to the Instrument, ANZ will refund the excess amount to the Borrower.
- (b) ANZ is not obliged to refund any cash cover unless the Borrower's contingent or unmatured liability(ies) cease to exist before they mature ordo not mature in full.
- (c) Unless ANZ agrees in writing otherwise, no interest will accrue on any such sum.

6.8 Payment not final

- (a) The parties agree that where ANZ receives a payment from any person in connection with a Facility and/or Instrument (the "Relevant Payment") which ANZ is subsequently required under law relating to insolvency to repay to that person or its estate, whether in whole or in part:
 - all of ANZ's rights in respect of the Relevant Payment will be reinstated as if the Relevant Payment had never been made or accepted;
 - the underlying liability that would have been discharged by the Relevant Paymentwill not have been extinguished; and
 - (iii) any release, discharge or settlement provided by ANZ in consideration of the Relevant Payment will be of no force or effect.
- (b) The Borrower's obligations under this clause 6.8are continuing obligations, independent of the any other obligations under these Specific Termsor Trade Agreement and continue despite the termination of any Trade Agreement or discharge of any Instrument.

6.9 Discharge of ANZ's liability

- (a) The Borrower agrees that where ANZ incurs a liability to a third party at the request, or otherwise on behalf, of the Borrower, ANZ may discharge all or part of that liability at any branchor office of ANZ in any country and in any currency at ANZ's discretion (acting reasonably).
- (b) If ANZ intends to discharge a liability otherwise than in accordance with the terms of a Trade Agreement, ANZ will notify the Borrower prior to discharging the liability unless it is prevented from doing so by Law or any relevant regulation.
- (c) Where ANZ discharges a liability, the Borrower will pay ANZ the relevant amount at the branch or office in the country and in the currency whichANZ directs.

6.10 Variations

(a) Unless agreed otherwise with the Borrower,
ANZmay change the terms of any Trade
Agreement as provided in this clause 6.10 by

notifying the Borrower of the relevant change in writing, or by Electronic Communication, or making thechange available on the Electronic Channel as specified in clause 6.17(d), or (except for clauses6.10(b)(ii) and 6.10(b)(iii)below) by publication in the local or national media.

- (b) ANZ may, in any Trade Agreement, make changes from time to time to:
 - (i) any applicable interest rate or margin;
 - (ii) introduce a new fee, commission or charge;
 - (iii) how interest is calculated or the frequency with which interest is debited or credited;
 - (iv) repayment amounts or any existing non- statutory fee, commission or charge;
 - the method of calculation, frequency of, or payment date for, such repayments orfees commissions or charges;
 - (vi) correct an error, inconsistency or omission or make a change that is administrative in nature;
 - (vii) reflect ANZ's business, communications or technological systems or processes;
 - (viii) comply with applicable Law or any changein Law, or any decision, recommendation, regulatory guidance or standard of any court, tribunal, ombudsman service or any other similar body;
 - (ix) in ANZ's reasonable opinion, protect any person from the risk of fraud, loss or illegal activity;
 - (x) add, change or remove any Borrower discounts, benefits or concessions;
 - (xi) simplify the terms of any Trade Agreement;
 - (xii) reflect changes in how ANZ offers
 Instruments or ensure the terms of any
 Trade Agreement remain consistent
 withANZ operational processes;
 - (xiii) benefit the Borrower;

- (xiv) reflect current industry or market practiceor conditions.
- (c) ANZ will give 30 days' prior notice to the Borrower of any change it makes to the termsof any Trade Agreement but:
 - (i) if the changes are beneficial to the Borrower, outside ANZ's control or in ANZ's reasonable opinion required to address the risk of fraud, illegal activity orto protect the interests of the Borrower, then the change may take effect immediately, except to the extent prior notification is required by an applicable Law; or
 - (ii) if an applicable Law provides for:
 - (1) another period, the notice period will be the period specified by thatapplicable Law; or
 - (2) the change to take effect immediately, the change will take effect immediately.
- (d) If ANZ notifies a Borrower of a change to the terms of that Borrower's Facility or Trade Agreement the Borrower may cancel their Trade Agreement by giving ANZ written notice, paying all amounts owing to ANZ and complyingwith any remaining obligations under the termsof the relevant Trade Agreement.
- (e) Changes specific to the Borrower will take effect only by agreement with that Borrower, despite anything to the contrary in this clause 6.10.

6.11 AML/CTF Laws and Sanctions

Representations and warranties

- (a) The Borrower warrants and represents (on a continuing basis) that:
 - (i) all information disclosed to ANZ
 (financial or otherwise) relating to the
 Borrower is true, complete and
 accurate in all material respects as at
 the date it was given and is not
 misleading in any way; and
 - (ii) neither it, any of its respective directors, senior officers, (or, to the Borrower's actual knowledge, (i) any officer (other than any director or

senior officer) or employee of it or (ii) any agent or representative, in each case, in the course of acting for and on behalf of it)) or assets connected with the transaction (x) is designated under applicable Sanctions or otherwise a subject of Sanctions; or (y) has knowingly violated or is violating, or engaging in any activity or conduct which could reasonably be expected to result in any violation of any applicable AML/CTF Laws or Sanctions.

- (b) The Borrower agrees to provide any information (including any documents necessary to effect any changes to authorised signatories) and documents that are within its possession, custody or control reasonably required by ANZ in order for ANZ to conduct any "know-your customer" checks and monitor compliance with any AML/CTF Laws or Sanctions.
- The Borrower shall to the extent permitted by law, supply to ANZ details of any claim, action, suit, proceedings or investigation against it with respect to any potential or actual violation of any applicable Sanctions promptly upon becoming aware of the same.
- (d) The Borrower shall comply with, conduct its business in compliance and maintain policies and procedures designed to achieve compliance with all AML/CTF Laws and ensure that they are not subject to or in violation of any applicable Sanctions.
- (e) The Borrower shall not permit or authorise any person to directly or indirectly use or allow to be used the proceeds of any Facility or Instrument (or any part thereof) in violation of any AML/CTF Laws or Sanctions or for any purpose which could reasonably be expected to result in a violation of any AML/CTF Laws or Sanctions.

Right to decline performance or exercise of rights

(f) ANZ may decline to perform any obligation or exercise any right under a Trade Agreement or Instrument, as it may deem appropriate, to the extent that: (i) in its reasonable opinion that performance or exercise would, or is likely to, violate or result in the violation of any applicable laws (including any AML/CTF Law or Sanctions); or (ii) the Borrower or any other person, entity or asset connected with any transaction contemplated under the Trade Agreements is designated under applicable Sanctions.

6.12 Liability

(a) Liability for Loss

- (i) This clause 6.12(a) is subject to appliable Laws, including any applicable Laws for the protection of consumers and small business.
- (ii) ANZ will not be liable to the Borrower forany Loss suffered or incurred in connection with any Facility, Instrument or act or omission of ANZ (including breach of contract) other than to the extent that Loss is caused by the negligence, wilful misconduct or fraud of ANZ or its agents or any receiver appointed by ANZ.
- (iii) No party is liable to any other party for any Indirect Loss other than as expressly provided for in a relevant Trade Agreement.

(b) Limitation of liability

- (i) If the Borrower has the benefit of any statutory warranties or guarantees under any Consumer Law or other applicable Law, nothing in these Specific Terms or any relevant Trade Agreement excludes, restricts or modifies those warranties or guarantees.
- (ii) If ANZ has liability for a breach of a statutory warranty or guarantee under Consumer Law and the services provided are not of a kind ordinarily acquired for personal, domestic or household use, to the extent possible and where it is fair and reasonable for ANZ to do so, ANZ's liability is limited to (at ANZ's discretion):
 - (A) supplying the services again; or
 - (B) the payment of the cost of having the services supplied again.
- (iii) ANZ will remain liable to the Borrower for any direct Loss suffered or incurred in connection with any Instrument, Trade Agreement or act or omission of ANZ (including breach of contract) to the extent that Loss is caused by the negligence, wilful misconduct or fraud

of ANZ or its agents or any receiver appointed by ANZ.

6.13 Responsibility

- (a) All instructions and correspondence sent by ANZat the request or on behalf of the Borrower to any person) relating to any Facility or any Instrument will be sent at the Borrower's risk.
- (b) Subject to and without limiting clause 6.12, ANZ is not responsible and will not be liable for any Loss arising from:
 - ANZ acting in accordance with applicableLaws, regulations or rules;
 and
 - (ii) the acts and omissions of Correspondent Banks.

6.14 Indemnity

- (a) The Borrower must on demand indemnify ANZ (and, for the avoidance of doubt, any Correspondent Bank that is a branch or office of ANZ or an ANZ Group Member) against and make good any reasonable cost (including any cost incurred in connection with advisers and any actual legal costs reasonably incurred by ANZ), loss or liability that any of them may suffer or incur in connection with any one or more of the following:
 - (i) any Instrument, including, without limitation, any payment or claim made orpurported to be made under or in connection with any Instrument;
 - (ii) any inability of ANZ to collect or freely deal with funds which it receives in relation to an amount owing by, or advanced to, the Borrower;
 - (iii) any determination or decision made to act or refusal to act by ANZ, or ANZ beingprevented from acting, under or in connection with a Trade Agreement or any Instrument because of a court order or other similar obligation (whether or not subsequently discharged), other than an order obtained by an Authority against ANZ relating to all or a class of Trade Agreements or Instruments including those of the Borrower;
 - (iv) taking reasonable steps under or in

- connection with a subpoena, notice, order or enquiry by anAuthority involving the Borrower, its business or assets, the Facility, Instrument or anything under or in connection with them, other than an enquiry by an Authority relating to a class of Instruments including those of the Borrower;
- (v) exercising, enforcing or preserving rights, powers or remedies in connection with these Specific Terms, a Trade Agreementor an Instrument, except when it exercises its rights across all customers to whom these Specific Terms, the relevant Trade Agreements or Instruments apply or to a class of customers like the Borrower;
- (vi) any claim made against ANZ by:
 - (A) the Borrower's counterparty (including a beneficiary), a Correspondent Bank the Borrower has requested or an agent of one of them, relating to any Instrument or Trade Agreement; or
 - (B) any other third party, except a claim relating to all or a class of Instruments or Trade Agreements including those of the Borrower;
- (vii) it being unlawful in any jurisdiction for ANZ to perform its obligations or enforceits rights;
- (viii) ANZ reasonably relying on any Communication that it reasonablybelieves to have been sent by theBorrower or an Authorised Representative;
- (ix) any actual or suspected breach of any AML/CTF Laws or Sanctions (other than by ANZ) or the Borrower or any other person, entity or asset connected with any transaction contemplated under the Trade Agreements being designated under applicable Sanctions, where the Loss arises:
 - (A) due to an Instrument or Trade Agreement being provided to the Borrower; or

- (B) as a result of ANZ (or its agents) relying on information provided by the Borrower or acting or declining to act on the Borrower's instruction.
- (x) any breach by the Borrower of a Law orrequirement of any Authority; or
- (xi) any transaction to which a Facility or Instrument relates in any way being tainted by fraud or alleged fraud (otherthan ANZ's fraud).
- (b) ANZ will give the Borrower written notice of theamount it must pay ANZ under this clause 6.14. The Borrower agrees to pay amounts due under this clause 6.14 on demand from ANZ.
- (c) Any indemnity, reimbursement or similar obligation in these Specific Terms or any Trade Agreement:
 - is a continuing obligation despite any intervening payment, settlement or otherthing;
 - (ii) independent of the Borrower's other obligations;
 - (iii) survives the termination or discharge of any Facility and the satisfaction of any payment or obligation secured by any security provided in relation to the Facility or any Instrument; and
 - (iv) is in addition to any other rights that ANZhas under these Specific Terms, any TradeAgreement or given independently by law.
- (d) It is not necessary for ANZ to incur expense or make payment before enforcing a right of indemnity in connection with these Specific Terms.
- (e) The costs, expenses, losses and liabilities referred to in this clause 6.14 do not include anycost, expense, loss or liability to the extent that they arise from ANZ's, its agent's or appointed receiver's negligence, wilful misconduct, fraud or mistake (except a mistake caused by an act or omission of the Borrower, the Borrower's agent or third party).

6.15 Information disclosure

A party must not disclose information provided by theother party that is not publicly available except:

- (a) to any of its head offices, branches, or Affiliates ("Group Members") and any of its or a Group Members' officers and employees with a genuine reason to see it;
- to any of its or its Group Members' agents, service providers or professional advisers who are under a duty of confidentiality;
- (c) any disclosure the disclosing party reasonably believes is required by any Law or Authority or to address any compliance requirements related to "know your customer" procedures, AML/CTF Laws or Sanctions;
- in connection with the perfection, preservation or enforcement of rights under a Trade Agreement or otherwise in respect of an Instrument;
- (e) with the non-disclosing party's prior written consent; and
- (f) for ANZ only: (i) to any person with whom an ANZ Group Member may enter, or is contemplating entering, into any transfer, assignment, participation, derivative transaction, insurance or other agreement in connection with, or any Instrument or transaction contemplated under, any Trade Agreement, (ii) to any ratings agency, insurance broker or proposed or actual provider of credit protection, security or credit support, (iii) to participants in any payment systems (such as financial institutions, correspondent banks, payment clearing entities and associations and SWIFT) and (iv) to any regulator if ANZ believes it is necessary or appropriate to do so (even if it is not legally obliged to).

6.16 Communications generally

- (a) Communications must be:
 - sent to the address for the recipient set out in the relevant Trade Agreements or as most recently advised in writing. The Borrower must keep its contact details updated;
 - (ii) legible and in English or provided with a certified English translation if the originalCommunication is not in English. If there is a difference between the

- written Communication and the English translation, the English translation will apply unless ANZ agrees in writing otherwise or if a Law of the Governing Jurisdiction requires otherwise; and
- (iii) signed by an Authorised Representative of the Borrower. Communications sent by emailare taken to be signed by the named sender. Communications sent by Posting to the Electronic Channel are taken to be signedby the logged in user. If that person is notan Authorised Representative of the Borrower, ANZ may ignore that Communication.
- (b) A Communication is effective:
 - if sent by facsimile from the time the transmission report shows it as having been sent successfully;
 - (ii) if sent by post 7 Business Days after it isposted;
 - (iii) if sent by E-mail at the time it is sent unless the sender receives an automatedmessage that the E-mail has not beendelivered; and
 - (iv) if Posted in the Electronic Channel at the time of Posting.

Despite the above, if a Communication is received after 5:00pm or on a day which is not aBusiness Day, it is effective the following Business Day.

6.17 Verbal and Electronic Communications

- (a) If the Borrower sends Electronic Communications or gives them verbally in person or by telephone:
 - the Borrower acknowledges that there are risks in communicating in this mannerand agrees that it is responsible for thoserisks;
 - (ii) the Borrower must comply with any security measures agreed with ANZ (security procedures);
 - (iii) ANZ may accept or reject any verbal Communications. If ANZ does reject verbal Communications, ANZ will notify the Borrower as soon as practicable; and
 - iv) if ANZ receives a verbal

Communication or Electronic Communication itreasonably believes to be genuine, complete and which complies with the security procedures (if any): (i) ANZ neednot verify the authenticity or completeness of the Communication, even if the Communication instructs ANZto make a payment and (ii) any such Communication will be treated as authorised by the Borrower and will be binding on it.

- (b) ANZ may give the Borrower notice that it will no longer accept any or specified verbal Communications or Electronic Communications. ANZ will give the Borrower thirty (30) days' notice of that change, except where:
 - (i) the Borrower or its Authorised Representative has (or is suspected to have) acted unlawfully, fraudulently or negligently;
 - (ii) ANZ reasonably believes that continuing to accept such verbal Communications or Electronic Communications would cause ANZ to be in breach of any applicable Law, sanction or requirement of any competent Authority; or
 - it is a requirement of any Authority or (iii) ANZ's information security policy, antimoney laundering and counterterrorism financing program or policy, sanctions policy, or any other policy ANZ maintains to satisfy or reduce the risk of non-compliance with legal, regulatory or prudential obligations.

The notice is effective until ANZ advises the Borrowerin writing that it will accept verbal Communications or Electronic Communications again.

- If the Law permits, ANZ may record ANZ's (c) telephone conversations with the Borrower anduse the recorded conversations or transcripts inany dispute in connection with an Instrument.
- (d) If the Borrower has access to the Electronic Channel:
 - (i) ANZ and the Borrower may Post Communications in the Electronic Channel relating to an Instrument accessed using the Electronic Channel; Page 16

- ANZ will promptly E-mail the Borrower that the Communication has been Postedand describing what the Communication is unless otherwise agreed in writing; and
- the Borrower may request a paper copy of a Communication Posted on the Electronic Channel at any time within 6 months of ANZ advising the Borrower that the Communication had been Posted.
- The Borrower agrees to receive notices, (e) communications and statements via Electronic Communication (including, if by Email, to the Borrower's nominated E-mail or through an Electronic Channel).

The Borrower may vary its nominated E-mail or terminate its agreement to accept Electronic Communication by providing written notice to ANZ.

6.18 Assignment

- The Borrower must not transfer, grant security (a) over or declare a trust over any of its rights arising under these Specific Terms, any Trade Agreement or in respect of Facility and/or Instrument without ANZ's prior written consent.ANZ may transfer, grant security over or declarea trust over any of its rights under these SpecificTerms, any Trade Agreement or in respect of any Facility and/or Instrument without the Borrower's consent.
- (b) ANZ may receive fees or payments in connectionwith such dealings without disclosing them to the Borrower.

6.19 Severability

If any provision of these Terms or any other Trade Agreement is or becomes illegal, invalid or unenforceable in a jurisdiction, that term is severed only for that jurisdiction. All other terms continue to have effect in that jurisdiction.

6.20 Further Assurance

The Borrower will do all acts, matters and things including executing all agreements, instruments or documents as may be necessary or desirable to give fulleffect to the provisions of these Specific Terms and thetransactions contemplated by them.

6.21 Governing Jurisdiction

Unless specified otherwise, these Specific Terms and the transactions relating to an Instrument will be governed by and construed in accordance with the Laws of the Governing Jurisdiction and the parties submit to the jurisdiction of the courts of that Governing Jurisdiction and of any courts competent to hear appeals from those courts.

6.22 Third party benefit

If an undertaking, obligation, indemnity or promise by the Borrower in any Trade Agreement is, by its terms, to the benefit or in favour of an ANZ Group Member that is not a party to that document, then each ANZ Group Member that is a party to that document holds that undertaking, obligation, indemnity or promise on trust for that other ANZ Group Member to that extent and may enforce it on their behalf and at their direction.

6.23 **No trust**

The Borrower warrants and represents (on a continuing basis) and undertakes to ANZ that unless (i) it has disclosed in writing to ANZ that it is acting in a trustee capacity or on behalf of another party and has responded to ANZ's satisfaction (acting reasonably) to any further enquiries ANZ has made in relation to that and (ii) ANZ has agreed in writing to it acting in such capacity, it is acting on its own behalf in entering into the Trade Agreements and in applying for and using any Instrument.

6.24 ANZ Standard Trade and Supply Chain Tariffs brochure

If any Trade Agreement refers to the ANZ Standard Trade and Supply Chain Tariffs brochure (or similar term), the current version of that brochure can be found on anz.com and at:

https://www.anz.com/content/dam/anzcom/pdf/institutional/trade/australia-trade-fee-brochure.pdf.

6.25 Electronic Banking Terms and Conditions

If any Trade Agreement refers to the Electronic Banking Terms and Conditions, the current version of those terms can be found on anz.com and at: https://www.anz.com/institutional/solutions/import ant-resources/.